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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXIII NO. 255 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1935 TWELVE PAGES

South Africa On Top Of Sanctions Crusade

Commons' Debate

Empire's Cause Is League's

CHURCHILL'S READING OF SITUATION

Says Britain Must Secure Command Over The Mediterranean

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Oct. 24.

Mr. Winston Churchill on the resumption of the Foreign Affairs debate in the House of Commons referred to Germany's military preparations and the move to apply sanctions against Italy and drew the moral that "we must without delay provide for a secure and lasting command in the Mediterranean (cheers).

He sympathised with the Ethiopians fighting for freedom, and said that they could not have made it a matter for compromise or bargain; but nobody could maintain the pretence that Ethiopia was fit and equal member with all civilised nations.

The Ethiopians must be made to put their house in order.

Efficacy Of Sanctions

With regard to the contention that Economic Sanctions would not embarrass Sgr. Mussolini, Mr. Churchill said that all depended on the length of time they maintained. Possibly a year hence, the Italian army of a quarter-million might be far into Abyssinia wasting from disease and guerilla warfare, and Italy might be bleeding every pore, her prices rising and credit gone.

Mr. Churchill concluded that despite difficulties and dangers, the case for perseverance held the field (cheers).

On the resumption of the Foreign Affairs debate in the House of Commons, Mr. Winston Churchill drew attention to the scale and rapidity of German rearmament and the incredible figure of 800 millions sterling being spent on direct and indirect military preparations.

The re-entry of Germany into the European circle would be the most precious purpose for which we could strive. He was certain that the British Empire would never fight another war, contrary to the League Covenant; therefore if the Empire was called upon to defend itself, its cause and the League cause would be one. The League is alive and is fighting for its life—perhaps for all our lives. None could ever pretend, that without the United States, the League could be the supreme authority.

"Such a system of sanctions has never been proclaimed against a single state in the whole history of the world. We are confronted with a memorable event. Still more remarkable was Sgr. Mussolini's submission to the invidious sanctions, and the preservation of his contact with the League. That was a sign of Sgr. Mussolini's commanding mind, and was one of the strongest things he had done.

BRITAIN NOT TO WITHDRAW

LONDON, Oct. 24.

It is reaffirmed in official circles to-day that the Italian Government's notification in which it issued instructions for the withdrawal of one division of troops from Libya is not accompanied by the request for reciprocal gesture by Britain. It is insisted that her gesture though warmly welcomed, must not be regarded as part of the bargain. Official circles here clearly indicate that there is no likelihood of Britain at present altering the disposition of her Mediterranean fleet. —Reuter.

Premier Sees King

RUGBY, Oct. 24.

The Prime Minister had audience of the King at Buckingham Palace this morning.—B. O. W.

FRENCH ARMS FOR ITALY

Though French dockers have completed plans for the boycott of all Italian vessels in French and North African ports, French engineering works are carrying out arms orders for the Italian Government.

These are being paid for with gold lying in the Bank of France to Italy's credit (wires the "Daily Herald" Paris correspondent).

Among the firms reported engaged in the Italian armaments traffic are Renault (225 light tanks); Citron (400 caterpillar cars); and Gnome et Rhone (aeroplane engines).—"Daily Herald."

Memorial Service For Uncle Arthur

RUGBY, Oct. 24.

At the memorial service for the late Arthur Anderson at Westminster Abbey to-morrow the King will be represented by Earl Munster and Members of the diplomatic Corps, Cabinet Ministers, ex-Ministers, Members of Parliament and representatives of the organisations with which Henderson was associated will attend.—B. O. W.

27 Nations Put Ban Into Effect

RUGBY, Oct. 23.

A press message from Geneva reports that 27 League members have already put into effect the first proposal of the League Coordination Committee, namely, an embargo on arms, and six members have applied prohibition of loans and credits to Italy contained in the Committee's proposal.—B. O. W.

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Oct. 24.

In the match under Rugby Northern Union rules Sthelens beat Salford 9—2.

PROMINENT AMONG THOSE WHO ARRIVED IN BOMBAY BY THURSDAY'S MAILBOAT, ARE MR. M. A. JINNAH, H. H. THE SECOND PRINCESS OF BHOPAL, AND H.H. THE MAHARAJA AND THE MAHARANI OF COOCH BEHAR.

Lucknow Forges Ahead With Congress Plans

LATHI CHARGE IN LAHORE

Grave Situation Averted By Timely Intervention Of Leaders

LAHORE: Oct. 24.

A piquant situation was created, when the dead body of Bishen Singh, who was fatally assaulted yesterday by a Muslim, was taken out in a procession.

Starting from the Mayo Hospital the procession reached Sahli Gate. The processionists insisted on entering the city and taking the procession through it. But the authorities, who had already fixed a route for the procession, stopped its further progress, which resulted in excitement.

An additional police force was called out. Persuasion having failed, the City Magistrate gave the processionists time either to disperse or change the course to the route allowed by him. That had no effect. Thereupon a lathi-charge was ordered, resulting in injuries to many. Undaunted, the processionists squatted on the ground, dislocating all traffic. The police barricaded the entrance towards the city.

The Deputy Commissioner and the Senior Superintendent of Police are on the spot. Wild excitement prevailed.

LEADERS INTERVENE.

Further developments were fortunately averted by the timely arrival of the Hindu and Sikh leaders, who succeeded in restoring calm and diverting the procession through the route Government had prescribed.

The leaders were informed over the telephone immediately after a second lathi-charge was resorted to.

Immediately on receipt of information, the leaders, including Rai Sahib Lachman Das, Sardar Tara Singh, Sardar Harnam Singh and others hurried to the scene and held a conference with the processionists. Their intervention, however, had a sobering effect on the processionists. They agreed to the proposal of the leaders to change the route of the procession. Accordingly, the procession which attempted to enter the city changed its route and passed along the

The procession reached the Cremation ground at 6-45 p.m. and there it dispersed. There was a minor incident when the procession was still on its way. Some brickbats were thrown by some Muslims at two places, and one Muslim was arrested in this connection.

Due to the lathi-charges, about half a dozen persons, including a boy of six, were admitted to the Lachman Das Hospital.—United Press.

NEGOTIATIONS FOR FRESH SITE

U.P.C.C. Happy Family Again After Crisis

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 24.

I understand that Aisbagh near the Rohilkhand Kumaun Railway station Lucknow, has been selected for the Congress session site but negotiations are still proceeding for the lease of the site in Alambagh near the junction of the railway station and if negotiations are successful early, the Congress session will be held in the latter place which is more suitable.

Further it is learnt that January 17 is fixed for the meetings of the delegates from all over the country for the selection and nomination of persons for presidentship of the Congress session likely to be held in the first week of March.

Happily, the differences among the U.P. Congressmen seem to be dwindling. And the differences among the Cawnpore Congressmen are likely to be settled now, as the Civic Board, with its enlarged powers given yesterday, effectively intervened to-day and made the selection of candidates for election to the Cawnpore Municipal Board.

Three rival parties had submitted three different lists of candidates for the Municipal election. The Civic Board to-day made the final selection of candidates to be put up for election.

CONGRESS R. C. TO MEET ON NOV. 2

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 24.

November 2 has been provisionally fixed for the meeting of the Executive body of the Lucknow Congress Reception Committee for taking further steps regarding the arrangements connected with the session.—United Press.

New Office-bearers Assured Of Full Co-operation From All Sides, Say Sri Prakash And Kidwai

ALLAHABAD, October 24.

Babu Sri Prakash, M.L.A., and Mr. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai have issued the following joint statement:

"Politics is naturally becoming more and more serious as the stage is being set for the final national struggle for freedom and it is inevitable that there should be sharp differences of opinion regarding the methods of work in the Congress ranks and even those who have been most intimately associated in suffering and endeavour for a common cause may find themselves unable to work together any longer. The United Provinces have taken their humble part in the fight for freedom under the banner of the Congress and there is nothing to be surprised at the differences of opinion and even outlook that may have arisen among the rest of friends and comrades.

THE NEW EXECUTIVE

It has been thus felt for sometime past by many of the workers that the Executive of the Provincial Congress Committee should be manned as far as possible by such men as share identical opinions and follow identical lines of work so that there may be no divided counsels in the matter of giving a lead to the Province and carrying on the day to day work of internal administration. There have been many occasions during the recent past, when the Members of the Executive Council of the Provincial Congress Committee found themselves sharply divided on many matters on which individual members held such strong opinions that they felt compelled to voice their individual view publicly against the formal decision of the Council.

INEVITABLE

While retaining personal regard and friendship among themselves they were not feeling happy at the developments and last night it is true that comparatively small administrative details as almost always happens in such cases, were made the apparent cause of bringing matters to a head when a formal decision had to be taken. The fact is that the situation was inevitable—the calling of a special meeting on requisition in spite of obvious difficulties made it clear from the start that the crisis could no more be warded off and must be boldly faced.

FOREGONE CONCLUSION

The change of personnel of the executive was to our minds a foregone conclusion. We the retiring and incoming presidents of the Provincial Congress Committee are issuing this public statement to assure all friends in the Province that there is no need for any anxiety whatsoever. The Congress machinery is functioning as ever before. The new office-bearers have taken charge with the assurance in all earnestness of co-operation from all sides and we call upon everyone to continue the good work in all loyalty to the great cause. In spite of the differences of opinion the comradeship formed in the din and turmoil, danger and suffering faced together remains and shall remain. We stand together with mutual affection and mutual esteem to fight for the common cause and if circumstances and temperaments compel us to differ among ourselves, the affection and esteem will remain unimpaired and shall always so remain."—A.P.

NAVAL CONFERENCE AGAIN

Britain Issues Invitations For London Session In December

LONDON, October 24.

The Government has despatched invitations to naval conferences at London on December 2 to the signatories of the London and Washington Naval Treaties. The British Dominions are included by implication as among the signatory powers. The High Commissioners in London have been informed of the proposal to summon the Conference.

It is anticipated that the Ambassadors of the great naval powers will head the respective delegations assisted by naval experts. —Reuter's Special.

STATEMENT IN COMMONS

LONDON, Oct. 24.

In the House of Commons the First Lord of Admiralty announced that Britain to-day asked the United States, France, Italy and Japan whether they were prepared to participate in the Naval Conference being held on December 2. The Government were communicating with the Dominions in this connection. He added that the purpose of the Conference would be to secure an agreement on as many aspects of naval limitation as possible with a view to the conclusion of an international treaty, to replace the two naval treaties expiring at the end of 1936.

Once an agreement between the signatory powers was in sight, it was possible to extend the scope of the Conference to include other naval powers also.—Reuter.

RUGBY, Oct. 23.

According to a Geneva telegram the Governing Body of the International Labour Office had decided that Canada shall receive a permanent seat in place of Germany on governing body.—B. O. W.

SOUTH AFRICANS' LEAD

GENEVA, Oct. 24.

South Africa is the first State to inform the League that she is applying all sanctions proposals voted against Italy.

ITALIAN ARMY RETREATS

Commander Complains Of Desertion By Black Troops

(From Our Correspondent.)

DIRE-DAWA, October 17.

(By Air Mail.)

There is official denial of any Abyssinians having gone over to the Italian side.

The Abyssinians feel to a man that it is a struggle of life and death.

One of the Italian wireless messages was intercepted by the Djibouti Wireless. In this official message, the Italian Commander-in-Chief has admitted his retreat and gives the cause that his black troops from Tigre and elsewhere became traitors and joined the Abyssinian colours against him.

The news of the Emperor having gone to the front is not true.

We are expecting news of battle from Ogaden front any day. The Italian troops are arranging and the Abyssinians have all concentrated at Koirahe. Harrar may also be bombarded any moment.

Twenty French men-of war are expected in Djibouti to-day with troops. All the Arab traders living near European quarters have been ordered to vacate their houses for the use of these troops.

Ras Kassa in a fight on October 9, captured 220 mules, 180 camels, 180 prisoners, 12 machine-guns and thousands of rifles and a large quantity of ammunition. All the prisoners have been sent to Addis-Ababa.

ABYSSINIA WANTS MEDICAL AID

Ethiopian Princess' Appeal To Indians

Shrimati Amrit Kaur writes that she has made arrangements for giving temporary shelter to all those Indians who have recently returned from Abysssinia and are in need of it. A few of such Indian men, women and children approached her and all possible help has been rendered to them.

One of the passengers from Abyssinia has brought her a letter from an Abyssinian Princess thanking Indians for their sympathy with Abyssinia in her present plight and hoping Indians will help in the medical relief of the wounded and sick.

CASUALTIES ON FRONTIER

Butler's Statement In Commons

LONDON, Oct. 24.

In the House of Commons Mr. R. A. Butler said that according to the despatch received from Simla describing the fighting in the North-West Frontier on September 29, the Guides Battalion had not fallen to ambush or failed to take proper precautions during the advance. The Guides comprised of four British officers and 340 Indian officers and men. The casualties of Guides were two British officers killed, two wounded; and others 22 killed, 47 wounded and nine missing. It was estimated that the tribesmen suffered 150 casualties within a few hours and sued for peace. All accounts showed that all ranks behaved with the greatest gallantry and courage in the desperate encounter.—Reuter.

Labour M. P. Dead

RUGBY, Oct. 24.

The death occurred last night of Sir John Pybus, M.P., formerly Minister of Transport, aged 56.—B. O. W.

TABULATED ADLETS

ONE Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:——"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted cultured Madrasee Shrivaishnava settled-in-life bridegroom of liberal views for Kanya, 20, of good family studied Intermediate. Correspond Box 5006, "Bombay Chronicle".

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted a Compounder for Dispensary at Parel. Apply Dr. Rahulkar, Poibawdi, Parel. (5041).

Wanted—One Chemical Assistant for the Chemical and Bacteriological Laboratory of this Municipality on Rs. 100 p.m. in the grade of Rs. 100-10-200 (inclusive of Conveyance Allowance). The selected candidate will be on probation for one year. Those who hold the degree of B.Sc. or possess similar qualifications need only apply, with copies of their testimonials, stating previous experience of Public Health Laboratory work, age, caste, etc. The applications should reach the undersigned on or before 15th November, 1935. (Sd.) I. R. Bhagat, Chief Officer, Ahmedabad Municipality, Municipal Office, Ahmedabad, 22nd October, 1935. (1980).

Wanted experts having practical experience of preserving onions, and potatoes. Apply stating minimum pay with copies of testimonials to L. Sadhu Ram Gupta, Advocate, Rohtak. (5037).

Wanted—A trained Nurse and a Trained graduate lady teacher for High School and Intermediate College. Please apply with testimonials mentioning the Subjects and the Minimum Salary. Secretary, Seva Sadan, 11, Rajpur Road, Delhi. (5022).

Wanted: A capable, intelligent, experienced and honest man to work as Dewan in an Indian State in Gujarat. Services will be probationary for a year. Stating minimum pay, age and nationality. Apply with testimonials and qualifications, if any, to Box No. 1976, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for a Bombay Mill an experienced and highly qualified Carding and Spinning Master for erection of Preparatory and Spinning machinery including combers for fine spinning and putting same to work. First class men only need apply to Box No. 1959, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted:—Clerks for branches on Rs. 30|- P.M. Apply remitting Rs. 1|8 for bond to the Managing Director, the Public Capital Assurance Co., Ltd., Lahore. (5031)

Wanted an experienced Gujrati Graduate for Kumar-Mandir. Apply with testimonials and minimum salary expected to Mr. A. R. Mankodi Panchavati, Nasik. (5029)

Wanted an M.B., B.S. as R.M.O. for Parekh Dispensary, Surat, on scale of Rs. 100—10—200 p.m. with free quarters or house rent Rs. 25 p.m. No private practice allowed. One with hospital and laboratory experience preferred. Apply with testimonials, experience, etc., to Chief Officer, Borough Municipality, Surat, before 31st October, 1935. (1960).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted immediately really good Agents, guaranteeing business throughout Goa, Belgaum, Dharwar and North-Kanara for an Excellent Life Company. Apply to Banavali Brothers, Karwar. (5010)

Wanted Agents.—Splendid pay with commission for disposing floor mats, mattings, carpets, bed mats, etc. Persons able to advance one third value apply to the Coir Mat Stores, Mattancherry, Cochin. (1817)

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Golvad	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

74. AGENCIES WANTED.

Tea—Expert in Tea Business with 47 years' experience is open to engagement or a representation, specially of Nilgiri and Travancore Tea. Apply Jamshetji Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi, Bombay.

75. INVESTMENTS.

Rs. 100|- pay P.M. at your door. Investment Rs. 100|-. Send one anna stamp. The Good Luck Society, Mysore. (5032)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

Public Notices

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of the Assistant Fire-Superintendent in this Municipality on a salary of Rs. 100-10-150, so as to reach the Chief Officer before 20th November, 1935. Applicants with previous training or experience in the Fire Brigade of any important City in England or of Bombay, Calcutta or any other large City in India having a population of 2 lacs and over will be given preference. A suitable candidate may be put on the maximum salary of the grade or may be allowed even a personal allowance upto Rs. 50 in additional to the grant of the maximum pay. Persons in the actual employment of the Ahmedabad Municipality possessing suitable qualifications are at liberty to apply. The applicants should mention age, previous experience and qualifications and should send copies of not more than 3 testimonials which will not be returned. The selected candidate will have to join the post immediately on receipt of the order of appointment.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT,
Chief Officer.
Ahmedabad Municipality.

1979.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

APPOINTMENTS OF EXAMINERS AT THE UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR 1936.

APPLICATIONS ARE HEREBY INVITED for the appointments of Examiners at the University Examinations to be held during the calendar year 1936 and should be sent in to the Registrar in the prescribed form so as to reach him not later than Friday, the 15th November, 1935. Applications received after the 15th November will not be accepted.

2. Forms of application and particulars regarding the appointments may be obtained on application to the Registrar. There are two kinds of forms of applications, viz., (A) for the Matriculation Examination and (B) for Examinations other than Matriculation. No one will be allowed to apply for appointments in more than two subjects at the Matriculation, and in more than one subject or a group of allied subjects at Examinations other than the Matriculation. Candidates should state in their requisition for forms whether they desire to be supplied with a form of application in regard to the Matriculation Examination or for Examinations other than the Matriculation or for both.

3. Applicants are particularly requested to specify at the top of their applications in a bold hand the number of the appointment for which they apply. For each appointment, a separate form should be used.

4. Canvassing, direct or indirect will disqualify an applicant for appointment as Examiner.

By order,
S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.

18th October, 1935.

1965

MORVI-RAILWAY.

TENDER FOR CRUDE OIL.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of about 350 (Three hundred and fifty) tons of Diesel Oil "A" grade for the calendar year 1936, for free delivery at Morvi Railway Station, to be imported via Navlakhi.

2. The tender, which may be submitted on the tenderer's own form, should be addressed to the Stores Superintendent, Morvi Railway, Morvi "Superscribed Tender for Diesel Oil" and accompanied with the detailed specification of the oil offered, and Rs. 200|- as Earnest money.

3. Supply should be made in tenderer's returnable casks. Return Railway freight on empties to be borne by them.

4. Weight as per measurement made in the Power House Tank or as actually ascertained on a weighing scale shall have to be accepted by the tenderer and paid for.

5. Tenders will be received in this office upto 5 p.m. of 5th November, 1935.

JAYASHANKER K. DAFTARY,
Stores Superintendent.
Stores Superintendent's Office.
Morvi, dated 17th October, 1935.

1961

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Sir MAHABATKHANJI, G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I, The Nawab Saheb of Junagadh has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 41, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax (Redeemed) land or ground, containing by admeasurement 2,491 square yards or thereabouts together with messuages, tenements or dwelling houses together with the furniture, utensils and tools lying in the premises and together with the out-houses, stables, garages, standing thereon situate, lying and being at Harkness Road, Malabar Hill previously known as Mohobat Villa and now known as Junagadh House, without the Fort and in the registration Sub-District of Bombay, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 572, New No. B/2716, Old Survey Nos. 21A/22, A/24 and New Survey No. 7190 and Cadastral Survey No. 165 of Malabar Hill Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Rates and Taxes of the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward No 3235 former Street No. 1 and present Street No. 2A-4 and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by the property formerly of Bhasker Sunderji and now of Khoja Mahomed Rawji, on or towards the West by the property formerly forming part of the estate of Kalliandas Kirparam and now of Lt. Col. J. N. Duggon on or towards the North by the property of Jamsetji Ardeshir Wadia and on or towards the South by the said Harkness Road.

Dated this 24th day of October, 1935.

VRAJLAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

1981.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

SUIT NO. 1795 OF 1933.

BOMANSHAW D. BOMANJI ... ... Plaintiff.

Versus

ASMALJI ABRAMJI & Others ... Defendants.

PURSUANT TO DECREE Absolute for Sale, dated 16th August, 1934, and Judge's Order, dated 16th August, 1935, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on Wednesday 6th November, 1935, at 3-15 p.m. (S.T.)

All that piece or parcel of land hereditaments and premises situate at Bujranj Sarahi Taluka Jalalpur District Surat of Man Kacha tenure, admeasuring 3 Gunthas on the southern side out of a big piece of land admeasuring 14 Gunthas and the assessment of the said part of land is Rs. 0-14-0.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. SMETHAM BYRNE & LAMBERT, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 46, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 16th day of April, 1935.

G. R. KHAIRAJ,
Officiating Commissioner.

1913.

Auction Sales

Messrs. BANKER & Co.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) 26th inst. at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Chowpatty Sea Face, Near Italian Restaurant of Latest design complete dining drawing and bed room furniture, Godrej "C" quality safe, Gramophone, Singer Machine, Remington portable typewriter, A. C. Fans, Ice Frigidaire, Chesterfield and drawing room sets, Harmonium, Drawing room cabinet, Wardrobes, Glassware, etc.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

Bombay: Oct. 24.

S.S. Nalgora, Capt. C L Hazeldin; Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co; arrived from Calcutta via Colombo.
„ Shikisan Maru; S Taniura; O S Kaisha; Yokohama via Colombo.
„ British Emperor; N Hopper; Anglo-Iranian Oil Co; Cochin.
„ Conte Rosso; M Verbas; Llyd. Triestino; Trieste via Port-Said.
„ Strathnaver; R Harrison; Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co. London via Aden.
„ Tergestea; M Scopinch; Llyd. Triestino; Trieste via Karachi.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay: Oct. 24.

S.S. Varsova; Capt. J L Durkee; Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co; sailed for Busrah via Karachi.
„ British Glory; W F Gore; Anglo-Iranian Oil Co; Abadan.
„ Strathnaver; R Harrison, Mackinnon and Mackenzie & Co; Sydney via Colombo.

LOADING.

S.S. City of Johannesburg, for American Ports via Colombo.
„ Hatarana for European Ports.
„ Varela for Persian Gulf Ports.
„ Sonnenfels for European and American Ports.
„ Toyama Maru for China, Japan Ports via Karachi.
„ Nalgora for Karachi and Kathiawar Ports via Bhavnagar.

IMPORTS.

Bombay: Oct. 24.

S S Bangalore; Agents M M and Co., from London:—58 bundles ornamental wood, 35 cases castor oil, 81 loose motor covers, 1020 bags zinc oxide, 20 c|s syrups, 95 cases confectionery, 19 c|s provisions, 45 drums paint, 35 bags dried fruits, 1284 bdls tubes, 18 c|s hair cream, 70 bottles quick-silver, 60 bags flour, 39 drums ink, 107 c|s wine, 130 barrels lubricating oil, 22 c|s films, 28 bags bacon, 34 c|s varnish 3000 bags sugar, 50 c|s condensed milk, 62 c|s cigarettes, 25 c|s machinery.

From Bordeaux:—15 cases wine, 60 c|s brandy.

From Middlesbrough:—225 bales metal sheets.

From Port Said:—125 bags raisins, 100 bags almonds.

S S Storviken; Agents Scindia Steam N. Co., from Moulmein:—2939 bags rice, 100 bags white beans, 25062 pieces teak, 14262 bdls teak.

From Rangoon:—2232 bags rice.

From Tuticorin:—28 bags drugs, 50 bales mats, 45 bags husks, 167 bales cotton waste, 24 c|s coir yarn.

From Cochin:—39 bdls mats, 232 b|s C ropes, 30 bags ginger, 83 b|s cotton sweeping, 495 b|s coir yarn.

S S Baderpur; Agents B Shell; from Rangoon:—1368878 I gallons K oil, 150 casks K oil, 1147 casks lub. oil, 300 c|s grease, 1065 casks D oil, 170 casks turpentine, 1596003 I gallons benzine, 3900 cases candles, 220 tins wax.

EXPORTS.

Bombay: Oct. 24.

S S Kaiser-I-Hind, for London:—20 bales skins, D Ebraham and Sons; 16 b|s skins and hides, M Ismail; 10 b|s cotton rugs, O Chan dubhoy; 50 b|s woollen rugs, Jani and Co; 192 bags groundnuts, K Prasad and Co.

For Marseilles:—122 bags heena leaves, D Ebraham and Sons.

For Liverpool:—19 bales cotton piecegoods, A H Diab; 8 bales cotton piecegoods, A Virji and Co.

For Alexandretta:—29 bales cotton piecegoods, A H Diab; 116 b|s cotton yarn, A H Diab; 47 b|s cotton yarn, A El Ejel.

For Beyruth:—37 bales cotton yarn, A H Diab; 30 bales cotton yarn, M A Al Abdulrazak; 84 bales cotton yarn, A El Ejel.

For Tripoli:—26 bales cotton yarn, A H Diab; 20 bales cotton yarn, M A Al Abdulrazak.

S S Uhenfels, for Hamburg:—28 bags gum, B Jaffer and Co; 48 c|s gum, B Jaffer and Co.

For Danzig:—15 cases gum, B Jaffer and Co.

For New York:—15 bales wool, E Mavji and Co.

S S California, for Glasgow:—100 bales wool, E Mavji and Co; 51 d|s castor oil, A Hargovindas & Co. 1400 bags gr. oil cakes, A Satar & Co.

S S City of Venice, for Hull:—1392 bags castor seed, R Ratilal & Co.

S S City of Johannesburg, for New York:—50 bales wool raw, Anglo S Corp.; 120 bales goat skins, D Abraham and Son.

For Philadelphia:—91 bales wool D Abraham and Son; 40 bales goat skins, D Abraham and Son; 130 bales wool raw, C Licester & Co.

S S Kidderpore, for Kobe:—400 bales cotton, B Kanji and Co; 400 bales cotton, N Futehally and Co; 50 bales cotton raw, Kotak & Co; 307 bales cotton raw, Chottani & Co; 300 bales cotton raw, S Karamshi and Co; 1200 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha; 500 bales cotton raw, V Bros; 600 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros; 733 bales cotton raw, M Amersey and Co; 72 bales cotton raw, A Pader and Co.

For Yokohama:—50 bales cotton, G K Kaisha.

S S Taijan Maru, for Kobe:—80 bales cotton raw, S Madhavni & Co; 100 bales cotton raw, Langley and Co.

S S Toyama Maru, for Kobe:—400 bdls tin clippings, Ali Bros.

For Moji:—100 tons iron scrap, C Manilal and Co.

S S Sturnfels, for Hamburg:—3600 packets myrabollam, R S Tata; 155 bales cotton, V Bros; 440 bales cotton raw, K M Nathoo; 75 bales cotton raw, V Ladha and Co, 110 bales cotton raw, B Harakchand and Co; 605 bales cotton raw, K Dewchand and Co.

For Gdynia:—3480 bags castor-seed, R Ratilal and Co; 165 bales cotton, G K Kaisha.

For Pasages:—200 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

For Antwerp:—115 bales cotton, Bombay Co, Ltd; 55 bales cotton, Japan C Tr. Co; 220 b|s cotton, V Bros; 697 b|s cotton, Ralli Bros; 70 cases butter, White and Co.

For Peracus:—55 bales cotton, Japan C Tr. Co.

For Ghent:—360 bales cotton, K Dewchand and Co.

For Danzig:—3486 bags castor-seed, R Ratilal and Co.

S S Sonenfels, for Hamburg:—7395 bags groundnuts, Ralli Bros; 4040 packets myrabollams, C Jivanlal and Co; 3700 bags gr. oil cakes, L Dreyfus and Co; 3075 bags groundnuts, L Dreyfus and Co; 125 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.

For Rotterdam:—4004 packets myrabollam, P Mathradas & Co; 305 bags ground nuts, Ralli Bros.

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION Co., Ltd.

SHORT SEA TRIPS DURING "DIWALI" HOLIDAYS.

The steamers of the B.S.N. Co., Ltd., which ply along the West Coast of India offer a very attractive sea holiday to persons who have only a limited time at their disposal.

Between Bombay and Goa there are nearly a dozen places such as Revdanda, Janjira, Harnai, Dabhol, Jaygad, Ratnagiri, Viziadurg, Devgad, Malvan and Vengurla where one can spend a short holiday amidst scenery not met with elsewhere in India.

Further south are Karwar, Kumta, Honavar, Bhatkal, Malpe and Mangalore each noted for its enjoyable climate and attractive scenery. The famous Gersoppa Falls can be visited within the short space of a day from Kumta. The return trip from Bombay takes barely a week.

The Calicut Extension brings within easy reach of passengers the Malabar Coast reputed for the luxuriance of its palm trees and the enchanting scenery of the backwaters. This is also the cheapest means of communication to Ootacamund and other famous hill stations of the South which are now increasingly patronized by the people of this Presidency.

For particulars as to timings fares, etc., please apply to the Head Office of the Company, 100, Frere Road, Bombay. (Tel. No. 25061).

KILLICK NIXON & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 21-10-35.

B. S. N. Co's PLEASURE CRUISES

PROGRAMME FOR "DIWALI" HOLIDAYS.

				p.m.	p.m.
Saturday	26th Oct. 1935.	xx	Isle of Nahawa	3-30	—7-30
„	26th „	x	Round "Dufferin"	6-00	—7-15
Sunday	27th „	xxx	Versova.	3-30	—7-30
„	27th „	x	Round "Dufferin"	6-00	—7-15
Monday	28th „	xx	Round "Elephanta"	3-30	—7-30
„	28th „	x	Round "Dufferin"	6-00	—7-15

Fare per person: x Rs. 0-12-0. xx Rs. 1-8-0. xxx Rs. 2.

CHILDREN AT HALF RATES.

Music: Drinks & Light Refreshments at Tariff Rates.

Tickets will be sold at Apollo Bunder at the time of embarkation.

NOTE.—In addition to the above there will be the usual Excursion Steamer for Elephanta leaving Ferry Wharf, Alexandra Dock, at 9 a.m. on Sundays and Holidays which will enable visitors to spend the whole day there.

TAMIL TALKIE IN BOMBAY

BHAKTA RAMDASS

Featuring:

NAWAB T. S. RAJAMANICKAM
COMEDIAN SARANGAPANI

Daily 1 Show Morn. 10-30 A. M.
SAT. 26th TO TUES. 29th OCT. 4 DAYS

APOLLO (SURYA) CINEMA

Tata Mill Poi-Bavdi

THE SWASTIK

(Late Carlton Talkies, Lamington Road.)

POSITIVELY THE LAST DAY
Last two shows at 6-30 & 10 p.m.

SHAKUNTALA FILMS
greatest
CANARESE PICTURE

"SADARAMA"

Featuring:
MISS ASWATHAMMA
MISS JAYAMMA
MURARACHAR
GUBBI VEERANNA
& others
DON'T MISS THIS FINAL OPPORTUNITY!

GUBBI THEATRICAL Co., (Regd.)
Baliwala Theatre

Friday, 25th, 9 P.M.,

KABIRDAS

(In aid of the Mogaveera Free Night School)

Sat., 26th, 4 P.M.

RAJA BHAKTHI

Mon., 28th, 3-30 P.M.,

RAMAYAN (Last Play)

Your patronage solicited.

Last Day of The
SECOND WEEK
EAST INDIA'S SUPER SOCIAL HIT

STEP-MOTHER

Featuring
MISS SULTANA
Miss RADHA
AT
KRISHNA
TALKIES
Daily at 5-30; 8 and 10-30 p.m.

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A Page About Motoring & Aviation

Indian Aviators Undaunted

South African Flight To Be Resumed With New Plane

With the acquiring of necessary funds to purchase a new aeroplane, the India-South Africa flight, initiated by Messrs. Nasarvanji Framroze Dalal and Kaikushroo Dhanjibhoy Pochkhanawalla, both of Bombay, will enter the second phase, of their record-breaking attempt, on which they started from Karachi, on August 1, 1935.

For nine days after their crash in a jungle near Mpika, in early September, they wandered in the South African wilds, until they reached Mpika from where assistance was sent with carriers, rifles and a tent, as the aviators had to cross three mountain ranges to reach the town, from the village where they were first found.

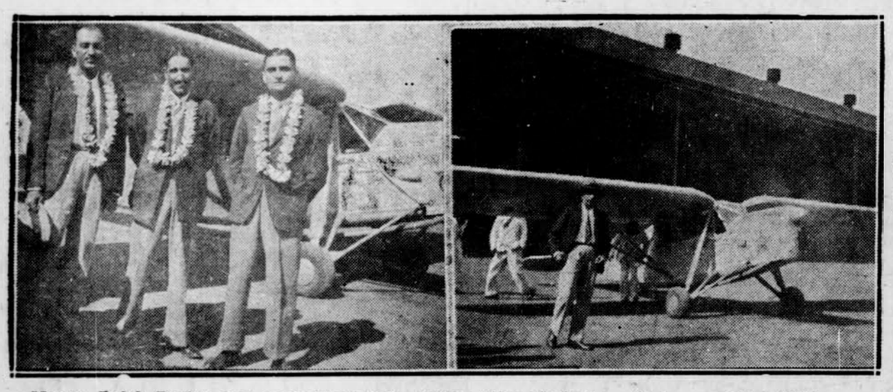
Reaching Johannesburg on September 15, they made vigorous attempts to obtain sufficient funds for the purchase of a new plane as their original plane was irreparably damaged. Through the generosity of the South African Indians, they were able to obtain the amount and it is stated that they are now negotiating for the plane.

The successful termination of the flight means that they would be the first Indians to fly to the Cape from India. Incidentally, the experiences of the two aviators, ought to put the South African Aviation authorities on their guard to avoid the recurrence of such incidents.

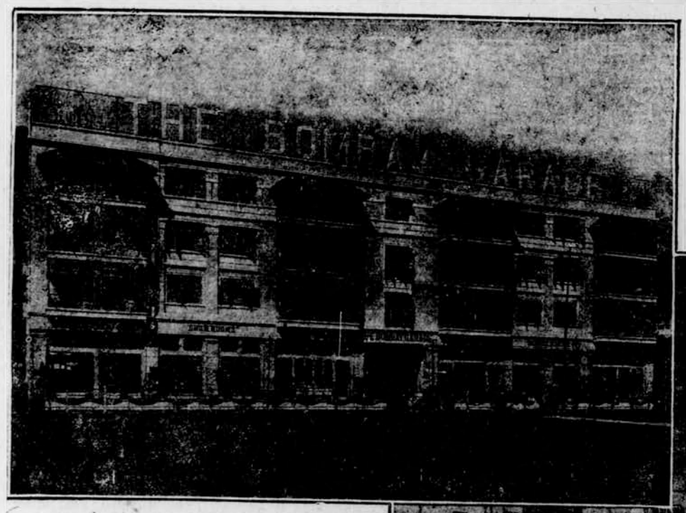
The crash of an aeroplane is a serious matter and, it is hoped, that a full enquiry will be held for apportionment of the blame in the proper quarters.

Mr. Pochakhanawalla, Mr. Manmohan Singh and Mr. Dalal. Two planes of Indians have crashed in the unfamiliar regions of Africa, which have belied the charts.—

After crashing, Dalal and Pochakhanawalla were lost in the African wilds for four days. This is how they looked when located. In the centre is the Commissioner of Mpika.



Messrs. Dalal, Dastur and Pochakhanawalla before they started on their eventful flight. Right: Mr. Dalal with his Gypsy Moth Plane at Cairo.

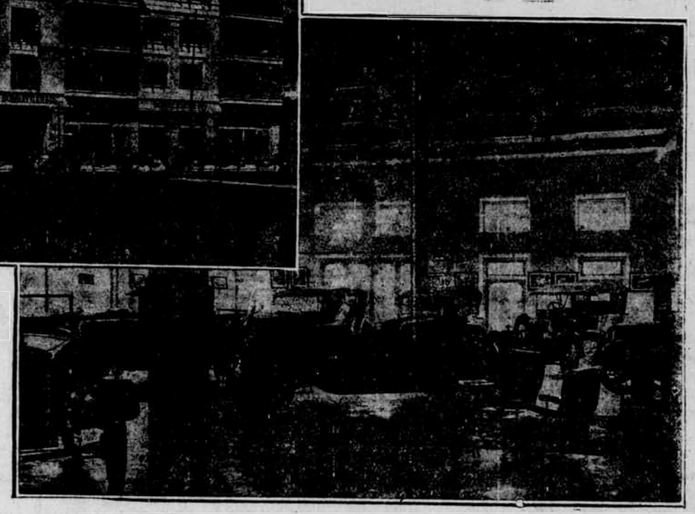


The Bombay Garage

MR. SULTAN F. CHINOY

Parachute Jumping Makes Soviet Nation Air-Minded

Women Prove Even Better Experts Than Men In This Dangerous Sport



Since the men and women whose business is to plan the future of the Soviet Union are firmly convinced that parachute jumping makes for more alert and healthier citizens, acts as a spur to bravery in young workers, develops the qualities of quick thinking and initiative and produces other physical and mental attributes valuable in time of peace as well as in time of war, they have encouraged the youth of the nation, male and female alike to become air-conscious, writes Madelin Blitzstein in "New York Times".

As a result of the intensive campaign which the Osoviakhim (Society for Air and Chemical Defence) undertook in 1933 for the purpose of making young Russians air-minded, "parachutism" has now grown to such proportions that it can be classed as one of the major mass sports in the U.S.S.R.

Not only do the youth of the Soviet Union to-day look upon parachute jumping as a pleasant instead of hazardous diversion, but after work hours and on every "free" day, the Soviet equivalent for our Sunday, they flock to the practice towers erected for parachute training and jumping in many "Parks of Culture and Rest" as well as in various factory recreation grounds throughout the land.

CAPTIVE PARACHUTES USED

There they wait in long queues, ready to pay the fee of a ruble or less for the pleasure of getting the sensation of parachuting without any risk by jumping from the specially constructed towers in captive 'chutes which descend at one-half the rate of a real parachute.

In addition to the amateur jumpers, who, according to figures published in "Izvestia" the official government daily newspaper, number more than 500,000 this year, there are countless thousands of young men and women parachutists who indulge in mass leaping from planes, who attempt altitude records and succeed in making daring leaps without oxygen apparatus, who are adept at delayed openings and take part in contests and games that are designed to show genuine mastery of the technique of "parachutism."

150 IN MASS JUMP

At the third annual All-Union Aviation Festival, a national event of tremendous popularity held in Moscow on Aug. 18, 150 parachute jumpers floated to earth after a simultaneous leap from six large passenger planes. Earlier in the Summer, sixty parachutists, leaping from two large planes, descended to the Tushino airport in the Soviet capital, dotting the sky with their red and white, and blue and yellow striped 'chutes.

In 1929 the Soviet Union, which had been expanding its air forces decided to send its pioneer parachutist, Leonid G Minov, abroad so that he might be able to select the best type of parachute for home development. Minov came to the United States, where he familiarized himself with all types of 'chutes, making three jumps in the process, and selected the Irving. When he returned to the Soviet Union, production of this model was begun and Minov himself set out to train pilots in the use of parachutes.

Under Minov's guidance, the first group of Soviet parachute instructors, including such able aviators as Moshkovski, G. Schmidt, Petrov, Nicolai Yevdokimov, Fateyev and Alexandrov were pre-

(Continued on page 9, col. 3.)

THE BOMBAY GARAGE:

Great Automobile House In India

Bombay's greatness as the biggest Industrial city in the East is largely due to the enterprise and zeal of some of the progressive industrial firms in the city. Amongst such notable firms, Messrs Bombay Garage owned by Messrs. F. M. Chinoy & Co., Ltd., holds a unique position because of the fact that from a comparatively small concern in 1904 it has grown into its present colossal dimensions.

Messrs. F. M. Chinoy & Co. Ltd., are the pioneers in this country in the Automobile trade. They obtained the agency for "Chevrolet" cars in 1916, and pushed on the sales with such wonderful rapidity that in a very short time "Chevrolet" became a household word amongst motorists. To-day if "Chevrolet" cars can boast of the greatest popularity that any car has ever had in India, it is because they have stood all the tests and also because their "Service" has been prompt and their prices have been always the most reasonable.

The one notable feature that has given Bombay Garage a position of distinction in the automobile trade is their prompt and efficient spare parts service which makes it possible for their clients to obtain at a moment's notice any parts that require replacement. The latest equipment, the finest machinary and the best skilled labour are to be found in their most up-to-date workshops for the benefit of their customers. They cover almost the whole of India through their branches and dealers.

The success of Bombay Garage is due largely to its indefatigable leader and the Managing Director, Mr. Sultan F. Chinoy. He is the intellect and the driving force behind this gigantic concern. A man of untiring energy and broad vision, he has been and is still a guiding force of the firm. For full 30 years he has identified himself with the difficult problems of motor transportation in India. He was one of the first to grasp the immense potentialities of a vast and industrially virgin country like ours represented for the motor and allied industries and introduced Shell Petrol in India in 1904. To-day the unrivalled popularity of the "Chevrolet" bus is a direct tribute to his efforts. He is also an active member of the Bombay Corporation. Our city and India will always remember him as the man who introduced Radio Telegraphy into India thus bringing together the world into closer touch with the motherland.

In the field of sport he has equally distinguished himself as one of the most popular race-horse owners in India and is a very prominent figure on the Race Course at Bombay and Poona.

NEW CHINA

TO MAKE HER OWN MACHINES

Huge Central Workshop To Be Opened Early Next Year

China will be able to manufacture machines for her own use early next year when the Central Workshop, now being built in Shanghai under the auspices of the Ministry of Industries, is completed.

The Workshop is one of the national reconstruction enterprises undertaken by the Ministry of Industries, during the past few years. Other projects already accomplished include the Central Alcohol Distillery and the Central Fishery Market, in Shanghai, all of which are the biggest of their kinds in this country.

BIG FACTORY.

Latest information indicates that almost 90 per cent of the construction work on the plant has been completed. Situated in the northern suburb of Shanghai, the factory occupies a large area. The factory, the construction of which is estimated at dols. 103,000, is expected to be completed soon.

Following the completion of the plant, machine installation work will be commenced and is expected to be completed early next year when the Workshop will be formally inaugurated.

The first shipment of machinery for the workshop has already arrived in Shanghai from England where purchase orders have been placed by the Ministry of Industries. The second shipment is expected here within this year.

The workshop, when completed, will have four departments, namely: iron-pipe manufacturing, iron-sheet manufacturing, iron-ore melting and iron refining.

The total expenses for the establishment of the plant are placed at dols. 3,100,000.

NEW YORK TO BUDAPEST IN SIX DAYS

American Traveller's Achievement

What is claimed to be the fastest journey ever made from New York to Budapest was completed recently when a passenger who left New York in the S. S. Ile De France of the French Line flew from Plymouth via London to Budapest. He arrived in Budapest only six days after leaving New York.

This journey was made possible by the use of a combination of Imperial Airways Special Charter service and the regular Imperial Airways daily service London-Budapest. One of the planes of the special charter fleet, which are available to meet ships at Channel ports, was sent at short notice to Plymouth where a special launch and car were in readiness to convey the passenger swiftly to the aerodrome where they left for Croydon. The passenger, who had booked through to Budapest from New York, left the Air Port of London (Croydon) at 9 a. m. and arrived in Budapest the same evening. He had thus travelled approximately 4,200 miles in six days five days being spent in the 3,000 miles sea journey, while the last 1,200 miles were accomplished in a single day by air.

A group of women parachutists of Soviet Russia.

HONESTLY BUILT & REASONABLY PRICED AUTOSTAR'S

longer lasting power is the reason why more and more motorists are changing to this sturdy American Battery built for the tropics. As good as new even after many months' hard service. Built up to a rigorous standard . . . still, low in price.

AUTOSTAR

Sole Distributors:
RANE LTD.
Proprietors of
EMPIRE AUTOMOBILES
New Queen's Road, BOMBAY.

Offices at: CALCUTTA, DELHI, LAHORE, LUCKNOW, RAWALPINDI, SECUNDERABAD.

THE COMPANY
That Stands for
THE PEOPLE &
by the people.

THE BHARATI BIMA, LTD.

Ask for a Prospectus and Judge for your-self.

AMPLE OPPORTUNITIES FOR AGENTS,

Apply:

THE GENERAL BIMA AGENCIES

16, Apollo Street, Fort.

There are no superlatives which can adequately described this Mightiest of all
CECIL B. DeMILLE'S
PRODUCTION
"THE CRUSADES"
A Paramount Multi Super All India Premiere
At PATHE
NOV. 2nd
Booking open, 'Phone 41561 or Roses.

GUARD AGAINST TUBERCULOSIS.
Tuberculosis can start with a cough.
SIROLIN
ROCHE
kills the disease germs, cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, influenza, and even Tuberculosis in its early stages.

MADE IN SWITZERLAND.

Hoax On Bullion Merchants

LOCAL C. I. D. USE CLUES TO TRACK DOWN PERPETRATORS

The Bombay C.I.D. officers who are in charge of investigations regarding the hoax that was played on the Bullion merchants all over the country, are stated to have made considerable progress towards tracing the culprits who were responsible for the fraud.

It is stated that the police have been able to get further clues from the four letters that were despatched to the Banks from Simla. The local police are in communication with the Simla Police and immediately after the reply is received, some action is expected to be taken, which might reveal, as to who were responsible for the huge hoax.

It appears that so far no communication has been received either from Delhi or Calcutta, where also some Bullion merchants are stated to have made heavy purchases.

BARODA WOMEN CONDEMN COMMUNAL ELECTORATES

Demand Association In Administration

(From A Correspondent)

The local Conference of the Baroda State women met at the Maharani Girls' High School on Saturday, the 19th inst under the presidentship of Dr. Bana, a prominent lady docter of the State.

Mrs. Wadia, the Standing Committee Member of the A.I.W.C. Baroda Constituency in the course of her speech gave a detailed account of the work done during the year by the association.

PROTEST AGAINST RESERVATION OF SEATS.

"Our Working Committees" she said decided that the A.I.W.C. should not submit any representation nor appoint witnesses to give evidence before the All-India Delimitation Committee at Delhi,. Since women are consulted only for Women's Reserved Seats, and the A.I.W.C. has strongly protested against the Reservation of seats for women."

"Lady doctors of our Association have delivered a series of lectures on small-pox and health with the help of magic lantern slides in thickly populated places of the city."

"The most valuable work done during the year is the opening of the Baroda Women Students' Hostel, to accommodate the college girls.

FRANCHISE

"Our Association has supported the statement issued by Raj Kumari Amrit Kaur, saying that the A. I.W.C. have learnt with deep regret, that election to the seats reserved for women in the Provincial Chambers will be by means of separate Communal Electorates, and that for the six seats reserved for women in the Council of State, the members of the Provincial Chambers will form the Electorate. The statement also protests against women being forced into Commual Area as well against the Reservation of Seats."

PRESIDENT'S SPEECH

The President, in the course of her speech laid special emphasis on the necessity of having child welfare centres and campaign against illiteracy. She said that there should be a moral binding that each member, should, at least, educate one man or woman a year.

RESOLUTIONS

The following resolutions among others were passed by the Conference:—

The Conference resolved to request the British Parliament to safeguard the interests of women by making provision in the Instrument of Instructions to the Governor-General and Governors that women should be given chances of association in the administration of every Province as well as the Central Government, especially in the department of Education, Health and Labour.

The Conference feels that the early Removal of illiteracy is essential to India's progress and calls upon all its enthusiastic members to redouble their efforts in this direction.

This Conference urges that in view of the poverty of the country the public be requested to encourage and support indigenous industries and calls upon the Government to aid industrial centres and to give grants to such institutions as provide industrial training for girls and women.

JOCKEY DILLON RETURNS TO BOMBAY

(By Our Racing Correspondent).

The popular jockey W. Dillon whose licence was withdrawn last December returned to Bombay from Australia on Wednesday. Colonel Pape, Stipendiary Steward of the R. C. T. C. also arrived in Bombay yesterday to meet his brother, who is expected by the English mail. Mr. Douetil, Secretary of the R. C. T. C. is at present here.

The presence of these Calcutta racing officials in the city has created quite a stir in local racing circles. It is believed that the licences of some well-known jockeys will be restored before the Bombay Racing Season commences.

An Amsterdam message states:

The present score in the World's Chess Championship series is: Alekhine (holder) 5, Max Euwe 2. Drawn two.

MUSLIMS ATTEMPT TO UNITE

Moulvi Shafi Daudi Pleads For Spirit Of Toleration

BADUAN, Oct. 22.

At the All-India Muslim Political Conference held here on Sunday Khan Bahadur Mailkumian Chairman of the Reception Committee, expressed the hope of united action by all sections to help the working of the future Constitution of India.

Moulvi Shafi Daudi, in his Presidential address, deplored the tension between the two great communities in India, which had emboldened the framers of the Constitution not to give voluntarily more powers than what they had done in the Government of India Act of 1935. The first corner-stone of the foundation for representative Government in India had been laid, and it had given Indians, said the Maulana, an opportunity for working together. It was for the Muslim community to prove that it was rational enough to practise toleration towards other communities in building up the great edifice of responsible Government.

Members of the All-India Muslim League and Muslim Conference, he proceeded, realising the importance of the future, were making desperate efforts to unite together and work as one organisation. The Maulana hoped that parties would be organised on the basis of the rules and regulations drafted for the League-Conference Parliamentary Majlis, which was bound to provide the necessary lead the Muslim community was seeking at present.

On the motion of Mr. Ghulam Bhik Nairang, M.L.A., Maulvi Shafi Daudi was empowered to organise a meeting of the Majlis within a month, to consider the rules recently circulated.

Mr. Alfred Grey, of Grange-road, Ealing, who left most of his £14,496 estate to his wife in his will published recently, said:—

"I do beg my wife not to lend any money, and only invest money in the safest securities, remembering that high interest and bad security nearly always go together."

AROUND THE COURTS

Bombay, Thursday

Ten persons, described as "renowned pickpockets," and having "probably come to Bombay to reap a rich harvest during the Divali festival" were arrested by the Bombay C.I.D. yesterday following a raid on their room at Parel.

They are also alleged to be involved in a case in which currency notes worth Rs. 3,000 were stolen from a Marwari while the latter was boarding a tram car.

They were placed to-day before the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

The accused persons looked like rich and respectable Multani merchants.

One of them complained that they were being harassed by the police needlessly.

Pending further enquiries they were remanded till November 7.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, sentenced to-day Vincent Martinelli, a Maltese, to 3 months' R.I. on a charge of stealing money from a public telephone box.

It was stated that an Inspector of the Telephone Company was inspecting the cash box in a Public Telephone booth when he discovered pieces of cardboard and match box covers in the same.

As complaints have been received by the Telephone Company from the public that they had failed to get calls when they had paid for them, a watch was kept to see who was tampering with the cash box.

A marked two-anna piece was inserted into the slot. On October 14 the accused visited the booth and tampered with the box. He was arrested and the marked coin as well as another coin were recovered from his person.

Bail was granted, to-day, to Adam Khan, a Pathan, employed in the "Bombay Chronicle" press and another Pathan named Murtazesha, by Mr. Oscar H. Brown, in the case in which the above two person with Mahtabdri, the third accused are charged with house-breaking and abduction.

Counsel for the first two accused, in applying for bail, to-day, stated that the first accused was employed in the "Bombay Chronicle" press and was on duty at the time the alleged incident took place.

Further the police examined the muster-roll at the press and found by the record that he was on duty. The other accused was also on duty, counsel stated, and they had been falsely implicated by the paramour of the woman and the surety.

It will be recalled that the third accused went to the residence of his wife, who, at the time, was living with a Punjabi from where he was alleged to have forcibly taken her away.

A complaint was lodged at the Byculla Police Station, in consequence of which the accused were arrested on October 17.

A case against the Punjabi under Section 498 of the Indian Penal Code, filed by the third accused, is pending in the Esplanade Police Court.

The Magistrate ordered the accused to be enlarged on bail in the sum of Rs. 150, with one surety each in like amount.

Mr. R. D. Kothari appeared for the prosecution, while Mr. D. F. Dastur defended the first two accused.

ARABIAN SEA DEPRESSION WEAKENS

Moves Towards Kathiawar Coast

POONA, Oct. 24.

The Arabian Sea depression is weakening and moving towards the Kathiawar Coast. It has caused local rain in the Deccan with a few falls in Konkan and Gujarat. Widespread rain has also occurred in Burma while scattered light showers are reported from Assam, Bengal, Orissa, South East Madras and the North West Frontier Province.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Sholapur 5 inches; Gwa 3; Amherst and Hyderabad (Deccan) 2 each; Diamond Island, Toungoo, Akyab and Gulbarga 1½ each; and Bassein 1.

FORECAST.

The rainfall will decrease in South Deccan and continue widespread in Burma, and occur locally in North Deccan and Konkan and extend in Gujarat.—A.P.

WEEKLY WEATHER CONDITIONS

POONA, Oct. 24.

The depression formed in South-west of Bay of Bengal off Coromandal Coast in the beginning of the week, rapidly intensified into a storm and crossed the coast near Madras on the 18th passing westwards across the peninsula as a deep depression it moved next day into Arabian Sea off Kanara and Konkan Cost, thereafter moved slowly northwards, weakening at the same time.

It lay at the end of the week off Konkan and Kathiawar Coast. In association with this widespread rain occurred generally in peninsula on most of the days of the week, rainfall being locally heavy on North Madras Coast, South Madras and Mysore on some days. Depression formed in the central part of the Bay of Bengal on the 20th moved northwards, later northeastwards and intensified into a storm before crossing inland near Chittagong on the night of the 22nd. It was associated with widespread rain in Burma, Orissa and Bengal Coasts.

Occasional light showers were also reported during the week from Assam, Kashmir, Northwest Frontier Province and Central Provinces.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summar of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 24-10-1935.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +092 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 80.5 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.3 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 88.6 degrees (0.5 above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 78.0 degrees (2.9 above normal).

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 81 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. SE.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 159 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 28 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10

Rain in 24 hours 0.05 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 0.11 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 80.51 inches.

Weather Remarks Rain and Thunder Lightning.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 24-10-35.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 84.7 deg F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.00 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.79 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

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CALICUT, MALABAR.

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—and clothes last longer

"Here's another heap of dirty clothes. I do wish washing didn't harm the clothes so much, and they never seem to be really clean."
"Take my advice and insist on your dhobi using Sunlight Soap. Sunlight's 'extra soapiness' gets out the dirt without the need for harmful beating and rubbing."
A MONTH LATER
"How smart your children look to-day. Did you take my advice about Sunlight Soap?"
"Yes. I'm so glad I did. The clothes all look so fresh and clean now. And Sunlight must clean them gently because they last much longer."
Sunlight Soap makes it possible to clean clothes without harming them. Whether clothes are washed by a dhobi or at home always be certain that Sunlight is used; its "extra soapiness" gets dirt out so easily, and leaves white things dazzlingly white, washable colours bright. Always keep Sunlight in the home; there are many uses for it, and it costs so little now.

SUNLIGHT SOAP
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City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Asho Vad 14, 1991
Muslim: Rajab 26, 1354
Parsi: Ardibehesht 19, 1305
Sunrise: 6h 36m
Sunset: 6h 8m
Hightide: 10-30 23-10
Lowtide: 4-27 16-42

SATURDAY, October 26.

Divali: Public Holiday.
Banks closed.
S. S. Kaisar-I-Hind with homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.

MONDAY, October 28.

Divali: Public Holiday.
Banks closed.

Domestic Occurrence

OBITUARY

DOSA—Shrimati Kasturbai (age 33) wife of Mr. Madhodas Ramdas Dosa died on Thursday at 8-30 p.m. The Uthamna ceremony will take place to-day (Friday) at 3 p.m. (B.T.) at Mr. Ramdas Dosa's Bungalow at Walkeshwar Road.

HOTEL WORKERS' MEETING

A meeting of the Hotel Workers will be held in Sankli Street near Hilal Anwar Hotel to-day (Friday) at 10-0 a.m.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The P and O mail steamer 'Ranchi' with the mails from London of the 17th instant passed Suez at 7 p.m. on the 23rd instant.

SWAMIJI'S ARRIVAL

Mahavidwan, Baghavadvishayam Anangaachariar Swami will arrive in Bombay to-day (Friday) by the Madras Express in connection with the annual festival of Sri Venkatesa Baghwan, Bombay.

CONGRESS SOCIALIST PARTY

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party will be held to-day (Friday) at 8-30 a.m. at the Party Office to meet Mr. Jaya Prakash Narayan, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

REGAL—"Farewell Dance Recitals by Menaka" at 6-29 p.m. "Waman Wanter" at 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Page Miss Glory" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Accent on Youth" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"The Silver Card Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—Noor-e-Vatan" Time as usual
MINERVA—"Devdas" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Step Mother" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Jawani-Ki-Hawa" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Devil Horse" Daily at 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Orphans of Society" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
SUPER TALKIE—"Desh-Deepak" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PALACE—"Merry Widow." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Lives of a Bengal Lancer" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

M. R. FREE DISPENSARY

The number of new patients treated at the Mahomedbhoy Rahimtulla Free Dispensary at Sandhurst Road for the week ending 19th October 1935 was 367; of these 248 were males and 119 females.

PUBLIC MEETING AT MADANPURA

Under the auspices of the Islamic Society, a public meeting will be held to-day at 9-30 p.m. at Madanpura, Safarabadi to celebrate the auspicious occasion of the Mirajun Nabi. Mr. Husainali Kassam Mohammad Mitha J.P. will preside. Muslim lecturers of note will deliver speeches on 'Miraj and Tanzeem.'

HALI CENTENARY CELEBRATION IN BOMBAY

A public meeting will be held under the auspices of the Bohra Youth League to celebrate the Centenary of Hali the great Urdu poet, on Saturday the 26th instant at the League's Hall, 129 Abdul Rehman Street, Bombay 3, when Mr. S. A. Brelvi will preside, and Dr. M. H. Gour, Mr. Shaida and Prof. Nami will be among the speakers.

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TO-DAY ON RADIO

12 noon. Indian programme. Selection of Indian music. (Film Hits). 1 p.m. Available market rates. European programme. Herman Finck and His Orchestra with Les Allen, Bairtone. Norman Long, songs at the Piano (Columbia) 2 p.m. Close down.

6-30 p.m. Indian Programme. Talk 'True Religion' (in Gujarati). By Gargidevi Sharma. 7 p.m. A concert. by J. D. Jaokar, Accompanied by Dinkerrao Amembal, (Harmonium). Kanoo (Tabla). 8-30 p.m. Recitations from Holy 'Quran' By Moulvi Gulam Mahomed Kamar will recite Sipara No. 29. Surai Muzzammil. The News. 8-45 p.m. Weather Report, and News Bulletin Commercial News. 9 p.m. Time signal. European Programme. 9-30 p.m. Here and There. By the Rambler. 9-45 p.m. Carrol Gibbons and Johnny Green in Pianistiques. (Columbia). 10 p.m. Dance music. Ken Mac and His Band. 11 p.m God Save the King-Emperor.

Empire Broadcasting

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. The B B C Dance Orchestra, directed by Henry Hall. 8-15 p.m. The B B C Northern Orchestra; leader, Alfred Barker; conductor, T H Morrison. 8-45 p.m. Sports Talk. 9 p.m. 'Lighter or More Shady.' More popular variety presented by William MacLurg. 9-45 p.m. The Hotel Metropole Orchestra; leader, A. Rossi; under the direction of Emilio Colombo. Relayed from the Hotel Metropole; London. 10 p.m. News and Announcements 10-20 p.m. The Hotel Metropole Orchestra (continued). 10-30 p.m. Close down.

RADICAL POLITICAL CONFERENCE

Dr. M. R. Shetty Elected Reception Committee Chairman

At a meeting of the Reception Committee of the Radical Political Conference held on Thursday night the following office-bearers were elected—Dr. M. R. Shetty, Chairman; Messrs. Abdul Rahman Mitha, Chandur, Madan Shetty and K. N. Joglekar, Secretaries; and Mr. Kasamally M. Rooiwalla, Treasurer.

The Conference will be held on the 3rd November.

More than 200 members of the Reception Committee were present at the meeting.

Srinivasa Iyengar Not To Preside

It is learnt that Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar who had been requested to preside over the Radical Political Conference to be held shortly in Bombay, has intimated his inability to accept the invitation, as he has not yet made up his mind regarding his re-entry into politics, though a section of politicians in Madras have invited him to take up the lead again.

SOCIALIST LEADERS TO SPEAK

"Cross Currents In Indian Politics'

Under the auspices of the Congress Socialist Party, Messrs. Jaya Prakash Narayan, Achyut Patwardhan, Dr. Ram Mandhar Lohia, Kamalashankar Pandya, Dinkar Mehta and Thakoreprasad Pandya will address a public meeting to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. at Chowpatty on "The Cross Currents in Indian Politics."

THE "JANMABHUMI"

Azadi Number

The "Janmabhumi" has celebrated the Hindu Divali with a national project. It has published a special number dedicated to the martyrs, prophets and heroes of all nations that have contributed to the history of humanity's fight for freedom. The volume has been well kept within this self-imposed restriction. Consequently, there are no irrelevant illustration or articles. And, the price of the number is nominal.

AN INTERESTING KHOJA WEDDING

"Noor Baug" in Mazagaon Road was 'en fete' and bustling with life on Sunday morning when the wedding of Mr. E. A. Calcuttawalla, solicitor with Miss Hamida Banatwalla was solemnised in the simple but impressive Sunni-Khoja fashion.

The large gathering of guests represented every community and class including the legal profession.

Mr. E. Ahmed, has occasionally contributed to the columns of the "Bombay Chronicle" pseudonymously. Miss Hamida, too, represents all the qualities that distinguishes one of the most cultured communities in this city and possesses in addition to the liberal education she has received, a variety of artistic accomplishments.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD

NEW OFFICE-BEARERS

At the annual general meeting of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, Mr. K. F. Nariman was elected President for the current year, in place of Mr. Bhulabhai Desai. Mr. S. A. Brelvi was elected Vice-President. Messrs. Joachim Alva, Gulabdas Shroff and R. J. Shah, being the new Joint Secretaries, with Mr. M. Gandhi as the Treasurer.

This is the first time that an Indian Christian has been elected as the Secretary of the Brotherhood since its foundation in 1885.

MR. AGARWAL'S CANDIDATURE

Mr. Motilal Agarwal, Treasurer, B. B. and C. I. Railway, is one of the candidates for the election of the Local Board of the Reserve Bank of India. He has been connected with Finance and Banking for last 35 years.

"WEEPING FACE" IN BALLOT PAPER

Thana Councillor's Application To Find Out Voter's Name

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, Oct 24.

In the court of the Sessions Judge of Thana a revision application was filed yesterday on behalf of Mr. Y. L. Nakhwa, a councillor of the Thana Municipality, against the order of the sub-divisional Magistrate of Thana refusing on the 14th inst. to issue process against the municipal president for the production of the ballot papers with a view to ascertaining the name of an unknown councillor, who instead of putting a cross against the name of any of the two candidates for a seat reserved for the backward community at the recent school board election, had fixed a weeping face against the name of the applicant and a laughing face against that of his rival candidate, and staying the proceedings.

The applicant, says that the Magistrate was wrong in holding that his court had no jurisdiction to issue process that he had wrongly interpreted rule 18 (1) and (2) of the school board election rules and the term 'competent' contained therein.

The applicant therefore prays that the lower court be directed to hold an inquiry with a view to ascertaining the name of the unknown councillor after issuing process against the municipal president for producing before him the ballot papers, and be further directed to proceed against the councillor according to law.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

Civil Appointments

The following civil appointments are notified in to-day's Government "Gazette."

Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia, I.C.S., relinquished charge of his duties as a Judge of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay on Saturday September 28, and resumed charge thereof on Monday October 14.

Mr. Justice Jehangir Dinshah Davar, relinquished charge of the office of Acting Puisne Judge of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay on Saturday October 19, 1935.

Mr. Justice Atmaram Anant Chitre, LL.B. (Advocate), relinquished charge of the office of Acting Puisne Judge of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay on Saturday, October 19, 1935.

Mr. C. N. Caroe, Honorary Consul for Austria at Bombay, resumed charge of his office on September 26.

Mr. A. W. Pryde, I.P., on return from leave, to officiate as Labour Officer for the City of Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District vice Mr. W. B. Gilligan, proceeding on leave.

Mr. W. B. Gilligan, I.C.S., Labour Officer for the City of Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District, is granted leave on average pay for six months and 21 days with effect from November 1, or the subsequent date of relief.

Mr. V. R. Dhotrikar, Assistant Backward Class Officer, Central Circle, Bijapur, is granted leave on average pay on medical certificate for three months from October 1.

Khan Bahadur Zamanshah Mahbub Shah Hashimi, on return from leave, to be District Superintendent of Police, Nawabshah, vice Mr. K. R. Eates reverting.

Messrs. V. D. C. Evans and A. M. MacDonald who have been appointed to the Indian Police are allotted to the Bombay Presidency.

Mr. T. Robinson, Superintendent of Police, B. B. & C. I. Railway, is granted from October 23 leave on average pay for three months and 15 days followed by leave on half average pay for 15 days.

Mr. E. E. Turner, Inspector-General of Police, Bombay Presidency, is granted from October 20, 1935, leave upto November 16, 1936. The leave is preparatory to retirement.

Reverend T. P. Rose, on return from leave to be Additional Chaplain, Karachi.

Mr. Tufail Muhammad Chhaju Khan Rajput should continue to officiate as a second grade Deputy Collector in Sind from 8th September 1935, to 14th October 1935, vice Khan Bahadur Nur Nabi Ghulam Nabi on leave and thereafter hold the temporary appointment of attached Deputy Collector, Rohri.

The temporary appointment of a second grade Deputy Collector in Sind is extended for a further period of six months and Mr. Nabi Baksh Memon is to continue to hold it, vice Mr. G. G. Drewe, I.C.S., on deputation.

Mr. W. W. Smart, C.I.E., I.C.S., has been permitted to retire from His Majesty's Covenanted Civil Service on the Bombay Establishment from 16th November, 1935.

Mr W. G. Alexander, I.C.S., is granted leave on half average pay for seven months and five days from 31st March 1936.

"ENTICEMENT CASE" ADJOURNED

Defence Allowed Time To Summon 'Purohit'

At the resumed hearing of the "Enticement Case" on Thursday, before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, Mr. Gadkari, counsel for defence, made an application for an adjournment of the case on the ground that the summons had not reached the "purohit" (priest).

In the above case R. N. Kappoor is charged with enticing or taking, detaining and committing adultery on a married woman named Mrs. Ranganayaki.

It will be recalled that Mr Gadkari, at the last hearing of the case wanted to summon the family "purohit" of Mrs. Ranganayaki's husband to prove that the "Ghata-shradha" had been performed with regard to Mrs. Ranganayaki by the husband.

The "Ghata-shradha" is a Hindu funeral ceremony in which a pot symbolising the dead person is broken.

Mr. N. C. N. Acharya, counsel for the complainant, characterised the application as "ill-informed and ridiculous." The counsel was only side-tracking the main issue, said Mr. Acharya, in order to prolong the case.

Mr. Gadkari drew the attention of the court to the official red-tapism prevalent all over the country and the consequent difficulties which came in the way of the parties to make the summons reach the hands of witnesses.

The Magistrate adjourned the Case to October 31 to enable the defence to summon the witness, failing which arguments would proceed.

In Aid Of Mogaveera Free Night School

Before leaving Bombay this week the Proprietor of the Gubbi Theatrical Company has consented to give a benefit performance of Karnatak Veera Kesari Bellave Narhari Shastri's "Mahatma Kabirdas" to-day (Friday), at 9 p.m. in aid of the Mogaveera Free Night School, Bombay.

The performance is for a very worthy cause—in aid of the Mogaveera Free Night School, an institution imparting free education to not less than 300 children in the Fort, irrespective of caste or creed.

AIR MAIL NEWS

As the Imperial Airways East-bound plane due to arrive at Karachi, on the 24th October 1935 has been delayed for 24 hours, the London-India air mails which were due to be received in Bombay on the 26th October 1935, will be received here and issued for delivery by the Bombay General Post Office at 3-30 p.m. on the 26th October 1935 in the ordinary course.

The latest hours of posting air mail correspondence for Hyderabad Deccan and Madras at the Bombay G. P. O. will be as shown below:—

Ordinary correspondence 11-30 hours on 26-10-1935.
Registered correspondence 11-00 hours on 26-10-1935.

REVISED NOTICE.

Later.

In continuation of the previous notice of date a telegram has been received from Karachi that the airmail is expected tonight (24th) and will arrive Bombay on schedule. Accordingly the Air mail will be delivered at 3-30 p.m. delivery on 25X35 as usual.

The latest hours of posting air mail correspondence to Hyderabad Deccan and Madras at the Bombay G. P. O. will be as follows.

Ordinary correspondence 11-30 hrs. dated 25X35.
Registered correspondence 11-hrs. dated 25X395.

DADAR MIDDLE SCHOOL

The volunteers of the Dadar Middle School are approaching the public for Diwali donations. The management requests them to contribute liberally to the school and enable it to work efficiently.

PATHE 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
TO-DAY ONLY

TO-MORROW
A GREAT HOLIDAY PROGRAMME
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TRAVELLING SALESLADY
A FIRST NATIONAL PICTURE
Book Now. Ph. 41561 or Rose's.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents).

Deplorable Callousness

The following are extracts from a report published in the Thursday's issue of the Bombay "Chronicle".

"A young student was cut to pieces under an electric train, between Dadar and Matunga, yesterday.

"The motor-man testified (giving evidence before the Coroner), that the train was a fast one and did not stop at any intermediate stations between Grant Road and Bandra.

"When the train reached Bandra, a passenger from the same train, informed him (the motor-man) that a man had fallen from the train between Dadar and Matunga. The motor-man in turn conveyed this information to the Station Master at Bandra".

While one thanks the passenger for giving the information, it is deplorable that he did not have the courage to pull the alarm chain and stop the train, so that the victim might have been picked up and his death possibly averted. For the surmise is that recovering from temporary unconsciousness after the fall, the victim tried to cross the rails and was run over by a light engine coming with tender foremost.

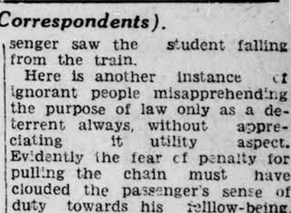
This only shows that on account of failure to do the right thing, however small and insignificant it may be, tragedies may happen. It is a bit hard to believe that in the fast train, which is generally packed to its full and more, only one passenger saw the student falling from the train.

Here is another instance of ignorant people misapprehending the purpose of law only as a deterrent always, without appreciating its utility aspect. Evidently the fear of penalty for pulling the chain must have clouded the passenger's sense of duty towards his fellow-being, who had fallen from a train flying at a high speed. Unless the public understand these small duties better, innocent people will continue becoming victims to such tragedies.

Four Anna Taxis

At the instance of Mr. W. G. Lely, the Finance Member to the Government of Bombay accepted an amendment to the Motor Taxation Bill, making provision for a reduced tax on two-seater taxis. This gave raise to speculation in the city, as to whether Government would give permission to ply four anna taxis in the city after the recent notice of the Police Commissioner that the present rate would be reduced from eight annas to six annas from April, next year. Enquiries made at the Head Police Office go to show that there is no such prospect in the near future. But in view of the fact that the Government accepted the amendment of Mr. Lely and that it was passed by the Council there is no reason why the police should not reconsider their decision. At any rate there is a growing demand on the part of the public for four anna taxis and where there is a demand, the supply will not be long in coming.

THE CAPITOL
The Last Day at 6-30 & 10 P.M.
MARION DAVIES
IN WARNER BROS.' musical comedy-hit
PAGE MISS GLORY
with
DICK POWELL
TO-MORROW
ESCAPE ME NEVER
with
ELISABETH BERGNER
Plans open at the Theatre

THE REGAL
TO-DAY at 10 P.M. ONLY

WOMAN WANTED
Metro Goldwyn Mayer PICTURE
with MAUREEN O'SULLIVAN JOEL McCREA
Lewis Stone • Edgar Kennedy
Louis Calhern • Adrienne Ames
TO-MORROW
"LES MISERABLES"
With
FREDERIC MARCH
CHARLES LAUGHTON
Plans open at the Theatre.

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TO-DAY AT 6-30 P.M. ONLY
AT REDUCED PRICES
FAREWELL INDIAN DANCE RECITALS
BY THE WORLD FAMOUS
Menaka
and her Company of
Indian Dancers & Musicians
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The Bombay Chronicle

Red House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1935

EXPLOITING THE CRISIS

During the second day's debate on Foreign Affairs in the British Parliament, Lord Lothian effectively exposed the attitude and intention of the Government, when he said: "Are we going to wait three, six and twelve months, doing nothing, but inflicting the fable of economic sanctions? Peace must be restored by the end of the year to prevent a worse catastrophe. The League must face the present conditions and produce real disarmament." No reply to Lord Lothian's question, or to the issue he raised, was given, either in the Lords or even in the Commons. Captain Eden spoke vigorously of the many failings of Italy, but failed to dissipate the definite suspicions aroused by Sir Samuel Hoare's speech and Mr. Baldwin's foot-note. Mr. Eden declared that there was "no question of a bargain being made, still less of some imperialistic deal." He also declared that "the report of the Geneva Committee under Article XVI, represented the only negotiations there had been." All this is mere quibbling. What Mr. Eden said may be the formal truth, but what is the meaning of conversations, which Sir Eric Drummond has recently had with Signor Mussolini and his subordinate at the Italian Foreign Office, and of the frantic conferences in Paris? There is truth in Mr. Lloyd George's assertion that something had happened in the past days. In fact that something is sufficiently substantial to inspire Rome itself with a measure of optimism.

Mr. Baldwin, as we suggest, merely confirmed the suspicion aroused by Sir Samuel. But he devoted greater attention to the other question and, in fact, the main question. "The lesson this crisis has shown," he said, "is that in the interest of world-peace, it is essential that our Defence Services should be stronger than they are to-day." This is nothing less than a repudiation of his earlier proclamation of unwavering fidelity to the League of Nations; it is a denial of the vital principle of the Collective System. In actual fact, the crisis has shown that given a strong lead the fifty nations of the world, who constitute the League of Nations, can make an effective stand against any challenge to the Covenant of the League. In actual fact, the one lesson that the crisis has shown is that no Member-State need strengthen its "Defence Services," as if it had to protect itself alone. To contemplate the course suggested by Mr. Baldwin, amounts to nullifying the possibilities of the League that are only now showing some signs of materialising. But Mr. Baldwin is going to the country on the issue of re-armament, and he cannot but exploit the present crisis in the wrong way, which leads to ultimate international disaster.

Need For Clarification

The statement issued by Mr. Manishankar Trivedi, General Secretary of the Indian States' People's Conference, on the proceedings of the last A.I.C.C. meeting, bearing on the question of Congress attitude towards the States' people, may well be presumed to indicate fairly the mind of the States' people on this important subject. If only for this reason, it needs to be seriously considered by Congress leaders, as the subject will, and ought to, come up for reconsideration at the next Congress session. As Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel himself admitted, this question is far more important than that of offices under the new Constitution. It concerns not merely the States' people, but the country, as a whole. It concerns the duty of British India and the Congress to the States' people, and the question is vital whether that duty is discharged by the Congress graciously vouchsafing sympathy and moral support to the States' people and saying to them in effect: "For the rest, you must shift for yourselves." It is also a subject which concerns the very constitution of the Congress by defining its constitutional relations to the States.

The main issues involved in this controversy need to be most clearly understood. The Calcutta Congress assured the States' people "of its sympathy with and support in their legitimate and peaceful struggle for the attainment of full responsible government in the States." It is clear from this that to deserve any support from the Congress the struggle in any one or more States should be "peaceful and legitimate," and should be, not with regard to petty administrative grievances, but for the attainment of responsible government. Now, suppose these conditions are satisfied by a particular struggle, what is to be the possible extent of Congress support? What are to be the limitations of the support? The Calcutta resolution does not limit the support to the expression of sympathy, nor does it rule out intervention in any feasible form. As a matter of fact, the resolution deliberately dropped, at the suggestion of Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru, the clause relating to non-interference. It thus made intervention and support possible, in some form beyond expressing sympathy. But how far such support could go was, of course, left to the discretion of the Congress Executive. In interpreting and giving effect to the resolution, therefore, it is certainly open to the Working Committee to say that in such and such cases it is extremely difficult for the Congress to intervene effectively, or that even if it is possible, it will only add to the difficulties of the States' people concerned and, therefore, it would not be desirable for the Committee to intervene. But suppose, in a particular case, Congress support in some form beyond expressing sympathy is possible and will not add to the States' people's difficulties. Is it open to the Working Committee to say that, apart from the merits of the question, the Calcutta resolution constitutionally precludes it from offering anything beyond sympathy and moral support? We must emphatically say that it is not open to the Working Committee to say so, as that would be a wrong interpretation of the resolution. The Wardha statement, endorsed by the A.I.C.C. at Madras, does not make this point clear, while some of the speeches at the All-India Congress Committee meeting and certain Congress leaders' utterances elsewhere seem to interpret the Calcutta resolution so as to mean that, even if it is possible for Congress to do so, it is constitutionally not open to it to offer to the States' people anything beyond sympathy. It is, therefore, necessary to clarify the position at the next Congress session.

We admit that the difficulties in intervention in States are very great and, therefore, any acts of intervention must be necessarily few and very cautiously planned. It would also be bad statesmanship for the States' people to invoke Congress intervention lightly. But what we are anxious to maintain, in the interests of the Congress itself, is that, when circumstances are favourable and call for intervention, it is open to the Congress, and it is its duty, to intervene in such form as the Executive may decide. And it should not be open for anyone to say in such cases that intervention in any form and in any circumstances, is "ultra vires" of the Congress under the Calcutta resolution.

INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS OF IRANIAN ART

Efficacy Of National Ideals

(By Abdul Aziz Azad.)

MOSCOW, Sept. 22.

After carrying on its work in Leningrad, and hearing about 60 papers read by learned experts and authorities on Iranian art, the International Congress of Iranian Art adjourned to hold its final session in Moscow, where the delegates representing 25 countries were carried by a special train.

The closing session of the Third International Congress of Iranian Art and Archaeology was held at the Central House of the Red Army, and was marked with great liveliness and enthusiasm, that was reflected in the speeches of the delegates and savants of the various countries participating in this Congress. Most of the speakers expressed their thanks to the Soviet authorities who had shown such a keen interest in the work of the Congress, and who had given such precious aid in the organization of the splendid exhibition of Iranian Art, occupying 80 large halls in the Uritski Palace and the Hermitage State Museum in Leningrad.

M. Hekmet, the Iranian Minister of Public Education, himself paid a glowing tribute to the great services rendered by the Soviet Union in calling the Congress, which, he said, was of enormous importance. Mr. Hekmet also said that without the direct interest and assistance of the Soviet Government both the Congress and the grand and unique Exhibition of Persian art would not have achieved such a triumph of success that it did, in the general opinion of the delegates.

New And Fundamental Ideas

A vivid picture of the activities of the Leningrad Congress of Iranian Art can well be observed in the statement of Professor Arthur Upham Pope, director of the American Institute of Iranian Art and Archaeology, who represented America at the Congress. Professor Pope's statement was as follows:—

"New and fundamental ideas on difficult subjects were brought forth for the first time at this Congress. It is clear that the Congress has marked an important stage in the history of studies of Near Eastern culture, which certainly at no other time made such a marked advance.

"Of the 60 or more papers that were read at the Congress there are many that will be long remembered. Prof. T. J. Arne, of Stockholm, gave an outstanding report of an expedition to the Iranian steppes. M. Salles of the Louvre, Paris, gave for the first time a report of his Balis excavations which reveal beautiful and historically important stucco of the 11th century and which provide material for an entirely new interpretation and dating of the virile and rich ornaments of the Seljuks, who created a giant empire in western Asia just before the First Crusade. M. Goddard, chief of antiquities for Iran, showed the link between the early mosque architecture of Iran and the preceding architecture of Sassanian times (220-650) and a very acute analysis of plans of some unknown structures.

Work Of Women Delegates

Brilliant papers were also read by some of the Soviet scholars, including Professors Yakubovski, Diakanov, Romakevish, Stralkov and Denike. Valuable contributions were made towards the solution of the problems of classification and identification of Iranian faience and textiles by the American delegates. One feature of this whole Congress was the work of the women delegates: Dr. Laura Morgenstern of France, Dr. Phyllis Ackerman of America, Vera Krachkovskaya of the USSR, and Prof. Camille of the USSR. This was the first Congress on Iranian art to which women scholars contributed papers.

The broadest general idea was presented by Prof. Saare of Berlin whose contribution stressed the persistence and efficacy of the Iranian national idea which was a vital factor in the maintenance of her culture and which is so adequately recorded and expressed in art. The Congress was closed by an eloquent address by Prof. Orbelli, of Leningrad, who delivered a most inspiring challenge to young scholars to carry on with new technical resources the work begun by the older generation.

Magnificent Exhibition

The Congress members left the Soviet Union greatly stimulated by the personal contacts, exciting new ideas and the important material which they came in contact with here. All regretted the shortness of the time for the study of the magnificent exhibition, which surprised everyone by its unexpected and unprecedented wealth of material presented in such a systematic and beautiful fashion. Every member of the Congress felt he could have spent

(Continued on page 7, col. 6.)

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER

Reaction To The Abyssinian War

(From Our Own Correspondent)

PRAGUE, Oct. 8.

Attention at the moment in Europe, as may be well imagined, is greatly concentrated on the Abyssinian issue, which has advanced to a new stage, with the commencement of hostilities by Italy a few days back. The outbreak of war, following Italian attack and advance on Abyssinia, has not come very much as a surprise. Italy is seen as having proceeded according to a line drawn long in advance in Rome. In most European capitals, the position at present is viewed greatly from the background of possibilities of the Italian-Abyssinian conflict leading to wider repercussions extending to or closely involving various European States themselves. Such repercussions are looked upon as extremely likely with a prolongation of the conflict in Africa. Great Britain is recognized as taking a position of considerable opposition to Italy having regard to various vital interests of British Empire. In British position, at the same time, there are references, alike to implications of British Empire's interests being threatened by Italian peneteration and advance at a vital point and also to a defeat of Italy representing a European Power by Abyssinia. England is aware of certain wider psychological reactions that the Japanese victory over Russia brought. This calls London to delay and caution which obviously go against Abyssinia.

Position Of France

Much, of course, depends on the attitude of France. About this the position remains still uncertain and one of much speculation. The present French Foreign Minister. M. Laval, is reported to be greatly concerned about not endangering the friendship of Italy in the light of the situation in Europe. He is inclined to attach great value and weight to it. Under his leadership, official France is led to put much weight on the theory or idea of "little war"; that is, of Italy getting to a more conciliatory mood after a period of military operations which will open a more opportune moment for successful negotiations. The optimism behind this, apart from other aspects of it, is not shared greatly in all quarters. Simultaneously the weight of Left currents in France is being brought more to the line of adopting a firmer stand against Italy as ultimately the better and safer course for French interests. French hesitancy is also due to the impression caused by the way that Britain opened naval negotiations with Germany and concluded the naval agreement with Berlin, after Street.

Attitude Of Other States

In the Little Entente States (Czechoslovakia, Roumania and Jugoslavia) as, indeed, in Turkey, there is much sympathy for Abyssinia. This is mixed with the desire, more marked in the case of some, not to let sharp turns lead to a re-orientation of Italy coming most to the advantage of Germany. The Soviet Union's sympathy is underlined as being closely for Abyssinia. Germany is seen as showing extreme reserve. It is, however, known that Berlin is very carefully following the situation with a view to strengthen an understanding with Italy. Austria and Hungary show considerable sympathy for Italy. Poland is also regarded as being inclined to bring good amount of favourable outlook towards Italy. There is behind the definite trend of sympathy in official quarters in the last mentioned States the interest of securing the dictatorial character of their regimes and also estimates of a political grouping in connection with which certain recent negotiations between Germany, Poland and Hungary have come for much attention. Generally it is thought, that whatever course the Italian-Abyssinian conflict might now take, it is in any case, bound to leave strong impressions that will bear great import on strengthening certain lines of political groupings or come to excercise close influence on political systems in Europe with far-reaching and international significance.

Russian-Czechoslovakian Understanding

The policy of strengthening the understanding between Soviet Union and Czechoslovakia initiated some time ago is being steadily pursued in both countries. The change in Poland's orientation newly and the development of a state of tension between Poland and Czechoslovakia have given a new impulse to move in this direction. Further evidence of this course is furnished by the visit to Czechoslovakia this week of an important delegation of writers and journalists, the latter representing papers with a total circulation of 40 millions, of Soviet Union. Speaking at a reception given two days back in Prague to the delegation, the Soviet Minister, M. Alexandrovski, in the course of a speech generally commented upon as "very significant," underlining the course of co-operation between Soviet Union

(Continued on page 9, col. 4.)

Frankly Speaking

CHINA AND INDIA.

Mr. J. N. Basu, the Liberal leader of Bengal, has just returned from a visit to China and it seems that he toured that country with at least his eyes half-open. The crippling effect of economic control from outside, he says, was bitterly felt by the whole people of China. Mr. Basu also discovered that "with the foreign settlements in some of the principal cities and with their Customs and Railways mortgaged to foreign capitalists, the Chinese have natural sympathy for all people who are trying to have control over their own political and economic affairs." The Chinese have realised what they have suffered and what they are suffering from foreign economic imperialism. And that realisation is sufficiently keen to enable them to feel for others. The lesson to Mr. Basu and men of his way of thinking, of his discovery is obvious. The question is: Will they learn it?

AMERICAN NEUTRALITY.

Mr. Stimson's criticism of the American Neutrality Act and President Roosevelt's attitude is not exaggerated in the least. The position of the United States is quite truly such as to indicate no moral difference between Italy, which has begun the war, and the other nations, which are trying to end it. Indeed, American "neutrality" constitutes both moral and material encouragement to Italy. The Neutrality Act places an embargo on the export of arms, but it exempts the raw materials of munitions, and it is raw materials that Italy needs. Morally, the pursuit of "Neutrality" involves also neutrality as regards the efforts of the League of Nations to fight, however feebly, the aggressor. This as the 'New York Times' points out, "would strengthen Signor Mussolini in his resolve to disregard his obligations and his country's word."

DEFYING PUBLIC OPINION

Mr. L. R. Tairse declared in the Legislative Council on Tuesday that, if Government paid no heed to the Opposition and persisted in hustling the Motor Bill through the House, they would have either to talk out the Bill or walk out. But Government refused either to circulate the Bill or even to postpone its consideration to enable the members to examine the numerous amendments to it. They are indeed getting on merrily with the Bill defeating almost every non-official amendment. As Mr. Tairsee caustically observed, Government insist on "the Bill, the whole Bill, and nothing but the Bill". Sir Rafiuddin Ahmed was far more caustic when he remarked that to compare Government to Shylock was unfair to the latter.

TWO-SEATER TAXIS

A curious concession made by Government was their acceptance of Mr. W. G. Lely's amendment urging a reduced tax on two-seater taxis. It is not yet clear from this whether Government propose to permit the introduction of the two-seaters in the near future or they made the concession just because they would lose nothing by it now or in the near future. The latter explanation seems more probable and is strengthened by the belief in the City Police headquarters that there is no early prospect of such taxis being introduced in the City. In any case the reduced tax is itself calculated to hasten their introduction.

HOLIDAYS FOR WORKERS

The Bombay Textile Labour Union have made a very cogent case for compulsory holidays with pay for workers, in the letter they have addressed to Government on the subject. One of the main difficulties adduced as coming in the way of making any scheme compulsory, is the migratory nature of Indian labour. This has been the stock argument from the earliest days, but it is very clear that during the last few years there is being created a class of proletarians who have made a complete break with the country and who are now centralised in the cities. As the letter pertinently observes: "To state that a compulsory scheme of holidays cannot be generally applied because Indian labour is migratory, is to mistake the consequence for the cause". For the proper success to the scheme, however, careful safeguards will have to be devised, as some employers will not be slow in circumventing the scheme by all means at their command. It is to be hoped that Government will pay their earnest attention to this important question and arrive at any early decision.

-PRESS VIEWS-

Unseemly Scramble

We are really amazed that after the speech of Dr. Ambedkar in which he did not use a single word to denote any particular anxiety in his mind for some easy and suitable method for communion with God, but only expressed his craze for equality of material status there should be any anxiety on the part of any religious community to have him as a convert. But not only has it been so, but there has actually commenced a regular scramble to have him in the fold of every religion of the world. This only shows that real religion has ceased to have any meaning with most persons.—"Forward."

Liberals' Chance

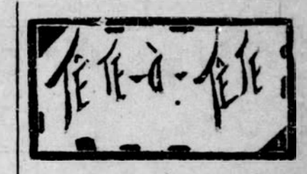
Into the question whether the Liberals will be able to secure Ministerships, we have no desire to enter at present. They are somewhat influential in Bombay but not in other Provinces. If the Congress Party decides, which is doubtful, against acceptance of office, the Liberals may hope to see their ambition partially fulfilled in some Provinces, but not otherwise. In the Central Provinces, the Liberal Party has very few adherents.—"Daily News."

Pro-Office Propaganda

The postponement of an answer to the question of acceptance of office, regrettable as it is in view of the inevitable drift it will create, gives an excellent chance to the pro-changers to stump the country with their oratory and train and augment their forces for a final trial of strength at Lucknow. They should make strenuous efforts to capture a majority on the next A. I. C. C. when the elections for it will be held in December. To persuade the Congress electors to return only those who are in favour of a change will not be a difficult task; for there is no doubt that a vast majority of the country are in favour of a try-out with office under the new constitution.—"National Call."

Who Is Responsible ?

Even granting that there is some truth in the Commander-in-Chief's remarks, who is responsible for the inefficiency of Indian youths? In considering this we must assert that there is no reason why all the army officers should be drawn from the nobility only. The commoner would also serve the purpose as efficiently if given a chance and properly trained. India had been essentially a warlike country until the advent of the British and if we have not enough men fit for the Army, there must be something emasculating about the British administration. Though an initiative has been taken to drown the clamour for Indianisation, we have not found it so far anything more than a process of symptomic approximation.—"Independent."



COUNSEL OF CRANIAL VIOLENCE

Mr. Jinnah calls upon "the various leaders now to put their heads together and hammer out a definite and common policy. . . "

Doctors had better be ready with their instruments and bandages.

* * * *

A Khan Bahadur Deputy Superintendent of Police in the Delhi C.I.D authoritatively declares that Congressmen, Socialists and Communists are all chips of the same block.

We wonder why he did not include communalists also. It might have at least pleased Sir Henry Cr. L.A.A. Craik.

* * * *

Criticising Doctor Ambedkar's logic, Sjt. Jairamdas Daulatram says "We, Indians, may as well leave India and settle in a foreign land, simply because the British will not yield us our rights within the time we dictate."

In fairness to Doctor Ambedkar, it must be pointed out that he has never committed himself to the condemnation of this course as absurd.

* * * *

The Benares Harijan Sewak Mandal urges that conversion is no cure for the ills of the Harijans.

But the conversion of Hindu Orthodoxy most certainly is.

* * * *

As a gesture of peace to Britain, Signor Mussolini has ordered the withdrawal of one out of the three extra-divisions stationed in Libya.

The proportion probably is a symbolical gesture to Brit—we mean the League of Nations—as regards the Italian demands. She will withdraw a third of them if two-thirds are acceded to. And we won't be surprised if-er-er-the League does accede to them.

* * * *

Baldwin says: "We have no intention of acting by ourselves or going farther than we can get the whole League to go."

Yes, but what about acting with France and Italy or going farther back than "we can get the whole League to go"?

* * * *

"The lesson this crisis has shown" declared Mr. Baldwin, "is that in the interest of world peace it is essential that our Defence Services should be stronger than they are to-day."

So much for loyalty to Geneva and the collective system.

* * * *

By the way, wouldn't other countries pay Mr. Baldwin the high compliment of applying the same lesson to their own "Defence" Services.

We might soon witness a Marathon "race" to strengthen "Defence Services" of Britain, America, Russia, France, Germany Japan etc. And it would be a very fast race because the speed must be related to the most important unit of "Defence" the 300 m.p.h. aeroplane.

* * * *

In the Lords, Lord Stanhope hopefully visualised the disillusionment of Italy "by next year".

This will greatly comfort Abyssinia and possibly encourage her to die with optimism as to her future.

* * * *

Mr. Lloyd George asserted that undoubtedly something had happened in the past days.

Mr. Lloyd George knows better than many people how British statesmanship is never static.

* * * *

Replying (sic) to Mr. Nariman and Dewan Bahadur Lathe, Mr. Ganpat Rai of the Hindu Mahasabha declared that the majority communities of Bengal, the Punjab, Sind and N.-W. F. Province, i. e., the Musalmans, "are steeped in fanatic foreign religious faiths and traditions."

One need not wonder, therefore, as to what he means by "undiluted and unalloyed principles of democracy and nationalism." That is to say, if he does mean anything at all. Which we sadly and gravely doubt.

Poor chap, he deserves sympathy for his affliction.

* * * *

The young doctor was trying to cheer up his lugubrious patient.

"Four years ago," he said, "I had exactly the same symptoms as yours, and look at me now!"

"Yes," replied the patient, "but what doctor did you have?"

"No Bargaining: No Imperialistic Deal"

Eden's Reply To Critics

Britain Shall Not Act Alone

Hoare Left Vital Things Completely Obscure In Tuesday's Speech, Complains Lloyd George

Re-echoing Sir Samuel Hoare's hope for a settlement of the Italo-Ethiopian dispute, Mr. Anthony Eden declared in the Commons on Wednesday that there was no need to be suspicious about the present negotiations. "There is no question of bargaining, he said, "still less some imperialistic deal. The only assurance given to Italy is that we shall not act alone."

Earlier, Mr. Lloyd George complained that Sir Samuel Hoare had left some vital things completely obscure in his speech on Tuesday, and wanted specific information regarding the Franco-Italian agreement in January and the Stresa Conference.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY)

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, Oct. 23.

On the continuation of the debate on Foreign Affairs in the House of Commons Mr. Lloyd George asserted that Sir Samuel Hoare had left some vital things completely obscure. He asked specific information regarding the Franco-Italian agreement in January and the Stresa Conference, and declared that between January and September France sent to Italy 478 tons of distillation coal, which is practically T. N. T. and also 697 tons of glycerine for great guns. Finally he asserted that undoubtedly something happened during the past days.

Mr. Lloyd George asked whether Britain promised to withdraw a part of her fleet from the Mediterranean.

Only Negotiations

Mr. Antnony Eden in reply asserted vigorously: "I have absolutely nothing to hide. The report of the Geneva Committee under Article 16 represents the only negotiations that there have been."

As regards the query whether Britain was committed to compensation for other States Mr. Eden replied: "We are committed to them by the Covenant" and proceeded to cite the history of the diplomatic activities since December. With the object of rebutting the charge of dilatoriness he alluded to the representations between January-March, one of which was to Signor Mussolini personally.

Towards the end of March, Italy gave assurance that she would proceed with the negotiations rapidly, and was anxious to apply their principles at Geneva in the spirit of moderation and peace.

Mr. Eden reviewed the proceedings up to his visit to Rome with the proposals of settlement, and expressed deep regret that on this occasion, like very many others, British efforts to find the solid basis of negotiations were unsuccessful.

False Analogy

Mr. Eden concluded with a recital of the long months' negotiations: "Each time the negotions failed through the Italian refusal to accept even the basis of discussions."

As to the application of the Hague Convention regarding the Italian warships and auxiliaries, Mr. Eden declared that to do less would be treating the Covenant Breaker more favourably than it would be entitled to as if the breach of the Covenant did not occur.

Answering his critics, Mr. Eden said the Sino-Japanese dispute was a false analogy. Japan had not been declared an aggressor by the League, and the dispute did not, at any stage, result in resort to war by either parties. China did not rupture her relations with Japan, and did not invoke Article 16. Moreover, there were practical considerations since two great States bordering on the Pacific were not League Members, and the essential conditions for collective action were absent.

No Bargaining

Re-echoing Sir Samuel Hoare's hope for a settlement, Mr. Eden said that there was no need to be suspicions about the negotiations. "There is no question" he said "of a bargain being made, still less some imperialistic deal. The only assurance given to Italy is that we shall not act alone."

Mr. Lloyd George interposed: "You said that before."

Capt. Eden retorted: "We have said it again. Mr. Lloyd George may be astonished but he would not be if he read the Italian press. Those who are engaged in this unhappy dispute can not have enthusiasm for the task. But here was a duty, and it must be done". (Cheers).

The debate continues to-morrow, Premier Baldwin having refused time for the debate on the Labour motion of censure on unemployment.

"FABLE ECONOMIC SANCTIONS"

League Must Produce Real Disarmament, Says Lord Lothian

In the course of the debate on foreign affairs in the Lords, Lord Lothian said that economic sanctions sufficed, but confessed that he was horrified at the lightness with which Lord Stanhope had said that the Government did not contemplate their appreciable effect until the next year.

"Are we going to wait," he asked, "three, six and twelve months doing nothing but inflicting fable economic sanctions? Peace must be restored by the year-end to prevent a worse catastrophe. The League must face the present conditions and produce a real disarmament."

The possibility of the League administration of Abyssinia was envisaged by Lord Noel Buxton who said, "we shall have to face the establishment of a League Colonial Service if Italian annexation is to be avoided."

The debate was adjourned till to-morrow.

STATE BURIAL FOR CARSON

LONDON, Oct. 23.

Lord Carson's body will be conveyed to Belfast aboard the destroyer "Broke", for burial in the Belfast Cathedral. Northern Ireland Parliament has passed a special measure to enable Lord Carson being given a State funeral. —Reuter.

KINGSFORD SMITH ABANDONS FLIGHT

Sequel To Bad Weather In Adriatic

BRINDISI, October 24.

Sir Charles Kingsford Smith flying back to England will arrive there this evening as the weather is sti l bad in the Adriatic.—Reuter's Special.

VICTORY FOR OXFORD 'VARSITY

LONDON, October 24.

In the match under the Rugby Union Rules the Oxford University beat New Port for 12 to nil.—Reuter's Special.

FIELD HOSPITAL NEAR HARRAR

PARIS, Oct. 23.

An advance guard of the Swedish Red Cross unit passed through Paris to-day, en route to Ethiopia.

It is proposed to establish a field hospital with 100 beds near Harrar.—Reuter.

"Neutrality Will Do More Harm Than Good"

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.

An outspoken criticism of President Roosevelt's neutrality policy was made by Mr. Stimson, the former Secretary of State, in a nationwide broadcast, declaring that the Neutrality Act was likely to do more harm than good. Mr. Stimson appealed for an extension of the present American embargo on the export of munitions to include raw materials.

He further added no word has yet been said to indicate that there is any moral difference between Italy which has begun the war and the other nations which are trying to end it. Mr. Roosevelt is the only person who could effectively arouse and marshal such moral opinion."

Lend Full Support To League

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.

An appeal to President Roosevelt to lend his powerful support to the League's Peace efforts by refraining from evasion or mere curt acknowledgment of the League report to the United States is made by the "New York Times," which declares that this would strengthen Sgr. Mussolini in his resolve to disregard his obligations and his country's word. The United States had his duty to give a reply which would hearten the League in its great effort to enforce peace.

Canadian Chairman For I. L. O.

(Special Cable.)

GENEVA, October 24.

Walter Riddel, the Canadian delegate, was elected Chairman of the Governing Body of the International Labour Organisation on the motion of the Japanese delegate.

The application of 40-hour week to textile industry will be discussed to-day.

Lord Morris Dead

LONDON, October 24.

Death has occurred of Lord Morris.—Reuter's Special.

(Baron Edward Patrick Morris was premier of New Foundland 1909-18; he was also member of British War Cabinet 1916-17, Counsel for British Government in North Atlantic Fisheries Dispute at the Hague 1910. He was the Vice-Chairman, since its formation of the Imperial Mineral Resources Bureau. At the time of his death he was 77 years of age.)

ORIGIN OF ARYANS

Narmada Valley Research Secretary Questions Dr. Prannath's Theory

(From Our Correspondent.)

INDORE, Otc. 23.

Speaking on the research work he has been carrying on in the regions of the Narmada Valley which, according to the speaker, was the cradle of the Aryan Civilization embracing the whole of the human race during the prehistoric era Mr. V. R. Karandikar, Secretary of the Narmada Valley Research Board, said that he had recently discovered in Gandhabal (Holkar's State) and Ujjain valuable finds of archaeological interest remains of ancient civilization which flourished in the region.

The origin of these finds consisting of the ruins of a temple and images, as big as the size of man found buried 40 ft. underground at Gandhabal, and an ancient well at Ujjain could easily be traced, continued the speaker, to the 6th or 7th century A.D. Mr. Karandikar further held the opinion that the site of the village must have been a prosperous city.

VESTIGES OF ARYAN CIVILIZATION.

The lecturer did not subscribe to the theory advanced by Dr. Prannath of the Benares University that the Aryans orginally migrated from Babylon to India and settled down in the plains of the Narmada Valley, on the other hand incontrovertible traditional evidence of the fact that the Aryans were the original dwellers of the Narmada region which spread the civilization to other parts, had been forthcoming.

Mr. Karandikar proceeded to say that archaeolcgical excavations had revealed the vestiges of that civilization in the Narmada valley region which had escaped destruction of the devastating floods which brought havoc to the rest of the land.

The Government of India have deputed the Assistant Superintendent of the Archaeolcgical Survey to assist Mr. Karandikar in his research work.

COMMUNAL TENSION IN DHAR STATE

(From Our Correspondent.)

INDORE, Oct. 24.

Hindu-Moslem tension is reported from the Dhar State. The trouble which has centred round a mosque, seems to threaten the public peace of the capital of the State, where the two sister communities had lived together in the past in perfect amity and concord.

The A. G. G. in Central India has returned from the State after discussing the situation with the authorities, who appear to have been instructed by the former to do everything in their power to ease the tense situation.

RAJEN BABU'S KERALA TOUR

CALICUT, (By Mail).

Mr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Indian National Congress is expected to tour in Kerala in the first week of December. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Mr. Bhulabhai Desai have also been invited to visit Kerala.m

It is probable that Mr. Rajendra Prasad will open the Swadeshi Exhibition to be held in Calicut on 1st December.—A.P.

The Anjuman-I-Islam of Belgaum, the Grand Muslim Union of Bombay and the Young Muslim Association of Malegaon have sent letters to Dr. Ambedkar inviting him to enter the fold of Islam.

ARITHMETIC PAPER LEAKAGE ECHO

Schools Committee Takes Disciplinary Action

The question of the leakage of the IVth Standard Arithmetic paper came up at last examination came up before the Schools Committee at its sitting on Thursday.

The report submitted by the Sub-committee which was appointed to go into the matter was unanimously adopted. It was also decided to put on record the minute of dissent by Mr. Curtay, a member of the Sub-committee.

Three of the teachers who were suspended were recommended to re-join duty, without any guilt being attached to them. Some more disciplinary measures against teachers were also taken including light fines and warnings.

The Sub-committee had a sittings in the course of its arduous enquiry into the matter.

LOAN FOR SCHOOLS.

Also a resolution was passed requesting the Corporation to raise a loan of 10 lakhs or to appropriate a similar sum for the purpose of constructing school buildings so that spacious and big rooms could be provided.

The matter was referred to the Finance and Establishment committees and the Secretary of the Schools Committee was requested to prepare the scheme.

SCOTTISH FREE-MASONRY IN INDIA

Sir Shapoorjee Billimoria Appointed Grand Superintendent

Communication has been received from the Supreme Grand Royal Arch Chapter of Scotland that at the Quarterly Convocation of the Supreme Grand Chapter held on 20th September, the appointment of Sir Shapoorjee Billimoria, the Sheriff of Bombay, as Grand Superintendent for the whole of the District of India was confirmed in the place of Mr. A. M. Kajiji (Ex-Judge, Bombay High Court), who retires from that office.

It is interesting to observe that while Sir Temulji Nariman as the Grand Master of the All Scottish Freemasonry in India has jurisdiction over all the daughter Lodges in India, Sir Shapoorjee as the Grand Superintendent will exercise jurisdiction as the head of the All Scottish Royal Arch Chapters throughout the whole of India, Burma and Ceylon.

Sir Shapoorjee will be installed to

WOMEN WORKERS DOWN TOOLS

The Secretary of G. K. Union, writes:—

Owing to the low wages that the women workers in the Srinivas Mills received during this month, they were very much dissatisfied and intimated the same to the owners and awaited their reply for more than a week. Failing to get their grievances redressed the employees have taken recourse to strike since last Monday.

A meeting of the women employees was held on Thursday morning under the auspices of the Girni Kamgar Union, under the presidentship of Mr. Wamanrao Kulkarni, Messrs Karnik and Bhise addressed the strikers. The strikers empowered the Union to address a letter on behalf of the workers and decided to carry on the strike till their grievances were redressed.

The main grievance is that the wages for the last three months have been very low. During this month they received as much as Rs. 7 to 10 less than what they were usually getting.

The Labour Officer asked the workers to join work unconditionally, when the matter was reported to him. This reply being not satisfactory to the workers, they took recourse to strike.

Big Battle Is Impending

Italians To Make Further Thrust In North?

ADDIS ABABA, Oct. 23.

All reports suggest that there is a big battle impending though there is no confirmation of the report that Ras Desta's right wing based at Webbeshibeli is heavily engaged with General Graziani's left wing.

Many military observers here expect the Italians to make a further thrust in the north.—Reuter

DOOR TO PEACE NOT CLOSED

ROME, Oct. 23.

The fact that diplomatic conversations are proceeding shows that the doors to peace are not closed.

Therefore, there is ground for optimism. But it should be tempered by the fact that the conversations have not come down to concrete facts as far as the Ethiopian question is concerned, stated an authoritative spokesman in an interview with Reuter.—Reuter.

ITALIAN FORCES IN LIBYA

LONDON, Oct 23.

It is understood that British response to the Italian decision with regard to the troops in Libya is not yet decided.

It is pointed out that Italy will still have two divisions in Libya.

In the meanwhile, contrary to a belief in London that the Italian decision is unconditional, Reuter from Rome quotes that an authoritative spokesman who declared if the report that Britain has ordered the withdrawal of her two battleships from the Mediterranean is confirmed, Italy might withdraw a part of her forces from Libya.—Reuter.

LITTLE ENTENTE AND ARMS EMBARGO

GENEVA, Oct. 23.

The Little Entente (Rumania, Jugoslavia, Czechoslovakia) has informed the League that they are applying the arms embargo, and suspension of financial relations, and sanctions against Italy.

Twenty-five States are now applying the arms embargo against Italy and five have suspended financial relations.—Reuter.

General Rodolfo Graziani, who, an unconfirmed report said, was busy with Ras Desta's right wing on the Abyssinian front.

INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS OF IRANIAN ART

(Continued from page 6.)

months of profitable study on the material that was shown, and many scholars returned to Leningrad after the sessions in Moscow in order to continue the study of the exhibition material."

At its closing session, the Congress confirmed the appointment of a permanent committee of the International Association of Iranian Art and Archaeology consisting of representatives of 22 countries. Academician Orbelli, Prof. K. Trever, and Prof. Danike entered the committee as representatives of the USSR.

After the final session the delegates were entertained at a dinner party given by the Soviet Premier, Mr. V. Molotov, and at a reception held by Mr. Said, the Iranian Charge d'Affairs in Moscow. Most of the delegates, after the closing of the Congress, returned to Leningrad to continue their study of the Exhibition of Iranian Art at the Hermitage Museum.

DAMAGES AGAINST IMPERIAL AIRWAYS

Widow Of Killed Passenger Wins Suit

LONDON, Oct. 23.

£4,000 damages were awarded against the Imperial Airways at the King's Bench Division on the claim of the wife of Louis Grein killed on December 30, 1933 when the company's airliner crashed on the radio mast at Ruysselede in Belgium, killing ten persons.

The defendants denied negligence and urged that in any case their liability did not exceed 1,25,000 francs.

Mr. Justice Lewis found the pilot competent and fearless but failing to get a wireless message or a pick-up land-mark, he should have returned to Brussels.

Execution stay of execution (?) was granted, pending the possibility of appeal.

DO YOU

BELIEVE IN BEAUTY?

Do you remember being asked when you went to see Peter Pan if you believed in fairies? If you said "No"—somewhere a fairy died. So it is with the woman who refuses to believe in Beauty—her beauty fades and dies. If you want to be beautiful, *believe in Beauty*. Believe, too, that you can achieve beauty however unattractive you may be to-day.

One of the first essentials of true beauty is a clear, unblemished complexion. Given that, all things are possible. In this climate, fair complexions are in the minority. Too many women are content to "let themselves go"—and make our Indian climate an excuse for shrivelled weather-beaten skins. This is so mistaken. You can acquire the velvet-smooth complexions of your Northern sisters so easily. Just bleach away that tan—beneath it lies a new, lovely youthful complexion. It is so easy to do—all you want is an ounce or two of Mercolized Wax from your chemist. Smooth a thin film of this magic wax over face, neck and hands nightly. While you sleep, the wax will absorb the discoloured outer skin. Just give it a brief ten-day trial (if your skin has been very neglected it may take longer) and see how marvellously it improves your appearance. Your complexion is shades lighter—lovely. Once you adopt the wax habit you will never give it up.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

INSPECTOR WADE— *'WHITE FACE'*

DOCTOR MARFORD CONTINUES HIS CONFESSION
WHEN I BENT DOWN TO FEEL HIS HEART, I FOUND THE DAGGER BATEMAN HAD STOLEN FROM LANDOR!—I USED IT!—
10-3
--AND HID IT UP YOUR SLEEVE 'TIL YOU COULD DISPOSE OF IT!
EXACTLY!
HE KILLED MY HUSBAND! YOU WERE THERE!—WHY DIDN'T YOU STOP HIM?
PLEASE, MRS. BATEMAN! THAT WON'T HELP NOW!
LYMAN ANDERSON
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Help Abyssinia

AN APPEAL TO INDIA

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I wish to appeal to the public in India to ask prayers to be offered to Almighty God for the just cause of Ethiopians and their victory against the Italians.

I also request them to do what is possible to assist our Ethiopian brethren either by sending some medical missions or making financial contributions in their urgent need, so that they may be able to engage more medical staff for their wounded.

Because Ethiopia is very short of medical staff, I feel sure my brothers and sisters will answer my appeal for assistance for a nation for whom it is a matter of life or death.—Yours, etc.,

WAZIR ALI BAIG.

Dire Dawa,
(Abyssinia) Oct. 17.

II

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—One hears and reads much about Abyssinia these days, and about the courage and patriotism of this enthusiastic and zealous race of born warriors.

Bombay has held its public meeting of citizens expressing their horror of war in general and their great sympathy for the Italo-Abyssian war in particular.

In eloquent and fervent tones she lodged her protest against the brutal force of might against right, efficiency against helplessness and organised discipline against primitive confusion. Is she going to rest content with these comparisons or is she going to put her realisations into quick effect by supplying the funds necessary to help this distant country to nurse her sick soldiers back into health to fight their way to victory, and bring solace and comfort to the dying souls on the battle fields?

It does not promote a feeling of peace and happiness to know that while we are very sorry for Abyssinia, we are doing nothing to relieve her sufferings. I appeal to all those who feel likewise to send their mite, however small, towards the Abyssinian Red Cross Fund, Readymoney Mansion, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.—Yours, etc.,

BAPSEY SABAWALA.

Dr. Ambedkar's Threat

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Knowing as I do Mahatmaji personally, his comment on Dr. Ambedkar's recent speech at Yeola came as it might have also to others—like a surprise. It is beyond my comprehension to understand how "untouchability is on its last legs." Is it possible for the high souled Dr. Ambedkar to enter any temple, to drink water from a public well, or to enter a Hindu hotel without being prosecuted? There are not even signs on the horizon of our villages indicating any decline of of untouchability.

Dr. Ambedkar's solution might appear to many of the caste Hindus as a mirage; but let them understand that there are—and will be—many forces which would convert the mirage into a refreshing oasis. Let them take note that the heavy load of untouchability has almost become intolerable, and the time is not far off when definite steps will be taken to secede from the Hindu religion. It is high time now for them to awaken and look to the realities. The lame execuse of requiring time to wipe off the hoary traditions of our Hindu religion will not do.

Will the Indians wait another century for their Swaraj?—Yours, etc.,

R. R. BHOLE.

Deolali.
Oct. 18.

Tralsa's Address To Governor

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to the Broach news in your paper of today at p. 16. Headed "Tralsa protest against address to Governor" I have the honour to address you as under:—

Our Association is a public institution under the management of a committee elected from members every year.

Tralsa is a village selected by us for "village uplift" work since last year, and we are doing our duty in that village in our own way. We believe in co-operation with all in our work and have invited His Excellency the Governor of Bombay to visit the village to see our work there and encourage us in our efforts, when he comes on official visit to this district in December next.

Your correspondent's version that Tralsa people have protested against an address being given to His Excellency by the District Local Board is not correct. The representative of the village on the Board, Mr. Madhavsang D. Raj, has not only voted for the address, but has also strongly supported it. The Village Association has passed a resolution welcoming His Excellency to the village and is making huge preparations to receive him.—Yours, etc.,

I. N. DESAI,

Broach.

Hon. Secretary, the Broach Dist. Agri. Art & Industrial Association, Broach.

U. P. Socialist Conference

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 24.

The U. P. Socialists held their Executive Committee meeting today and fixed November 21 for the Provincial Socialists Conference at Unnao. The Committee also nominated four names for the choice of presidentship.—United Press.

U. P. Council Bye-Election Result

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 24.

Raja Daja has been declared elected M.L.C., from the Allahabad District defeating Mr. Indrapal Singh.—United Press.

In the recent explosion on 14th inst. near Sursagar tank a Harijan named Hira Lakha was seriously injured. He succumbed to the injuries.

Menaka's New Ballet

Decided Art Advancement

The second programme on Thursday night of Menaka's farewell season at the Regal was marked by a coherent programme that was, certainly, more remarkable than the one staged the previous night. The numbers were carefully chosen. It began with a simple prelude "Mangal Prabhat" which was followed by the Bhima-Dushashan fight depicted in the Malabar tradition. The narrative appeared rather gruesome, but it was spirited and better received, naturally than the tame demonstration on the previous occasion.

Mohanlal and Malati were again their own confident and strongselves in "Prema-Maya," a delightful episode from the old mythology. The Manipuri dance as composed for Menaka and Narendra Kumar was a charming novelty and the "Mridanga" showed the possibility of its artistic employment in the dance which, as solo, would have seemed indifferent on the stage. The costumes of the Manipuri dance were remarkably simple and effective.

Rama Narayen in "Sanhar Nritya" was more confident than on his first presentment of the dance.

Garuda Nritya, another of the "Kathakali" dance was vigorously executed.

The main event of the evening was of course, the "Deva Vijay Nritya," the new ballet to which Menaka has been for months giving serious and thoughtful attention. It was a ballet that brought out the best in every member of the company.

Ram Narayen showed in this ballet some of the subtle swings which remained unemployed, more or less, in other compositions. Menaka's dancing was, unquestionably the crowning touch of the ballet incidents. Mr. A. Muzumdar and Ustad Shakhawat Hussein shared the credit of the musical items that earned, rightly, appreciation.

The matinee this evening at the Regal offers one opportunity to those who have missed the new dance creations of the second programme. The dances of this programme are decidedly a distinct art advancement, a clear evolution of the traditional dancing forms and style to something that has both value and meaning for the modern stage.

MR. B. G. RAO, I.C.S.

Mr. Rao, when went to England in 1930, joined the City and Guilds Engineering College, London, where he was awarded the scholarship—he being the first Indian to be so chosen—and held it for three consecutive years, at the end of which he secured a first-class in B.Sc. (Electrical Engineering). In 1934 he passed the I.C.S. examination.

MILL MANAGEMENT CHARGED WITH MISAPPROPRIATION

Labour Officer Alleges Workers Were Given Charity And Not Pay

How the experiment of running a mill, the initial capital for which was furnished by out-of-job mill workers, ended in fiasco was the allegation made at the Dadar Court on Thursday, when the partners of the Managing Company were asked to show cause why they should not be charged for criminal misappropriation.

MISAPPROPRIATION CHARGE

This was sequel to the complaint filed by Mr. William Gilligan, Labour Officer with the Government of Bombay on September 25 last, in whirh he charged Mr. P. V. Sathe, described as a registered broker of the Bombay Municipality, Mr. L. G. Pradhan, an advocate of the Dadar Court, and Mr. R. S. Parte, a weaving master, all the three being partners of P. V. Sathe & Co., with misappropriation of money.

The Labour Officer in his complaint, stated the management of the Islam Mills passed in quick succession from Bharat & Co., to Kumar & Co., and finally to Sathe & Co.

The idea, he said, was to collect the share capital from out-of-job mill workers on the promise of employment. Financial difficulties stared Kumar & Co. who were on the look-out for a financier.

Mr. P. V. Sathe appeared on the scene and took over the management. To him were handed over the accounts of Kumar & Co. along with Rs. 340. The Labour Officer alleged that Mr. Sathe got rid of the workers, did not pay book their share capital nor their wages for August, and replaced others without the knowledge of the other partners.

Each of the three partners, the complainant said, threw the responsibility on the other two, and when efforts to make good the mill workers' loss failed, the complaint was filed. In all about Rs. 2,500 was needed for this.

The Magistrate then issued a notice to the partners.

DISSENSIONS AMONG PARTNERS

On Thursday, Mr. Saraf appearing for Mr. Sathe stated that the other two partners disagreed with his client, when he took charge. He was prepared to produce documentary evidence showing that the sum of Rs. 340 which he took over from Kumar & Co. had been paid as wages to the workers for July.

After August 8 when he took charge, Mr. Sathe had not collected a farthing and he challenged the prosecution to bring evidence to show that Sathe had collected Rs. 600.

Dealing with the dissensions among the partners, Mr. Saraf said that soon after Sathe took charge, the third accused claimed his salary for four months at the rate of Rs. 550. Sathe had spent Rs. 1,000 from his own pocket as he was a man of honour. Subsequently the Labour Officer intervened.

Mr. L. G. Pradhan stated that but for Sathe who styled himself as a big financier who could stand for two lacs, the scheme would have been a success. He blamed him for the failure. The whole liability was taken by Sathe and he was, he alleged, aided and abetted by Parte, the third accused.

Mr. Gilligan said he could bring evidence to show that Sathe had collected for himself Rs. 600. One Mr. Desai, secretary of Mr. Sathe, had told him that he had been instructed to collect money on Mr. Sathe's behalf.

Mr. Gilligan had asked the three partners to hand over to him Rs. 2,500 with which he could compensate the labourers' losses. Sathe, he said had dismissed the mill workers whom Kumar & Co. had employed and who had paid for getting jobs. He admitted that on August 19, Sathe paid the workers, at the rate of four and six annas which he would call charity and not pay.

The case was adjourned to November 7 to enable the partners to state whether they would pay off Rs. 2,500 and end the matter.

(Continued from column 7.)

"we might save our faces when we go back to Bombay."

Mr. Joag, supported Mr. Patel's amendment.

The House then divided on Mr. Patel's motion which however was lost, 22 voting for and 42 against.

The original amendment also was thrown out.

ALL AMENDMENTS REJECTED

About half a dozen of Rao Saheb Kulkarni's amendments seeking to reduce several rates as provided in the schedule attached to the bill were thrown out, a feature of the whole of this procedure being that there was absolute absence of any reply from the Finance Member, the mover of the Bill who opposed every amendment without giving any reasons for its rejection.

Mr. Humphrey moved that the rate for general license in respect of seven or less number of motor vehicles and in respect of the addition of every seven vehicles or less be reduced from Rs. 300 each to Rs. 150 each. To this Finance Secretary Freke suggested that the rate for general license be reduced to Rs. 150 provided it is made applicable respectively to three or less number of motor vehicles and for an additional three or less number of them. The Finance Secretary had moved an amendment to that effect but Rao Bahadur Kale raised a point of order saying that Mr. Freke's amendment was out of order as it sought to change the very basis of taxation. Messrs Gangoli and Gazdar opposed Mr. Humphrey's amendment.

RAFIUDDIN ACCUSES GOVT.

Sir Rafiuddin Ahmed characterized Government's attitude evinced throughout the debate on the bill as unpolite inasmuch as the Treasury Bench little heeded the opposite benches.

Khan Bahadur Cooper requested the Chair to give decision on Rao Bahadur Kale's point of order which the President upheld. The Government thereupon declared their intention to oppose Mr. Humphrey's amendment which was consequentially put to the house and defeated.

Rao Saheb Kulkarni next moved that the licence tax on additional seven or less number of vehicles besides the first seven be raised to Rs. 350 from Rs. 300 as provided under the schedule.

Rao Saheb said, his intention in moving the amendment was that the burden of taxation should fall on broad shoulders.

Mr. Jog supported the amendment Mr. Chaturbhai Patel advocating its withdrawal.

The amendment was eventually lost.

Dr. Collaco next moved that cars for hire and lorries used for transport or haulage of goods when they are registered solely for use in cantonment and municipal limits be one half of the ordinary rates instead of two-thirds as provided in the bill.

Rao Bahadur Kale inquired if a footnote were operative as part of the bill or if it were merely of a recommendatory character

The House divided on the motion which failed, 15 voting for and 43 against.

BELL'S ANNOUNCEMENT

The Home Member next announced that since Government will be busy with matters connected with the coming political reforms in the ensuing cold weather Government were anxious to finish discussion of the Bills before the Council and other business as early as possible. They will therefore look to adjourning this session to-morrow to some date in november when the House would reassemble in Bombay to transact further business.

The House was then adjourned to ten to-morrow morning.

Motor Bill Debate

Futile Attempts To Reduce Rates

FINANCE MEMBER'S EASY WIN

Poona Session May Adjourn To-day To Meet In Bombay Next Month

In the Bombay Legislative Council on Thursday several amendments were moved to reduce rates provided in the Schedule in connection with the Motor Taxation Bill but all of them were rejected.

Sir Rafiuddin charged the Government with being "unpolite" inasmuch as, according to him, the Treasury Bench little heeded the Opposite Benches.

The Home Member announced that they hoped to adjourn the Session to-day to some date in November when the House would reassemble in Bombay.

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, October. 24.

In the Bombay Legislative Council further discussion was resumed on the schedule of taxes provided under the Motor Taxation Bill. Sir Ali Mahomed Khan Dehlavi was in the chair.

Shaikh Abdul Aziz moved his amendments adjudicating taxes for motor lorries on hire on the proportion of distance within which they ply for hire.

The House divided on Abdul Aziz's motion and rejected it by 22 votes to 39.

Dr. Collaco next moved that where under Clause Five of the Schedule, it was provided that vehicles not exceeding 15 cwt. and those between 15 and 30 cwt. be charged, Rs. 40 and 60 respectively, figures 22-1/2 be substituted in the place of 15 Cwt. in both places.

Rao Bahadur Asavale moved that the figure 22-1/2 be substituted by 24. Mr. Asavale's amendment to amendment was lost by 23 to 43 votes while Dr. Collaco's original motion was defeated by 20 votes to 40.

GENERAL DISCUSSION

Then followed general discussion on the several amendments tabled by the honourable members who found it a complicated job to fit in the various amendments at their proper places. Several suggestions were advanced by members and they only succeeded in making confusion worst confounding

PRESIDENT'S WARNING

The President at this stage rising to sound a warning to the house said that though the proposal of a Select Committee was rejected the house should not forget that it was rejected by the House itself. He knew what the feeling on the popular side of the House was. But he would ask members to see that the dignity and serenity of the procedure in the house was kept.

Dr. Collaco next tried to reduce scales on private cars for touring purposes exceeding 15 cwt and not exceeding 30 cwt. to Rs. 40 instead of Rs. 60.

Mr. P. P. Gangoli suggested a 'via media' that it should be Rs. 50 instead of Rs. 40 as suggested by Dr. Collaco.

Mr. Chaturbhai Patel, saying that Government should not lose too much moved an amendment that for between 15 and 24 cwts. the rate should be Rs. 50 while between 24 and 30 cwts. it should be Rs. 60.

DR. COLLACO'S PUBLIC APPEAL

Dr. Collaco supporting Mr. Patel's amendment said, it was a reasonable one and asked Government to accept it so that

(Continued in column 5.)

INNUMERABLE SECRET TRUSTS

Dr. Gilders's Plea For Registration

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:—

In pursuance of the motion passed at a meeting of the Legislative Council held in October 1935 opinions on Dr. M. D. Gilder's Bill regarding the Parsi Charitable Trusts have been called for. The Bill is published in the Bombay Government Gazette of October 17. In the statement of objects and reasons Dr. Gilder says that it is a well known fact that a large amount of money is locked up in endowment for Parsi public charities which unfortunately are not organised. There are innumerable secret Trusts for public, religious and charitable purposes of Parsis of which the community has no knowledge.

The object of the Bill is, therefore, to secure a positive remedy by making compulsory the registration of important Trusts as also the auditing of their accounts and their periodic submission to the Registrar. Such registration and the publication secured thereby of the aims and objects of the various Trusts would undoubtedly be of great advantage to the community at large.

Those who wish to send their opinions on the Bill must do so to the Secretary, Legislative Council, on or before the 31st December 1935.

Girni Kamgar Union Gets Back Registration

The Acting General Secretary of the G. K. U. writes:—

The Bombay Girni Kamgar Union is again registered Trade Union to-day.

SWADESHI EXHIBITION OPENED

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 24.

A large number of officials and thousands of public were present when the Maharaj Sahebji of Dayalbagh, Agra, opened the Swadeshi Exhibition, which is bigger than that of the previous year. He made an eloquent speech for developing the "Swadeshi" Industry.

Mr. Munshi Iswar Saran, President of the Allahabad Swadesi League and the Exhibition Committee, also spoke.—United Press.

Mr. S. M. Joshi Interviewed In Jail

Mr. S. M. Joshi, who was sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, in connection with speech at Chaupatty on "M. N. Roy day" was interviewed at Sabarmati jail by Rao Sahib Patwardhan, Mr. Shankerrao Agashe and Mr. Tarkunde.

It is learnt that Mr. Joshi looks much pulled down and has lost 5 to 6 lbs. in weight. He looked cheerful and optimistic.

He is kept in 'C' class.

Gongressman Gives Up Fast

ALLAHABAD: Oct. 24.

The Congress worker, who was fasting "unto death" has given up his fast.

at annas 6 per box of three tablets Youth Toilet Soap does all that is required of a toilet soap. Its generous lather cleanses the pores thoroughly. It keeps the skin supple, smooth and youthful. It helps to maintain your youthful, healthy, clear complexion.

Youth toilet Soap is manufactured by the milling process, the most hygienic and modern method of Soap Manufacture.

YOUTH TOILET SOAP

It's a Bosfa Product

Mefd: by:— Bombay Soap Factory, 96, Bhajipala Lane, Bombay No. 3.

A well-known doctor writes:

"After a course of Kalzana the general condition improved, tiredness disappeared, the patient became more cheerful and the entire organism got strengthened and rejuvenated,"

Dr. Cl.

Keep Young

even though youth has passed

Lack of minerals in the body—physicians tell us—is responsible for the loss in vitality and the decrease in power of resistance that are such typical signs of the fact that youth has passed. By taking a course of Kalzana—the mineral food, discovered by the famous Prof. Loew, you will overcome complaints such as *easily induced fatigue, dizziness, difficult breathing, low resistance against colds infectious diseases and avoid high blood-pressure.*

Start taking Kalzana to-day to restore and conserve your vital powers—to fortify your heart and to strengthen your blood. Keep healthy and strong with Kalzana.

Obtainable at all Chemists and Bazars.

Kalzana

241 The Mineral Food for Better Health

FREE

Post this Coupon for a free sample and booklet.

Name .....

Address .....

Send to Dept. B.C. 42

MARTIN & HARRIS LTD., Rowlette Building, Prinsep Street, CALCUTTA

HIS BACK WAS FULL OF ACHES

Work Was Becoming Unbearable

NOW THANKS KRUSCHEN FOR "GOOD HEALTH & DAILY BREAD"

If you have ever suffered with backache you will know just what this man means when he says: "My back was full of aches and pains." No wonder he began to feel that his work was getting too much for him—until he started taking Kruschen Salts. Read what he says now:—

"My age is 50. My work is hot, hard and heavy. Up till recently I felt my work beating me more every week. My back was full of aches and pains, and it was often a hard task to bath after my shift was finished. I suppose I have taken Kruschen Salts now for about four months. I would not have believed its effects if another had told me it was his experience. In my case, Kruschen advertisements are 100-per-cent. truth, and I feel I have to thank Kruschen for my daily bread and good health."—G.M.

The six salts in Kruschen will coax your kidneys back to healthy, normal action. As an immediate result you will experience joyous relief from those old, dragging pains. And as you perservere with the "little daily dose" of Kruschen the twinges will become less and less frequent until finally your backache will be no more than a memory.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

Corrupt Blood Difficult Menopause

In her mature years, woman's system is violently shaken by a storm of the blood which is the contrary of puberty: pains in the womb, giddiness, palpitations of the heart, eruptions on the skin, bursts of heat, fits of melancholy, such are the symptoms of menopause.

Man also falls a victim to the troubles of a kind of menopause. More than ever you must at this period of life, take care of your blood in order to avoid gouty or rheumatic invalidity, anæmia of the brain, heart disease, skin diseases, arterio-sclerosis, varicose veins, phlebitis, ulcers, as well as the effects of syphilis at the third period, all the foregoing being morbid stigmata which become worse after the age of fourty. Then it is that *Richelet's Blood Purifier* triumphs. It cleanses the blood from all its hurtful elements and allows of the "difficult cape of fifty" being rounded in safety. How many patients, given up by their doctors, owe their lives to *Richelet's Blood Purifier* and sing its praises!

RICHELET Laboratories, 6, rue de Belfort, BAYONNE (B.-P.) France. To be had everywhere, or from the sole agents: RICHELET Agency

P. O. Box 817, Bombay.

YOUR LUCK

Simply send us a Post Card with the name of any flower together with your name and address. And we shall send you by V.P.P. for Rs. 1/4/- only Postage extra a detailed account of your forthcoming 12 months, showing among other things profit and loss in business promotions, transfer and reduction in service, births, marriages happiness and other bodily ailments. Directions will also be sent to safeguard yourself from the coming evil influence of the stars. A trial will convince you of the accuracy of our prophecies. Correct answers to any five questions for Rs. 1/4 only. Postage extra.

Note.—A reward of Rs. 100 shall be awarded to any one challenging our statement.

PROFESSOR G. SHUNKER,
Post Box No. 72, LAHORE.

'COULD HARDLY EAT for 29 YEARS"

Stomach Sufferer's amazing recovery.

Here's proof positive you can end stomach trouble! Mr. H. P. Martin, Kelvedon, writes: "I suffered for the last 29 years and could hardly eat anything without pain until I bought 'Bisurated' Magnesia. I was free from pain almost at once. I can now eat without fear and am in better health." 'Bisurated' Magnesia brings relief with amazing speed and certainty because it is specially suited for bad cases—get this marvellous stomach remedy to-day (see the 'BISMAG' oval on every genuine package).

Bombay Life Assurance Company

RECORD OF SUSTAINED GROWTH AND GROWING FINANCIAL STRENGTH

During 1907-08 the wave of Swadeshism, which took its rise in Bengal, began to spread all over the country. This movement was not restricted to the development of indigenous industries, but was understood to include the Indianizing of services such as banking, shipping, and insurance. As for the last named service, it was felt that the premium income received from India should remain in the country so that the accumulation of the same might later be utilized to help indigenous industries. This sentiment of Swadeshism, coupled with the fact that two large Indian Life Offices in Bombay were successfully conducting insurance business, gave a strong impetus to the question of starting new Insurance Companies in India.

A scheme, prepared by Mr. K. Subramania Aiyar, was considered by Sir Lallubhai Samaldas, Mr. C. V. (now Sir Chunilal) Mehta, and the late Messrs. Chunilal D. Sariya and F. R. Joshi, who decided to float a Company on the lines of this scheme, but in a modified form. Having secured the advice and guidance of D. R. Row, M. D., and the assistance of Mr. M. H. Davar for medical and field work respectively, and having the consent of Mr. K.S. Aiyar to act as the Manager the Company was formally registered on the 4th March 1908. After the necessary preliminaries and formalities had been gone through the first policy was issued on the 1st November 1908, when the regular business of insuring lives was commenced.

As the idea of starting the Company originated with that of the Swadeshi Movement, and as the Company was to have purely Swadeshi management, it was decided to call it the "Swadeshi Life Assurance Company". Unfortunately, the name "Swadeshi" had quite the contradictory effect in the then political atmosphere that was surcharged with suspicion After being fully convinced of the adverse influence of the name the Directors, as practical businessmen decided to change the name from "Swadeshi Life" to "Bombay Life" Assurance Company. This was done on the 31st March 1913.

During the initial stage the business of the Company made slow progress. but after the first quinquennial valuation report, the History of the "Bombay Life" is a record of sustained growth and increasing financial strength to its present dimensions. These comparative figures bear testimony to the achievements of this Indian enterprise under Indian management.

In 1909 the total Assurance in force stood only at the small figure of about Rs. 5,50,000, representing hardly 250 policyholders, whereas at the end of 1934 the "Bombay Life" represented the interests of more than 20,335 policyholders carrying insurance covers to the tune of over rupees three crores and seventy-one lakhs. The Life Funds at the end of 1909 amounted to only Rs. 2,075-12-0, whereas in 1934 it aggregated Rs. 58,02,933-3-0. Similarly, the premium income and interest earnings in 1909 came to the small sums of Rs. 17,729-7-0 and Rs. 455-2-10 respectively; after 27 years of sound growth the figures under the respective heads were the huge sums of Rs. 18,85,899-14-5 and Rs. 2,60,406-14-4.

SILVER JUBILEE.

It is considered by authorities on insurance that the best growth in the life of an insurance concern takes place in the post-jubilee period. The "Bombay Life" has gone through the acid test by tiding over the bank crisis, ravages of war and influenza epidemic, post-war depressions during its existence of over 27 years, only to look forward to a still brighter future and greater expansion of its business. Seeing the possibility of vast scope for the expansion of Indian Companies doing Fire and General Insurance business, the Directors started a separate Company to do this class of business under the name and style of the Bombay Fire and General Insurance Co., Ltd., in 1934 Thus the expansion of business will not be only in the direction of Life Department, but will be general and of a composite character. The Company bids fair to soon attain a tremendous success.

The Company has during 1933 (Silver Jubilee Year) purchased a very substantial and imposing building in one of the main streets of Bombay—Church Gate Street—which has proved a very profitable investment.

On a perusal of the balance sheet that the Company's investments are perfectly sound, the insuring public will have no hesitation to place full confidence in the "Bombay Life" and extent to it their individual co-operation and patronage. Besides the stability and soundness revealed by these figures, the Company has several special features that would appeal to any proponent. The Company's policies provide all the latest privileges, including:—(1) purely Indian management; (2) ninety per cent. of the profits distributed among participating policies; (3) ready convertibility; (4) various options at maturity; (5) low premius rates; (6) high bonuses; (7) Permanent disability benefit; (8) automatic non-forfeiture; (9) special revival scheme; and (10) accident benefits.

The latest valuation as at the 22nd October, 1934 for the triennium ending with the 31st December, 1933 disclosed highly satisfactory results. The surplus of Rs. 5,37,759 was available, yielding a reversionary bonus of Rs. 23 and Rs. 18 respectively per thousand per year on whole life and endowment policies. The non-survivance bonus, guaranteed at the rate of Rs. 30 per year per thousand on multiple benefit policy, remains however unaltered. The comparative figures per year per thousand declared at each valuation shown below indicate the remarkable advance made by the Company:—

Year	Endowment Rs. a.	Whole Life Rs. a.
1922	10-0	10-0
1925	12-8	15-0
1930	15-0	20-0
1933	18-0	23-0

The Company's motto is "Prompt and Liberal," and as an efficient and purely Indian-managed concern of over 26 years' standing it cannot but claim the patronage of the Indian Insuring public as its birthright.

The "Bombay Life" is not restricted to few specific benefits, but offers everything that is best in Life Insurance.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO INSURE

THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD. (Estd. 1823)

EVIDENCE OF SECURITY & STABILITY		PROOF OF POPULARITY & PROGRESS	
Total Assets Over ..	Rs. 70,00,000	New Business in 1927:	Rs. 38,77,000
Life Funds Over ..	Rs. 58,00,000	New Business in 1929:	Rs. 51,22,500
Premium Income Over	Rs. 18,85,000	New Business in 1931:	Rs. 58,66,500
Interest Earning ..	Rs. 2,60,000	New Business in 1933:	Rs. 94,16,500
Total Claims Paid ..	Rs. 32,50,000	New Business in 1934:	Rs. 104,33,750

WITH

THE BOMBAY FIRE & GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Sir Lallubhai Samaldas, Kt. C.I.E., Phiroze J. Bilimoria Esqr., Abdesli M. Kajji Esqr., Bar-at-Law., Kanialal M. Munshi Esqr., B.A., LL.B., Pingle Venkatram Reddy Esqr., Rameshwar Das Birla Esqr., J. L. Mehta Esqr., B.Sc.

TRANSACTING: FIRE, FIRE BY RIOT, MOTOR, LOSS OF PROFITS BY FIRE, ETC.

PURELY SWADESHI INSURANCE COMPANIES TO INSURE WITH OR TO REPRESENT

WRITE FOR PARTICULARS TO: The Manager, J. L. MEHTA, For Life Assurance. M. M. MUNDKUR, Manager, For Fire and General Insurance. "BOMBAY LIFE BUILDING", 45-47, Churchgate Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

● **PERMA-GRIP, Pro-phy-lac-tic's new invention makes all other tooth brushes obsolete. No other tooth brush has this remarkable new method of permanently sealing the bristles into the brush handle—sealing them in so firmly, so securely, that it is practically *impossible* for them to be pulled out.* Danger of infection in the gums and annoying bristles between the teeth are a thing of the past.**

Ask for Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip. Always sold in the yellow box. Look for the hyphenated name.

*While the Perma-Grip process prevents bristles from coming out of the handle, nothing now known will prevent them from occasionally breaking off outside the handle. We firmly believe this happens far less in our brushes than in any others.

Pro-phy-lac-tic TRADE MARK Perma-Grip

A GENUINE PRO-PHY-LAC-TIC PRODUCT P-25

PARACHUTE JUMPING MAKES SOVIET NATION AIR-MINDED

(Continued from page 3.)

pared to become leaders in teaching the country air-mindedness. They experimented continually in jumping from various types of planes, in various flying evolutions and at different times of day and night.

WOMEN PARACHUTISTS

Russian experts claim that women are even more apt at the jumping sport than men, never losing the courage to make the leap. They point with pride to the daring Claudia Schacht, a trained flyer; to Vera Fyodorovna, who last April jumped almost four miles without oxygen apparatus; to Nina Kamneva, who made a record for women in delayed jumping by leaping from 9,300 feet and opening her 'chute 800 feet from the earth.

It was only two years ago that parachute jumping began to develop as a real mass sport. Under the auspices of the Osoviakhim, the flyer Moshkovski organized the first parachute groups in Moscow factories. The Central Committee of the Young Communist League lent its aid in establishing stations at air clubs for the training of parachute instructors.

There are at present fifteen aviation schools in Russia, besides countless aviation clubs, glider schools and parachute practice towers New towers are being constructed in many cities. In Leningrad a parachute practice tower 300 feet high, with five platforms for jumping from different levels, is nearing completion. This tower, like all the mooring places for amateur jumpers, is equipped with a mechanized arm so built that, when the wind blows, the arm turns to the protected side and keeps the jumpers from harm. It is to this arm that the captive 'chutes by which the jumpers drop through the air are attached.

1,000 MORE

The Osoviakhim planes to build more than 1,000 additional towers throughout the country, each to be about 100 feet high. It is also hoped that the aero clubs will erect 200-foot metal towers, where instructors will be maintained to teach and help the would-be jumpers.

Since there are so many jumpers, it is no surprise to find that male and female parachutists in the Soviet Union have broken records and tried many daring feats. Kaitanov opened this season with a jump from 21,000 feet without oxygen apparatus; he was surpassed by Kozul, who leaped from 24,500 feet. A new woman's record was set, not by one but by a group of six parachutists: Yakovleva, Nikolayeva, Babushkina, Gertseva, Malinovskaya and Blokina, who jumped from a height of 23,500 feet.

WOMEN'S RECORD

An outstanding performance is that recently established by Anna Shismareva and Galina Pyasetskaya, students at the Moscow Physical Culture Institute, who jumped with oxygen apparatus from a height of 26,000 feet, thus beating the previous record held by Tamara Kutalova, another Soviet sportswoman, by 560 feet.

Other records that belong to the Soviet Union are Batitski's leap from 24,500 feet at night, the delayed opening jump at night of M. G. Zobelin, director of the all-union parachute meet, from 11,850 feet, and Yevdokimov's daylight delayed opening from 26,300 feet.

QUADRANGULAR CRICKET

Almaida Captures Seven Wickets

SURAT, October 24.

The Quadrangular cricket match commenced to-day. The Hindus and European players were out to play the rest. The Captain winning the Toss elected to bat on behalf of the Rests. Mr. Pereira was able to secure 22 runs, while Mr. Almeida took seven wickets with good bowling on behalf of Hindus. Mr. Suman Desai secured 28 runs and Mr. Ramgulam took five wickets. The Rests secured 109, while the Hindus 101 for 8 wickets in the first innings. The good arrangement was made for the visitors and members of the Association by the Southern Gujarat Association.

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER

(Continued from page 6).

and Czechoslovakia and its great importance, declared: "It is no secret that in the present situation the nationally emancipated State of Czechoslovakia, I should say, geographically and idealogically stands in the way of some lands as would like to build on the enslavement of their own people and other peoples. The situation is complicated; the duty honourable." The head of the Soviet delegation, the writer, Michail Kolzow, stated: "We can jointly announce that we do not look for a bloody crop in the field of a new war, but we are ready to defend aggression if necessary with weapons. The significance of a State does not depend upon its size and population alone. We know that Czechoslovakia plays a great role thanks also to its alert and able Foreign Minister, Dr. Benesh." The line of understanding between Czechoslovakia and Soviet Union is expected to be greatly fortified by an agreement which Roumania now before long is expected to conclude with Soviet Union.

In connection with the demand of coal miners for an increase of wages, the executive of the Mineworkers' Federation placed the proposals before Captain Crookshank, Minister of Mines, and were promissed that they will be submitted to the Government without delay. Captain Crookshank later visited the Prime Ministers. The Miners Executive has not yet decided whether they will remain in London pending the Government's reply. Meanwhile decision to ballot the coalfield is suspended.

New Delhi.—Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, who is here on a private visit, leaves for Calcutta by the Blue Express on Sunday next. From Calcutta he leaves for Patna on October 29.—United Press.

FESTIVAL OF LIGHTS

In the course of a lecture at the United Lodge of Theosophists on Sunday evening, Madame Sophia Wadia exhorted that all communities must join in celebrating the Hindu Festival of Deepavali. It is good for all to enjoy the festivals of particular communities, but if all shared in such a festival as the Deepavali from the true inner angle of vision a great change for the better would come to India and the abolition of sectarianism and the realization of universal brotherhood would be brought appreciably nearer.

Deepavali enshrines a universal symbol—that of Light, which all the world's great scriptures use to represent the radiance of Spirit. The Nur of Allah and the Light of Shekinah have their parallel in all religions.

Not only does Deepavali with its blaze of lights teach that the light of the spiritual self in the heart must be allowed to stream forth, but it is also a time when women clean their jewellery and tradesmen cleanse their coins. The inner reality behind this outward rite is often overlooked. Can the women purify their jewellery from the taint of their own feelings of ill will for others, of jealousy, of envy and of gossip in which they indulged while wearing it? Can the traders purify their coins of avarice, greed and perhaps even dishonesty that may have tained them?

MAGNETIC PURITY

Physical cleanliness is generally observed, especially before a festival, but the principles of magnetic cleanliness are unknown today. It is more important to have pure and unselnsh thoughts than to have a clean physical body, Madame Wadia declared. Otherwise we pollute the invisible atmosphere by a mephitic magnetic emanation. The magnetic fluid was defined as a substantial force of energy which each is constantly giving out through his skin and from the eyes, the finger-tips and the soles of the feet. As we contact others we are emanating the purity or impurity of our own magnetism. Magnetic purity depends upon purity of thoughts and feelings, the two being inseparably linked in the ordinary man to-day.

Deepavali is the time for balancing the year's accounts. Our minds are like account books in which appears the record of all of our transactions in terms of experiences passed through. The entries appear on the credit or the debit side according to how we have conducted ourselves or have profited by each experience. As minds, all are Vaisyas, traders, and we must cultivate the virtue of the Vaisya caste. Like good tradesmen we must resolve to have all of our dealings, all of our contacts with others, marked by perfect honesty. The beginning of spiritual life is honesty and sincerity of motive.

Rainbow Colours

SUITABLE FOR ALL KNITTING NEEDS

WRITE FOR THE FULL RANGE OF ATTRACTIVE SHADES AND SAMPLES

TRADE MARK

The CAWNPORE WOOLLEN MILLS CAWNPORE Estd. 1876.

No 480N

FROM ALL GOOD WOOL DEALERS

RAYMALT

A SUPER VITAMIN FOOD

Rich in Vitamins A. B. C. & D.

Indispensable for

The Rickety & The Anaemic

THE YOUNG & THE OLD,

Children will be delighted to have it.

BENGAL CHEMICAL: CALCUTTA

Bombay Agents:— ORIENT DRUG AGENCY.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 8 POINTS DOWN

Prices Depressed By Increased Hedge Selling

GOLD AND SILVER EASY

Grains Quiet But Rubber And Jute Firm

BOMBAY, Oct 24

On Thursday cross rates ruled quietly steady.

NEW YORK COTTON EASY

The New York cotton market was unable to maintain yesterday's rise as the frost did not materialise. Increased hedge selling depressed prices but further decline was checked by good trade calling. The closing tone was easy.

BULLION EASY

London gold and silver ruled easy.

GRAINS QUIET

Wheat and linseed ruled quiet with small business. Rubber and Jute were firm.

SECURITIES IN KEEN DEMAND

The London Stock Exchange showed some activity but later developed easier tendency. Giltedged securities were in keen demand with good business reported.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(MARCH 1936)

New York, Oct 24

Previous closing	11.02
To-day's opening	11.01
Difference	—01
To-day's closing	10.94
Difference	—.08

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(MARCH 1936)

Liverpool, Oct 24

Previous closing	6.09
To-day's opening	6.12
Difference	+.03
To-day's closing	6.08
Difference	—01

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May ..... Rs. 213-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Oct 24

Cotton was unable to maintain yesterday's rise due to frost not materialising with the result that prices gave way under increased hedge selling with outside interest again negligible. However the market displayed better resistance indicating better technical position.

Trading in March commenced at 11.01 i.e. 1 point lower than previous closing. The market opened quiet in the absence of any important cables and the general lack of interest with March gradually receding under hedge selling and local selling to 10.95. At this level the market became somewhat steadier with further decline checked by fairly good trade calling.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 10.94 with a decline of 8 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct 24

The following were the opening ranges:—

December (10.84/10.83) 11.00/10.99
January (10.77/10.77) 10.98/10.95
March (10.84/10.83) 11.01/10.99

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Oct 24

The following were the rates at 12-15 p m

American October (6.18) 6.27
American December (6.08) 6.17
Egyptian October (8.60) 8.62
Egyptian November (8.55) 8.57

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Oct 24

Broach Cotton for Apr-May delivery moved between Rs. 214 and Rs. 215-0 at night. The rate at 10-25 p.m. was Rs. 214 with New York futures about 7 points down.

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Oct 24

Silver opened quiet at Rs. 67/4, 67/7 and 67/12. The market became somewhat depressed on considerably selling pressure in consequence of easiness in Shanghai but later some recovery was effected on the abatement of selling orders. Prices closed steady at Rs. 67/5, 67/8 and 67/12.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/14/6, 34/14/6 and 34/14/9. There was very little activity owing to quietness abroad with traders showing no disposition to buy and prices moving narrowly closed steady at Rs. 34/14, 34/14 and 34/14/3. Wheat closed steady at 4/14, 4/11/3. Linseed quiet 7/2/3.

POSTAL NOTICES

Superscribed mails for Singapore and Japan per s.s. 'Taijin Maru' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. on Friday the 25th instant.

Mails for Seychelles, Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis per s.s. 'Kenya' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 12 noon on Wednesday the 30th instant.

Correspondence for Mauritius, Reunion, Madagascar Ports, Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Oct 24

Previous closing	4.92
To-day's opening	4.92
To-day's closing	4.91 3/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Oct 24

Previous closing	4.91 7/8
To-day's opening	4.91 15/16
To-day's closing	4.91 13/16
Difference	—.00 1/16

FRANC RATE

London, Oct 24

Previous closing	74.60
To-day's opening	74.63
To-day's closing	74.60
Difference	unchanged

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct 24

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.91 15/16 and then advanced to 4.92 1/16 on better support but later slid back to 4.91 11/16. The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.91 13/16.

Franc opened at 74.63 and then gradually fell away to 74.60 with a quiet tendency.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 74.60

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct 24

The market was steady.

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	29 5/16d.	29 5/16d
Forward	29 1/4d.	29 3/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct 24

Gold per ounces (£7-1-4 1/2) £7-1-3 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, Oct 24

3 months (11/16 to 11/16 per cent) 11/16 to 11/16 per cent.

4 months (3/4 to 3/4 per cent) 3/4 to 3/4 per cent.

6 months (7/8 to 7/8 per cent) 7/8 to 7/8 per cent.

CROSS RATES

London, Oct 24
3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay	(1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay	(5.63 1/2) 5.63 1/2
New York on Bombay	(37.16) 37.20
Berlin on Bombay	(0.92 1/2) 0.92 1/2
London on Milan	(60 50) 60.50
London on Shanghai	(1-5 3/8) 1-4 3/16
London on Kobe	(1-2 1/32) 1-2 1/32

"Navras"

The Diwali number of "Navras," one of Bombay's well-known Gujarati monthlies, is a welcome addition to the list of special productions for this festive season, and is in keeping with the tradition the journal has established for about two decades. It is, a well got-up number, with interesting articles, and an attractive frontispiece.

LORRY OWNERS' PROTEST

The Bombay Lorry Owners' Association has sent the following telegram to the President and the members of the Bombay Legislative Council, protesting against the Motor Taxation Bill:—

"Bombay Lorry Owners' Association strongly protests against the Motor Taxation Bill. Heavy taxation is bound to ruin transport industry, and will place poor lorry owners out of employment. Even the present taxation is exhorbitant. Never required to pay tolls as yet. Increased taxation is unjust. The Association fervently appeals to the Council Members to relieve them of the increased taxation. Kindly place this our request before Council Members."

In the Randle Cup Cricket Tournament played between G. B. S Railway Team and New Era High School the Railway team gave a crushing defeat to the High School team by more than 350 runs.

It is understood that arrangements are in progress to hold a conference of the district panchayats of the State before Diamond Jubilee celebrations.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Oct 24

Liverpool wheat opened quiet with December at 75 3/4 and March 72 1/2. Trading was again rather uninteresting with operators little disposed to enter the market although the underlying sentiment remains somewhat bullish.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Oct 24

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 1.00. Prices improved slightly on better enquiry but business was small with favourable weather restricting activity.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Oct 24

The rates at 3-30 p m. were as follows.

METALS.

Tin (£216 1/2 buyers £217 sellers. Weak) £221 buyers £223 sellers. Firm

Linseed (£17 1/2 buyers £17 9/16 sellers. Steady) £17 15/16 buyers £18 sellers. Irregular

Electrolytic Copper (£39 1/4 to £39 3/4) £39 3/4 to £40 1/4

Glasgow Iron (£70) £70

JUTE.

New Crop Oct-Nov (£18 7/8 buyers) £18 15/16 paid and value

Dunlop (Oct.-Nov. (£22) £22

Lightning Oct-Nov. (£20 1/4) £20 1/4

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Oct 24

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"America bought. China and India sold. Market steady."

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (0-11) 0-11 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-9) 2-3
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0) 1-0
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-6) 2-5

RUBBER.

Spot (6 5/16 paid and buyers) 6 7/16 paid and sellers

January March (6 7/16 paid and value) 6 9/16 paid and sellers

LINSEED.

Linseed Bombay October-November (£13 3/16 sellers) £13 3/16 sellers

Linseed Calcutta October-November (£12 11/16 sellers) £12 5/8 sellers

Linseed La Plata October (£10 5/16 sellers) £10 1/4 sellers

Groundnut Coromandal October (£14 1/2 sellers) £14 3/8 sellers

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1936 Delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association).

Bombay, Oct 24

	Rs. a. p
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	7 2 6
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 2 0
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7 2 3
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7 2 3
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	7 2 3
Rates at 8-0 p.m.	7 2 3
Rates at 10-0 p.m.	7 1 9

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Oct 24

	Rs. a p.
Wheat January	4 14 0
Wheat May	4 11 3
Linseed May	7 2 3

The tone was quiet

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Bombay, Oct 24

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following report:—

It is significant that reports from most textile manufacturing centres throughout the World continue to indicate an expansion of business. Although this is partly attributable to war preparations, there is evidence that distributors' stocks had reached an abnormally low level. As this occurred at a time when Mill stocks of the raw material were lower than for many seasons, it is not surprising that the American market has not declined whilst this year's crop movement has been under way. The market of course has also been assisted by this year's loan plan.

The basis for American cotton keeps very steady and many shippers have been experiencing difficulty in covering their commitments for this month's sailing. Farmers are obviously in no great hurry to market their crop and we consider any serious decline in American prices most unlikely. Cables received overnight advise us that there is at present a possibility of an early killing frost in Texas, Oklahoma and Arkansas. As the crop in the Northern portion of the belt is somewhat later than usual this season, a killing frost now would result in a reduction in the size of this year's American crop.

The Bombay market keeps very steady and opinion is more two sided. There has been enough straddle selling to supply contracts to the bulls. Such contracts would otherwise have been scarce owing to the small carry-over of Indian cotton.

MODERATE DEMAND

Export enquiry at the present parity is confined to occasional moderate lots for Japan.

With the exception of the Punjab, where estimates have been reduced slightly, the Indian crop continues to do well in practically every district, and the chances are that our production this year will exceed that of last season by at least one million bales. The Second All India acreage report published a few days ago gave a figure of 8 per cent higher than the corresponding figure of last year.

Fair sales of cloth are reported locally and there are prospects of further lines being booked during the Diwali festival.

We recommend purchases in the Liverpool market and think advantage should be taken of any decline here to accumulate Broach contracts at a few Rupees under the present price, for by the time the Indian crop is moving in sufficient bulk to provide a free supply of hedge selling contracts, the chances are the American market may have moved to a higher level.

Fresh Investment Demand In Gilt-Edged Securities

Wheat More Active After Early Dullness

RUBBER AND BASE METALS FIRM

Quiet Trading In Wall Street

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Oct 24

Further encouraged by foreign political news conditions on the Stock Exchange were buoyant at the outset, giltedged securities particularly meeting fresh investment demand. Later however profit taking reduced some early gains but the undertone generally remained good.

In commodities wheat after early dullness appreciated on more active trading. Rubber was firm. Basemetals were all more firm and active.

Wall Street opened irregular and trading was quiet.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Oct 24

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £95 1/2

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Wednesday, October 16, £92 3/4
Thursday, October 17, £92 3/4
Friday, October 18 £92 1/2
Monday, October 21 £93
Tuesday October 22 £91 1/4
Wednesday, October 23 £94

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct 24
3-30 p.m.

The general tone was good but after general active business, markets were generally quieter. Giltedgeds were strong.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£83 3/8) £84 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£104 1/4) £105

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£109 5/8) £110 3/8

4 per cent Funding Loan (£114 1/4) £115

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105) £105 5/8

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£113) £113 3/4

INDUSTRIALS.

British Celanese 2nd Preference (22-3) 22-3

Marks and Spencer Splits Share (4 1/8) 4 1/8

Hydro Electric (dol 4 1/8) dol 4 1/8

Musical Industries (24-9) 26-6

Princhin Johnson (42-3) 42-3

Imperial Chemical (36-0) 36-0

Imperial Chemical Ord (8-7 1/2) 8-7 1/2

Woolsworth New Ford (100-9) 110-6

Realisation 1930 (£75 3/4) £75 3/4

Dunlop Rubber (35-9) 36-10 1/2

University Ordinary (31-9) 31-9

Ford Motors (35-3) 35-9

Cable Wires (£7 7/8) £7 5/8

British American Tobacco (115-7 1/2) 117-6

Camera A (£8) £8 1/8

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (139-4 1/2) 140-7 1/2

P and O S N Company Defd (18-6) 18-6

Distillers (92-9) 22-9

Berd and Dyers (9-0) 9-0

British Celanese (12-1 1/2) 12-1 1/2

J and P Coates Ordinary (61-0) 61-0

Courtaulds Ordinary (53-3) 54-0

Fine Cotton Spinners (7-9) 7-9

Western Limited Ordinary (18-0) 17-6

Inter Nickels (£31 1/2) £31 7/8

Bengal Iron and Steel (5-7 1/2) 5-7 1/2

Tata Iron and Steel (£104) £104

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Oct 24

The following were the closing rates:

General Motor (dol 51) dol 51 7/8

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 20 5/8) dol 21

U S Steel Common (dol 46 7/8) dol 47 3/8

U S Steel Preference (dol 110 3/8) unquoted

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

A press communique states:—

Consolidated statement of the position of the Banks scheduled to the Reserve Bank of India Act as at the close of business on Friday the 18th October 1935.

(i) Demand Liabilities in India	122,50,40,000
(ii) Time Liabilities in India	96,51,58,000
(iii) Cash in India	
(a) Notes	5,29,74,000
(b) Rupees	57,25,000
(c) Subsidiary coin	28,24,000
(iv) Balances with the Reserve Bank of India	29,81,91,000
(v) Advances in India	84,21,59,000
(vi) Bills discounted in India	4,48,02,000

INDIAN LOANS

London, Oct 24
2-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£95 1/2) £97 1/2

3 1/2 per cent India (£93 1/2) £95

4 1/2 per cent Indian Notes (£108 1/2) £109 1/2

4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£113) £113 1/2

4 per cent Indian 1948/53 (£105) £105 1/2

5 per cent Indian 1943-47 (£113 1/2) £114

4 1/2 per cent New Indian 1934-58 (£102 1/2) £103

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£109 1/4) £109 1/2

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (23-0) 23-6
Donaro Tea (42-6) 42-6
Empire of India and Ceylon (31-3) 31-3

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (24-0) 25-3
Gula Kelampong (21-10 1/2) 23-1 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (29-9) 31-0

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£10 1/2) £10 1/2

MINING SHARES.

Nandy (57-6) 57-6
Burma Corporation (12-0) 12-0
Rio Tintos (£17 5/8) £17 7/8
East Rand Proprietors (54-0) 54-6
Rand Mines (£7 3/4) £7 3/4

MINE SHARES.

Crown Mines (£13) £13
Goddar New (£10 1/8) £10 3/8
Moddar New (£70) £70
Sub Nigel (£12 1/2) £12 5/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (41-10 1/2) 41-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£8) £8

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela Persian (38-9) 38-9
Anglo Iranian (65-0) 65-0
Burma Oil (76-10 1/2) 76-10 1/2
Mexican Eagle (4-10 1/2) 5-3
Shell Transport (76-3) 76-3
Royal Dutch (£26 3/4) £27

HOME RAIL SHARES.

Great Western (£45 1/4) £45 1/4
L M Ford (£17 1/2) £17 1/2
L N E R Defd (£5 1/8) £5 3/8
Southern Dutch (£19 1/4) £19 1/4
London Paris 5 per cent (£131 1/2) £131 1/2
London Board G Stock (£99) £99

REMOVE EVIL OF COMMUNALISM

Dharwar Collector's Address To Local Bodies' Conference

In his presidential address delivered on Sunday, to the District Local Bodies Conference of Dharwar, Mr. M. Y. Desai, Collector of Dharwar, appealed to the audience to weed, out the canker of communalism from local politics and remove the defects of inefficiency, mal-administration and bad finances.

Mr. Desai divided the history of local self-Government in India into three periods, viz., the pre-British period, the period between the establishment of British rule and the Reforms Act of 1919, and the post-reform period.

The first period, he remarked was characterised by village communities constituted on a narrow basis of hereditary privilege or caste, in which the mass of the villagers had no share of little interest in the management of the communities.

During the second period, the seeds of local self-government were laid in 1870 by Lord Mayo, and, later in 1882 by Lord Ripon on a firmer and wider basis. The principle of election was also introduced for the first time in bodies both urban and rural.

In the post-reform period, the pronouncements of Lord Chelmsford's Government in 1918 were translated into action by the Local Self-Government Act of 1923, the Bombay Municipal Boroughs Act, and the Bombay District Municipal Acts.

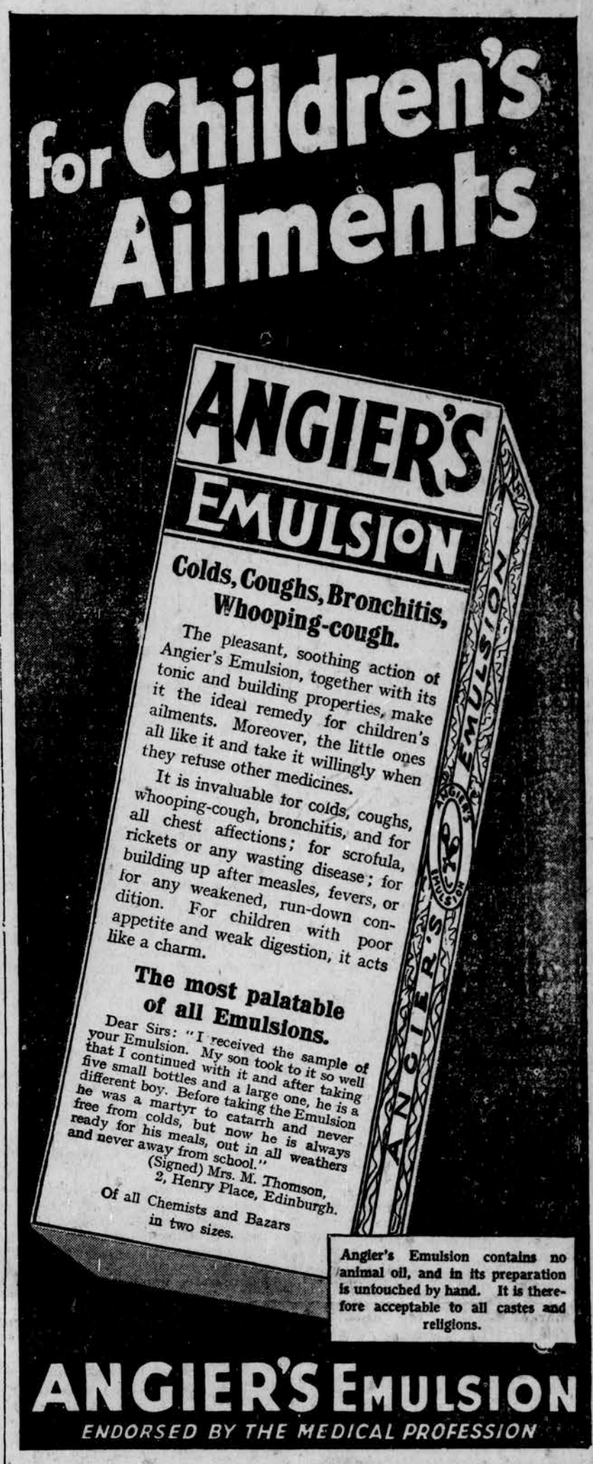
Mr. Desai then referred to the growth of communal feeling and the inefficiency and maladministration in some local bodies. He recommended the desirability of taking Government servants on loan as Chief Executive Officers, or requesting Government to have a panel of capable executive officers from which local bodies could choose.

Concluding, he adverted to the mismanagement of finances and the heavy accumulation of arrears of taxes and urged the authorities to take all adequate measures as provided by law for the recovery of such arrears.

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, Oct. 24.

Java ready Rs. 14-4-0
October shipment Rs. 4-6-6
N.-D. shipment Rs. 4-6-0
J.-M. shipment Rs. 4-6-0
S. S. Sirsa Rs. 4-7-0
Saraya ready Rs. 14-10-0
Java Spot 4.20


for Children's Ailments
ANGIER'S
EMULSION
Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Whooping-cough.
The pleasant, soothing action of Angier's Emulsion, together with its tonic and building properties, make it the ideal remedy for children's ailments. Moreover, the little ones all like it and take it willingly when they refuse other medicines.
It is invaluable for colds, coughs, whooping-cough, bronchitis, and for all chest affections; for scrofula, rickets or any wasting disease; for building up after measles, fevers, or for any weakened, run-down condition. For children with poor appetite and weak digestion, it acts like a charm.
The most palatable of all Emulsions.
Dear Sirs: "I received the sample of your Emulsion. My son took to it so well that I continued with it and after taking five small bottles and a large one, he is a different boy. Before taking the Emulsion he was a martyr to catarrh and never free from colds, but now he is always ready for his meals, out in all weathers and never away from school."
(Signed) Mrs. M. Thomson,
2, Henry Place, Edinburgh.
Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.
Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.
ANGIER'S EMULSION
ENDORSED BY THE MEDICAL PROFESSION

for greater strength.
COWLAC
FINEST FULL CREAM MALTED MILK
INEXPENSIVE
ECONOMICAL.
There is nothing better than COWLAC MALTED MILK to overcome weakness following anaemia and sleeplessness. Afford yourself the opportunity of maintaining vigorous health and physical fitness by taking COWLAC. Recommended by the medical profession.
COWLAC MALTED MILK
Obtainable at all Chemists & Dealers.

C.L.K. 19

Fears Of Frost And Excessive Rains Over U.S. Cotton Belt

Impressive Trade And Foreign Buying

Large Export Enquiry

MARKET BUOYANT WITH LESS HEDGING

There was distinctly less selling pressure and killing frost is predicted over a large area of the Western Belt.

WEEKLY WEATHER REPORT.

During the last week weather was abnormally warm. Picking and Ginning have progresed well except in the North where rain hindered advance considerably. Harvest in Texas is nearing completion. Bolls have made good progress except in Oklahoma and Arkansas where they are backward in the North.

EXCESSIVE RAIN OVER BELT.

Between mid-night and daylight, weather was cool, continued rains Eastern Belt, Central belt, Arkansas and Eastern Texas.

IMPRESSIVE GENERAL BUYING.

As pointed out yesterday, there was excellent trade and speculative buying which resulted in a rise of 25 points. Southern hedge-selling was light and realisings were easily absorbed.

LARGE EXPORT DEMAND.

Export demand has increased considerably and is in excess of available gulf tonnage for the next few weeks. The technical position of the market is strong.

Bombay, Oct. 24.

On Wednesday the New York cotton futures market was firm and fairly active on improved buying, influenced by fears of frost and excessive rains. There was foreign and trade buying and there was distinctly less selling pressure.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The market opened at a rise of one point with March 10.83. There was scattered selling which resulted in a decline of one point from the opening level and March was quoted 10.82 which was the lowest level for the day. Later on there was extensive buying which improved prices by 22 points and March was quoted at 11.04 which was the highest bid for the day. The market closed at a net rise of 19 to 25 points. Spot cotton prices closed 20 points up at 11.40.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was firm and closed at a rise of 21 to 24 points. Spot cotton prices closed 20 points at 11.25c.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened at a rise of 3 points with March 6.05. The market was dull and featureless but strength of Alexandria had a steadying effect. Later on there was short covering and scattered buying on frost predictions which met with hedging. The market closed at a rise of 6 to 7 points. Middling American spot cotton prices closed 3 points up at 6.43d.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian cotton futures market was very steady and closed at a rise of 6 points. At the close October was 5.72, January 5.45 and March 5.42.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

There was fair demand for Egyptian cotton. Sakels. futures closed 10 to 8 points up with spot cotton 15 points higher at 9.05 Uppers futures advanced 3 to 6 points while spot cotton prices rose 5 points at 6.93d.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria Cotton futures market was strong with a large demand. Sakels futures closed 40 to 52 points up and Ashmouni futures advanced 12 to 14 points.

LOW TEMPERATURES.

Messrs. M. & B. Stern state:—

Low temperatures and the forecast of heavy killing frost in the Western belt caused a sharp advance in which foreign buying figured prominently though there were also, indications of American speculators taking more interest. The cheapness of the futures contracts compared with the interior spot basis and the firmness outside growths, especially Indian, is attracting attention. Following the recent lull in the political situation and the shake-out of speculative long interests engendered by war-scares, there is a more optimistic feeling in trade circles, where the improved political out-look in Europe is viewed very favourably. Reports from the U.S.A. are also, more encouraging. Mr. Morgenthau's recent speech showing eagerness for International stabilisation of currencies, the beneficial results of the Administration's expenditure on public works and less trade antagonism following the Administration's new policy of free marketing are all helping towards this business recovery. With more than half the crop marketed and passed into strong hands, we think the position is sound and continue to advise purchases around present prices, or on any small set-backs.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. March Highest (2-57 p.m.)	11.04+26
N. Y. March Lowest (10-3 a.m.)	10.82+04
Liverpool March Highest	6.10+08
Liverpool March Lowest	6.04+02

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:

Liverpool.—Good trade offtake maintained. Frost predicted in Texas and Oklahoma.

New York.—Market buying on mill, trade and foreign buying. Hedging and profit-taking supplied contracts.

New York.—Market better with buyers more aggressive. Export demand increasing. Mills are buying. Low temperatures prevailing.

New York.—A distinctly less pressure to sell. A killing frost is predicted in a large area of the Western Belt. There are indications of speculators buying later months.

New York.—Freezing temperatures predicted North-West. May cause considerable damage on late crop.

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co. have sent the following cable:—

Export demand in excess of available gulf tonnage for the next few weeks. Stronger technical position. We continue to regard prices as too low.

New York copper December 7.86.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

Between midnight and daylight, weather cool, continued rains Eastern Belt, Central Belt, Arkansas, and Eastern Texas.

Weekly Good progress picking, Ginning except only fair Northwest sections. Increased Demand on Forecast frost. Ginnings expected six and half millions.

Messrs. Bruel and Co. have received the following cables:—

From Reynolds and Gibson, Liverpool.

Cotton:—Feel advisable to commence buying now moderately and increase holding on any weakening as we believe cotton is in sufficiently sound position to follow general advance in commodity prices

Copper.—Less tension politically softening quotations; decline catching stopless orders, but situation of copper steadily improving. We favour purchases £35-1-3.

Lead:—Technical position much improved; by down.

Rubber:—Malaya production down 6456 tons; dealers stocks down 3031 tons on month; expect advance in price; continue feeling in America bullish 6 1/2, 6 5/8, 6 3/4.

From New York friends:—

Cotton:—Sentiment changing in Liverpool, bullish on good trade; there is a little better speculative demand here on unfavourable weather and continued active spot demand.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, October 23

December	10.99+19
January	10.96+23
March	11.02+24
May	11.06+25
July	11.07+22
Middling Spot	11.40+20

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, October 23

October	10.95+19
December	10.96+21
January	10.94+21
Middling Spot	11.25+20

NEW YORK.

New York, October 23

New York 10-55 A.M.—	
December	10.93
January	10.88
March	10.94
New York Noon Call—	
December	10.95
January	10.91
March	Nil.

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Oct. 23.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Amer. Power and Light Pfd. p dol	42
Amer. Power and Light 5 p.c. P.A.	36
Amer. Forn. Power Com.	6
Amer. Forn. Power Gold D.	71
Amer. Forn. Power 7 p.c. P.	33
Electric Bond Common	15 1/4
Amr. Water Works 6 p.c. Pfd.	90
Consolidated Gas	30
Columbia Gas 6 p.c. Pfd. A.	90
Western Union Telg.	61 1/4
Radio Corp.	8
New York Central	23 1/4
Erie R. R.	11
Union Pacific R. R.	97
New Y. New Heaven Hartford	6
Bethelehem Steel	40
United States Steel	47
American Smelting	53
Noranda Mines	41
Int. Nickel of Canada	31 1/4
Sun Life of Canada	415
Belding Hemingway	13 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	20 3/4
Cerro de Pasco Copper	58
Allis Chalmers	32
Western Electric Inst.	26
Ford Motors of Canada A	30
General Motor	51 1/2
Kelvinators	14
Sperry Corp.	12
Goodyear Tyre	19
St. Oil of N. J.	48
Socony	11 3/4
National Dairy	17
Chase Bank	33 1/2
National City Bank	30
American Radiator	18
General Refractories	26
Stewart Warner	18

Market generally firm. Power and Light has declared 62 1/2 per cent dividend on 5 per cent Pref. and 75 cents on 6 per cent. Pref

Total business 2 1/2 million.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, October 23

October	6.21+06
November	6.14+06
December	6.11+06
January	6.09+06
February	6.09+07
March	6.09+07
April	6.08+07
May	6.08+07
June	6.06+06
July	6.05+06
August	6.00+07
Middling Spot	6.43+03

To-day's 10-12 A. M. Quotations

January	6.06
March	6.05

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, October 23

Broach—	
Fully Good (Good Staple)	5.65
Fine (Good Staple)	5.80
Superfine (Good Staple)	5.95
Oomra—	
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	5.63
Superfine (No. 1 Staple)	5.78
Choice (No. 1 Staple)	5.93
Bengal—	
Good	4.31
Fully Good	4.41
Fine	4.53
Sounds—	
Fully Good	4.41
Fine	4.53
Superfine	4.65

SEEDS.

London, October 23

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton Oct./Nov. paid £10-5-0

Linseed Calcutta London, c.i.f. ton Oct./Nov. sellers £12-12-6.

Linseed Bombay London, c.i.f. ton. Oct./Nov. sellers £13-9-9.

Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton. Oct./Nov. sellers £14-2-6.

Castorseeds Bombay, c.i.f. ton Oct./Nov. sellers £14-2-6.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, October 23

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb. sellers 6-5/16

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, October 23

Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent.	60-1/2
	Nominal
Indian Stock 3 per cent. 1948 or later	81
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent. 1931 or later	94
Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent. 1950/55	108-1/2
Consols 2-1/2 per cent.	83-3/4
Conversion 3-1/2 per cent. Loan 1961	104-1/4
War Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1952	105-1/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent. 1960/90	114-1/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent.	113
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	13-1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	106-1/2
National Bank of India	42-1/2
P & O. Banking Corporation.	10

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, October 23

October 1935	8.61
November 1935	8.56
January 1936	8.29
March 1936	8.21
May 1936	8.15
July 1936	8.12
F. G. F. Spot	9.05

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, October 23

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U. S. ports	46,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	Nil.
Day's exports to the continent	8,000

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Oct. 24.

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/32

LONDON—

Banks selling T T D D 1/6 3/32 Oct September

Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 Oct-Dec 1936

Banks buying T T 1/6 1/8

Banks buying D D 1/6 3/16

Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 7/32

NEW YORK—

B C Rate T T 272 1/4

Banks selling T T 270 1/4

Banks buying T T 267 1/2

PARIS

Banks selling D D 560

Banks buying D D 570

AMSTERDAM—

Banks selling D D 54 3/8

JAVA

Banks selling D D 54 1/4

JAPAN—

Banks selling T T 77 5/8

Banks buying T T 77 3/8

HONGKONG—

Banks selling D D 134

SHANGHAI—

Banks selling D D 92 1/2

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 156

BERLIN

Banks selling D D 90 1/2

CROSS RATE—

New York/London 4.92 1/8 23rd inst.

Hongkong/London 2/0 1/4 24th inst.

Shanghai/London 1/4 5/16 24th inst.

Japan/London 1/2 1/16 24th inst.

Java/London 7.22 1/2 24th inst.

London/Paris 74.60 23rd inst.

London/Belgium 29.21 1/2 23rd inst.

London/Switzerland 13.11 1/2 23rd inst

London/Italy 60.43 23rd inst.

London/Berlin 12.22 1/2 23rd inst.

London/Stockholm 19.39 3/8 23rd inst.

London/New York 4.91 7/8 23rd inst.

London/Amsterdam 7.24 3/4 23rd inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.

Gold 27-1-7 22nd inst 27-1-4 1/2 23rd inst.

Silver London Ready 29 5/16 22nd inst. 29 5/16 23rd inst.

Silver London Forward 29 1/4 22nd inst. 29 1/4 23rd inst.

Silver New York Ready 65 5/8 22nd inst. 65 5/8 23rd inst.

London Discounts 3 mos 11/16 per cent 22nd inst. 11/16 per cent 23rd inst.

London Discounts 6 mos 7/8 per cent 22nd inst. 7/8 per cent 23rd inst.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

Money:—Call 1/4 per cent.

3 mos 1 per cent.

6 mos 1 1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Easy.

WEATHER OVER U. S. COTTON BELT

EAST:—Cloudy, rain and colder.

CENTRAL:—Rain.

WEST:—Partly cloudy.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Oct. 24.

The local silver market ruled easy to-day on increased selling influenced by weakness of Shanghai Exchange on London at 1.4 5/16. There were all buyers in Shanghai and feeling of panic was in evidence. In the local market Kartak delivery opened at Rs. 67/5 and declined to Rs. 67/2. The gold market was quiet with realising.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready silver	67 0 0
Kartak delivery	67 2 6
Magsar delivery	67 7 0
Ready gold	34 14 0
Kartak delivery	34 14 6
Magsar delivery	35 15 3

MONTREAL SILVER FUTURES

Montreal, Oct. 23.

October	66.45+34
December	66.20—03
March	66.74+09

LONDON SILVER.

London, October 23

Market steady	
Spot	29-5/16
Forward	29 1/4

LONDON GOLD.

London, October 23.

Gold Bars, Fine per oz. £7-1/4-1/2

LONDON METALS.

London, October 23.

Copper Brazier	49-1/4
Yellow Metal	41
Spelter Hard Indian Brands	16-1/8
Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge	12-3/4
Tin English ingots Liverpool	
F. O. B	215-1/2

BOMBAY METAL MARKET

Bombay, Oct. 24.

LONDON MARKET.

Standard Copper Cash (Buyers) £34-12-6

Standard Copper Cash (Sellers) £34-13-9

Standard Copper 3 months £35

Electrolytic copper £39/15

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, October 23.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe. Parcels Jan./Feb. sellers 27/6.

Wheat Barletta Russo. Parcels October sellers 28/9.

South Australian wheat Parcels Oct. sellers 31/6

LINSEED OIL

London, October 23

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt—Nov./Dec. sellers 25/4-1/2.

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt Jan./April paid 25/4-1/2.

NEW YORK.

Blue Eagle 8 3/4 cents.

Non-Blue Eagle 8 1/2 cents.

BOMBAY MARKET.

Yellow Metal Sheets Rs. 34/4/0

Copper Sheets Rs. 38/8/0

Tone—Steady.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 24.

Following a rise of 24 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened at Rs 216 for Broach A/M. delivery and improved to Rs. 216/6 on scattered buying. Later on there was some realising on peace news and prices declined to Rs. 215/8. Rise in American cotton and slow response by the local market is narrowing the parity.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of 3 points. The local market ruled steady at Rs. 215/8. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M Rs. 215/4

Oomra D/J Rs. 195

Bengal D/J Rs. 149/12

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Oct. 24.

Bengal Superfine	170
Bengal Fine	165
Bengal F.G.	162
Sindh-Punjab Fine	165
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	162
Wardha-Hingt	220/222
Nagpur Savner	220/222
Pundhurna	211/213
Yeotmal	211/213
Arvi	211/213
Ellichpur	211/213
Berar	211/213
Khamgaon	211/213
Mulkapur	211/213
Khandesh	210
Jalna/Sailu	208/120
Burwah Sanavad	214/216
Broach Fine	241
Punjab/American	241
Punjab/American mix	226
Cambodia	296
Cambodia 2nd crop	246/251
Compta Good	261/266
Bagalkot	246/551
Western	246/256
Kampala	356/358
Busoga	354
Jinja	344
New Manza	326

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, Oct. 24.

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh	27	5,523
Central India	817	11,982
Barsi and Nagar	367	3,540
Hyderabad-Gaorani	4	269
Berar	140	4,236
Central Provinces	135	1,884
Total Oomras	1,490	27,434
Dholera	54	5,005
N.-W. Provinces	498	4,709
Rajputana	458	10,341
Sind-Punjab	2,540	15,034
Broach	200	2,238
Coompta and Dharwar	230	2,434
Westerns-Northerns	361	4,407
Cocoanada	...	39
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	100	2,936
American	...	1,165
Egyptian and African	...	26,327
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	293	293
Total	6,224	102,354

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

1st Sept. to 17th Oct.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	406	40,038
Japan and China	1,540	86,557
Coast Ports	...	2,768
Up-country by Rail	...	24 920
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	...	15,821
Total	2,346	166,404

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

	F.P. Bales 1935-36	1934-35
Receipts to date 23-10-35	2756000	1953000
Receipts Yesterday 23-10-35	46000	23000
Exports to date 23-10-35	1136000	1146000
Stock at Ports 18-10-35	2416000	3941000
Stock Interior Towns 18-10-35	132000	1731000
Stock at Liverpool 18-10-35	427000	952000
Visible Supply 18-10-35	6712000	8390000
Quantity in sight 18-10-35	4499000	3130000
Quantity out of sight 18-10-35	2118000	2003000

NEW YORK COFFEE.

New York, October 23

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 6-1/2.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, October 23

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 11/16 per cent. to 11/16 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 7/8 per cent. to 7/8 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent. to 2-1/2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent. to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan 1/2 per cent. to 1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 days' market loan 1/2 per cent. to 1/2 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, October 23.

T. T. London on:—

New York closing rate	4.91-7/8
Paris	74.60
Berlin	12.22-1/2
Madrid	35.97
Amsterdam	7.24-3/4
Brussels	29.21-1/2
Milan	60.43
Berne	15.11-1/2
Prague	118.37

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Oct. 24.

Broach A/M. 1936 Op. 214; Highest 215 1/4; Lowest 213 3/4; Closing 215

Oomra D/J. Op. 193 3/4; Highest 195; Lowest 193 3/4; Closing 195.

Bengal D/J. Op. 148 3/4; Highest 149 3/4; Lowest 148 3/4; Closing 149 1/4.

Teji-Mandi for Broach A/May 1936 (31-3-36) Rs. 24 1/4

Teji-Mandi for Broach Settlement (31-10-35) Rs. 6 1/4

Andhra And Tata Power Shares Firm

Tata Steels Steady

BOMBAY DYEING AND BURMA QUIET

BOMBAY, Oct. 24.

The local Share Bazar was open for one hour only to-day and a fair amount of business was done. Business for the next settlement commenced to-day and 'Budly' differences were moderate. The market will remain closed to-morrow and will re-open on Saturday at 7 p.m. for Divali Mahoorat business.

There was fairly active demand for Andhra and Tata Power shares which registered good improvement but towards the close there was some realising. Tata Steel Shares were steady and fluctuated within a narrow range.

Cement shares ruled steady with a good enquiry for Indian Cements. Mill shares were quiet with some realising in Bombay Dyeing shares and Burma shares also ruled easy on increased selling.

The undertone of the market was good and there is more inclination to buy on declines. Government Securities ruled firm to-day and 3-1/2 per cent paper advanced to Rs. 92/6.

TEXTILE MILLS

Bombay, Oct. 24.

100	Ahm Advance	302 8
500	Bombay Cotton	40 0
260	Bombay Dyeing	765 0
250	Bradbury	100 0
100	Century	231 14
100	Central	256 4
100	Colaba	138 12
100	Coorla	95 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	340 0
1	E D Sassoon	0-5-0
100	Finlay	126 4
100	Gokak	175 0
100	Hindustan	1750 0
100	Indore	76 4
100	Khatau	77 8
100	Kohinoor	197 8
250	Laxmi	665 0
100	Madhavji	6
250	Madras United	4
1000	Morarji	810 0
250	Model	30 8
50	Mysore	95 0
200	New Great	135 0
100	Oosmanshahi	55 0
100	Phoenix	300 0
25	Sassoon Silk	35 0
1000	Sholapur	2200 0
50	Simplex	76 0
100	Swadeshi	160 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Oct. 24.

Century 232 231

Bom. Dyeing 770 773 763 766 765

Kohinoor 198 197

Central India 260 265

New Great 135

Simplex 76

Swadeshi 160 162 160

Bundi 36 35/10 35/12 35/10

I. Cement 477 473 471

Punjab 24 23/14

Shahabad 485 486 483

Andhra 1580 1572 1585 1570 1575

Tata Hydro 161 161/4

Tata Power 1470 1485 1475 1460 1476

T. Steel Dfd. 552 550 553 552 557 548 551 547

T. Steel Ord. 142/8 141/14 142/4 141 140/12

Tata Steel 2nd Pref. 151/12 151/8

Bellapur 336 332 333 331

B. Steam 290 288

B. Burma 368, 362 363

100	Swan	93 2
25	Tata	8 0
500	Vishnu	1300 0
1000	Western	750 0
	BANKS.	
50-100	Baroda	96 12
25-50	Central	34 4
500	Imperial	1472 8
125-500	Im. Com.	368 12
50-100	India	121 8
100	Reserve Bank	124 0
5	Union	5-4-6
	CEMENTS.	
10	Bundi	35 10
70	Gwalior	113 12
160	Indian	471 4
40	Katni Def.	2150 0
100	Katni Ord.	367 0
75	Okha	260 0
10	Punjab	23 14
100	Shahabad	483 0
70	United	124 0
	INSURANCE	
15-100	Jupiter	11 6
15-75	New India	38 12
200	Oriental	4165 0
10-100	Vulcan	7 0
	ELECTRIC.	
100	Ahmedabad Old	147 8
1000	Andhra Valley	1575 0
10	Ajmer	10 8
50	Bombay Tram	143 12
100	Bombay Suburban	170 0
10	Broach	11 12
100	Karachi	221 4
100	Poona	218 12
100	Surat	190 0
100	Tata Hydro	161 4
1000	Tata Power	1476 4
	RAILWAYS.	
500	Ahm. Prantij	865 0
100	Amr. Patty	119 12
100	C. Province	87 4
100	Dhond Baramati	97 8
100	Gujarat	71 0
100	Mandra Bhon	93 0
100	Pachora Jamner	90 8
100	Sara Sirajgunge	90 0
500	Tapty Valley	757 8
	MININGS	
10	Shivrajpur	32 0
30	Tata Steel Def.	547 8
75	Tata Steel Ord.	140 12
	MISCELLANEOUS	
100	Alcock	212 8
50	Belapur Sugar	331 4
150	Bombay Steam	288 12
125	Bombay Burma	363 12
50	Bombay Burma Contv.	125 10

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Oct. 24.

3 per cent 1951/54	97
3 per cent 1941	102/2
3 1/2 per cent G P N	99/4
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50	102/8
4 per cent 1943	107
4 per cent 1960/70	107/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	113/12
5 per cent 1939/44	108/8
5 per cent 1940/43	109/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40	108
TAX-FREE	
5 per cent 1945/55 Loan	117/8
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore	105
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	116/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	108
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L	100/1
CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE).	
4 per cent B P T	102/8
4 per cent M Deb	101/4
5 per cent M Deb. 1959	111
6 per cent M Deb. 1954	125
6 per cent K P T 1956	125/8
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	104

Note.—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 92/4 and after advancing to Rs. 92/8 declined to Rs. 92/5.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS.

London, Oct. 23.

Call Loan London 1/2

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 81

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 94

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1954/59 102 3/4

4 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1948/53 105

4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1950/55 109 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1958/68 113

5 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1942/47 113 1/2

5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1936/38 103

6 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1935/37 100

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loans New 2 1/4 Dis.

2 1/2 per cent British Consols 33 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Conversion 104 1/4

3 1/2 per cent War Loan 105 1/8

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 22nd October	2,897
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1935	96,196
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	96,905
Less	775

COTTON STRADDLES

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES.

New York—Liverpool:—

December 162 January 161 March 155 May 149 July 142 at Cross Rate 4.92

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 1936 217—Liverpool May 1936 6.12 Rs. 49 1/2 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach A/M 1936 217—New York May 11.06 Rs. 33 at Cross rate 4.92

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, Oct. 24.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 7/7 1/2; Highest Rs. 7/16; Lowest Rs. 7/0/1 1/2; Closing Rs. 7/0/4 1/2.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery February Opening Rs. 7/0/9; Highest Rs. 7/2/4 1/2; Closing Rs. 7/1/6.

Cotton Seeds Delivery January Opening Rs. 3/1/4 1/2; Highest 3/1/10 1/2; Lowest Rs. 3/1/1 1/2; Closing Rs. 3/1/4 1/2

8sh. Br. B. Petrol	3-13-6
100 Bombay Telephone	100 8
100 Indian Bleaching	108 2
160 Indian Radio Dfd.	515 0
100 Ind. Radio Ord.	487 8
1000 Port Canning	605 0
15 Scindia	12 15
30 Premier Construction	76 8
25 Tata Oil	13 4
PREFERENCE	
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1365 0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	293 12
7 p.c. Bombay Trams	80 8
5 p.c. Central India	523 12
7 p.c. Katni 1st.	131 4
7 p.c. Katni 2nd	137 8
7 1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	14 8
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	138 12
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1402 8
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	176 4
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	151 8
5 1/2 p.c. Tata Mill	13 0
7 p.c. Vishnu	647 8

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BOMBAY: FRIDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1935

Crippling Of Bombay Labour?

Mysterious Organisations In Process Of Formation?

There are breakers ahead for Bombay Labour organisations!

Subtle forces are already working to undermine the present strength of the working class in the province and with the provision of a Labour constituency in the provincial legislatures, under the new constitution, interested parties are making vigorous efforts to divest the present organisations of their influence and transfer control over the movement into other hands.

Mysterious Organisation

The Delimitation Committee had enigmatically enough left alone, the details of defining the electorate for the Labour constituency. No representation for the Trade Union organisations is provided for in the new legislatures, separately.

While this has left Labour circles guessing, as to what would be the nature of the future Labour constituencies, it is stated, much will depend upon the result of secret efforts now being made to bring either an obscure organisation or an altogether new body into power and prominence.

And if all the plans go well, it may come as a bomb-shell that an Anglo-Indian or European will be returned to the provincial legislatures as the "chosen" representative of the working class movement in the province!

Canvassing in Workshops

Great activity is, it is stated now going on in a well-known workshop, where workers, who are already members of existing organisations, are being enrolled as members of an organisation hitherto unknown to them.

Foremen of the workshops, it is alleged, have already advised the workers "strongly" to join the new organisation.

Workers are wondering as to what is exactly this new organisation and who its sponsors.

They are intrigued to learn that along with them, highly paid officials, including Anglo-Indians and Europeans are members of the same organisation! No doubt it would be a Trade Union organisation, for, every employee no matter what his pay, is a worker, especially in a Railway company.

It is stated that one organisation, which has exclusive membership of European and Anglo-Indian employees, may be contemplating enrolling Indian workers also to strengthen its position, with an eye ultimately on the Labour seat in the new legislature.

Behind Closed Doors

For the present these efforts must continue behind closed doors, for obvious reasons, and information hardly comes out.

It is feared that the present wrangle over ethereal subtleties among the existing organisations and their leaders, will provide enough troubled waters in which others might easily fish with benefits.

ROMANCE IN JUDGE'S CHAMBER

Young Heiress Chooses Suitor From Army Of Prospective Husbands

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 24.

A young heiress to a fortune of one lakh of rupees is said to have interviewed a number of suitors in the Chamber of the District Judge of Aligarh. Among the candidates were several university graduates, but the girl's choice fell on a handsome undergraduate. The girl attained her majority only two months ago. She had received numerous offers of marriage and applied to the District Judge for permission to select her own husband.

The girl was living with her maternal grandmother and a vakil had been appointed her legal guardian.

The court room was packed with an army of prospective husbands. The candidates were subjected to close scrutiny by the girl, the grandmother and the Judge.

The Judge recommended a first class M. A. of the Agra University and another graduate from Allahabad University, but the girl very much preferred a handsome undergraduate son of an advocate.

The Judge did not object to her choice. The lucky undergraduate was profusely congratulated by all present in court.

"CHIPS OF SAME BLOCK"

Dy. Supdt. Of Police Finds No Difference Between Congressmen & Communists

NEW DELHI, Oct. 23.

"Congressmen, cocmmunists and socialists are the chips of the same block". Thus observed Khan Bahadur Mohd. Sadiq, Deputy Superintendent of Police, C. I. D., in course of his evidence when hearing in the case against Mr. Chiranjilal Paliwal, a local pleader, under Section 212 I. P. C. commenced in the court of Mr. A. Isar, Additional District Magistrate, yesterday for harbouring Shamsul Huda alias Peareylal, an alleged absconder.

The accused who is on bail was represented by a number of lawyers including Mr. Rang Beharilal, ex-M. L. A., and Mr. B. B. Tawkley. Seth Bhoop Chand, the prosecuting D. S. P., represented the Crown.

The prosecution alleged that accused gave shelter to Mr. Shamsul Huda alias Peareylal, an ex-accused in the Meerut Conspiracy Case, who was wanted by the Calcutta police in a case under Section 124 I. P. C. for a speech alleged to have been delivered by him at a meeting of the Calcutta Dock Workers. Mr. Shamsul Huda who has now been sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment was arrested at the office of the accused in April last.

A number of prosecution witnesses were examined yesterday. Khan Bahadur Mohd. Sadiq, D.S.P., C.I.D., cross-examined by the defence counsel stated that he thought Mr. Paliwal had connection with the communists and the socialists. He also stated that the accused himself was a Socialist, Communist and a Congressman. He further said that he did not attend any communist party meeting as nobody would invite him there he being a Government man. He also admitted that he knew nothing about the quarrel between the socialists and the communists in Calcutta.—United Press.

MOVE TO ASSUAGE HARIJANS

Form New Sect Like Arya Samaj, Advises Dr. Kurtkoti To Ambedkar

NASIK, Oct. 24.

Probably the first tangible move by the Hindu orthodoxy to assuage Harijans and induce them to remain within the Hindu-fold was made by Shankaracharya Karvimath (Dr. Kurtkoti).

His Holiness, in a long letter to Dr. Ambedkar, expressed his regret at the Yeola decision, and urges Harijans not to leave Hinduism, and suggests that the depressed classes should form a new sect like Arya Samaj and Brahmo Samaj with Dr. Ambedkar as founder. Dr. Kurtkoti assures that he will willingly accord the sanction of the Math, and recognise the sect as part of Hinduism without the slightest tinge of untouchability attached to it. He is also prepared, if this plan is favoured, to perform religious initiation ceremony as a mark of founding a new sect, and give his seal of approval and recognition of equal status with other sects.

Dr. Ambedkar's reply will be placed before a conference of Hindus which is going to be held here on Saturday under the Presidency of Shankaracharya.

The Hindu Mahasabha, Nasik branch, has passed a resolution regretting Harijans' decision, and urging upon them not to leave the Hindu fold, and promising to do their best to meet their demands. —A. P.

Congress To Unmask Delimitation Proposals

Enquiry Suggested In Relevant Matters

PT. PANT'S CIRCULAR TO PROVINCIAL COMMITTEES

(From Our Correspondent.)

PATNA, Oct. 24.

The general impression that the electoral areas have been so framed under the delimitation schemes of various Local Governments as to hamper Congress candidates and facilitate matters for their rival opposing groups seems to be seriously engaging the attention of the Congress Parliamentary Board. Pt. Govind Ballabh Pant, General Secretary of the Board, has circularized various Provincial Congress Committees to collect all available materials on delimitation proposals and submit to the Board a comprehensive statement thereon to enable it to shift and examine the materials collected.

It is emphasised that while consistently with the declared policy towards the New Constitution the Congress Committees cannot make representations before the Hammond Committee, it is nevertheless advisable to take stock of the situation with a view to arriving at an accurate estimate of the official scheme of delimitation. The Parliamentary Board suggest the appointing of a small committee to deal with to matter and urge that in every case one or two well-informed Congressmen in every Province would have to devote time and energy to this enquiry so that they may be fully seized of the matter.

SUGGESTED ENQUIRY.

The enquiry suggested relates among other things to whether the provincial delimitation committees were nominated by Government or elected by the Legislature, political antecedents or affinities of the members, whether the committees settled any basic principles or plans, whether they were on sound lines, whether Government had departed therefrom in any respect, what features of the scheme have been considered particularly objectionable and what alteration would ensure a fair and satisfactory adjustment in the opinion of the Provincial Committees.

COMMON QUESTIONS TO BE KEPT IN VIEW.

Questions relating to the method of representation of the Scheduled Castes, labour constituencies, women's constituencies, multi or single member constituencies, cumulative single non-transferable or transferable vote method of recording votes are among matters of common concern transcending local limitations which are suggested by the Board for being kept in view apart from local considerations in preparing the statement desired.

INDIAN PROGRESS IN S. AFRICA

Lady Maharajsing's Address To Jubbulpore Women

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 24.

Narrating her experiences in South Africa at a public meeting held last night under the auspices of the Jubbulpore Women's Association, Lady Maharajsingh, President of the North C. P. Branch of the All India Women's Conference, observed that though Indians first visited South Africa as labourers, they gradually improved their financial and social status and if they wanted to gain political rights with the co-operation of Europeans, they should further improve their standard of living, hygiene and education to make themselves acceptable to the European community in South Africa.

Proceeding Lady Maharajsingh complimented Rt. Hon. Srinivas Sastri for his noble work and observed that it was only due to Rt. Hon. Srinivas Sastri's personality that the doors in South Africa were opened to Indians.

Concluding she appealed to Indians to abolish the ancient and retarding social customs and superstitious beliefs.

Mr. M. K. Golwalker, Advocate, presided over the meeting Kunwarani Lady Maharajsingh leaves to-night for Lucknow.—United Press.

Cr. L. BILL FOR PUNJAB

LAHORE, Oct. 24.

In the Punjab Council, after three days' full dress debate, the Government Motion for consideration of the Punjab Criminal Law Amendment Bill was carried this afternoon, without a division being challenged.—United Press.

Behar Govt. Also Wants Special Powers

PATNA, Oct. 24.

The "Search Light" of Patna understands that the Bihar Government contemplate the renewal of the life of the Bihar Public Safety Act which is expiring in February next. With that end in view, the forthcoming winter session of the Legislative Council may commence earlier than usual to enable the Government to pilot legislation in extending the life of the Act.—United Press.

Ceylon-Europe Overseas 'Phone

NEW DELHI, October 24.

The overseas telephone service between Ceylon and Great Britain and Europe via India which will be open to the public to-morrow was inaugurated this afternoon by talks between Sir Graeme Tyrell, Governor of Ceylon, Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, Secretary of State for Colonies, and the British Postmaster-General and Ceylon's Minister of Communications.

Ceylon is connected by submarine cable to Rameswaram from where the call travels 1,200 miles by land-line to Kirkee, is then linked by radio to London and from there extended to other parts of the world.—A.P.

Delhi Congressmen To Honour Sarat Bose

NEW DELHI Oct. 24.

The Delhi District Congress Committee has resolved at a meeting held this evening to request Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, who is here on a private visit, to perform the monthly Flag Salutation Ceremony on Sunday next. Further Congressmen have been asked to arrange a party in honour of Mr. Bose or present a welcome address.

The Committee also decided to organise a Khadi Exhibition in connection with the Congress Jubilee celebrations.—United Press.

FUTURE OF SERVICEMEN

Secretariats Prepare For Wheeler Committee

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, October 24.

C. M. Trivedi, I.C.S., has arrived here to set in motion the work of the important committee on the Secretariat procedure, appointed under chairmanship of Sir Henry Wheeler.

The Committee will assemble formally in Delhi but three members will first meet in Bombay. Sir H. Wheeler and Mr. Rae will arrive in Bombay on November 10, and Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer will join them there. They stay in Bombay two or three days before coming up to Delhi.

Mr. Trivedi who worked in the Home Department first as Deputy Secretary and then as Joint Secretary and has wide experience of the existing Secretariat precedure is busy collecting data to enable the Committee to formulate the questionnaire and settle the plan of inquiry and tour in the provinces.

The fact that that the Committee's task is in many respects of an original character adds special importance to its labours, and more especially, as its recommendations would have very important bearing on the future prospects of service men in the Secretariat, and the character of the Ministerial establishment required to meet future needs. All departments of the Government of India are preparing the material for the Committee, as also the Provincial Secretariat.

Hunt For Illicit Distillers Continues

CALCUTTA, October 24.

In the course of further raids the excise staff discovered a house which had been occupied for the purpose of extension of illicit distilling business.

It is understood that officers of the department were in possession of important clue following which they searched the house which was in the process of being turned into another distillery similar to that discovered at Ballygunge on October 20.—A.P.

MR. JINNAH RETURNS TO INDIA

Leaders Must Hammer Out Common Policy, He Says

Mr. Mahomedali Jinnah, President of the Muslim League and the Leader of the Independent Party in the Legislative Assembly returned to India to-day by the s.s. "Strathnaver." Interviewed by the Associated Press, Mr. Jinnah said, "As I have been away from India nearly six months, it is not possible for me to express any definite opinion on the present situation without consulting the members of my party and the leaders of the various parties in the country.

"We all know that the Government of India Bill has now become an Act. The new constitution has been forced on us and it is the duty of the various leaders now to put their heads together and hammer out a definite and common policy regarding the new constitution, which will shortly be inaugurated in normal course at any rate in the Provinces."

Mr. Jinnah expects to get in touch with the leaders of the various parties in the country shortly.

ZEMINDAR MURDERED

LAHORE, Oct. 24.

Mr. Murad Bux, aged 60, a rich Muslim zemnidar was murdered last night while returning home on horse back from Sheikhupura.

It is stated the assailants who are alleged to be Sikhs lay in ambush and attacked him suddenly. Long-standing enmity due to litigation is supposed to be the cause of the murder.

Police rushed to the scene of occurrence and effected four arrests. Post mortem as being held in Sheikhupura.—United Press.

A New Delhi message says, the sale proceeds of the Silver Jubilee Postal Seals sold by the Post Offices in India in aid of His Excellency the Viceroy's Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund during the months of June and July 1935 amount to Rs. 6,371-4-4.

TEMPLE RIOTING CASE

Madras High Court Admits Appeals

MADRAS, October 24.

At the High Court to-day, Mr. Justice King directed the elease on bail of all the accused in the Veerasingampettai Rioting Case, except four sentenced to death.

It will be recalled that in March last year, there was serious rioting in Veerasingampettai, Tanjore, on the occasion of the annual festival in the temple in the village. Government issued an order banning certain self-torturing practices of the worshippers, and when the police attempted to enforce the order, rioting occurred in which three officials, a sub-Magistrate, a sub-Inspector and a Head-constable were killed. The police charge-sheeted 55 persons, of whom four were sentenced to death, 19 to transportation, 12 to 18 months' rigorous, and a fine was also imposed on some accused aggregating Rs. 16,000. Nineteen accused were acquitted.

The High Court admitted appeals against the judgment of 51 accused.—A.P.

FUTILE BID FOR ESCAPE AGAIN

Accused Removed To Jail And Heavily Chained

NAGPUR, Oct. 24.

Sensation was caused in the premises of the Nagpur Court this afternoon when Fakir Shah, a Pathan, who escaped from the Jubbulpore Jail while serving a sentence of ten years and was arrested at Nagpur after committing a burglary, attempted to escape from the police lock-up, while waiting to be carried to the jail. He was first noticed by some persons in the premises who raised a cry when Fakir Shah again jumped in the lock up.

It appears that while inside the lock-up he caught a rafter of the ceiling with fetters on and after removing tiles climbed up the roof when a cry was raised Fakir Shah was immediately removed to the jail, heavily chained. He was remanded till Nov. 6.

Fakir Shah carried the holy Koran on his chest.—United Press.

NO LEAGUE MANDATE FOR CROWN COLONIES

Colonial Secretary Refutes Loose Talk

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, Colonial Secretary, speaking at a luncheon of the West Africa Dinner Club at Savoy Hotel, sounded a severe warning about the loose talk that was going on about handing the Crown Colonies to the League of Nations for administration purposes. Mr. MacDonald said that such talk assumed that the peoples of the Colonies could be treated as mere chattels, to be disposed of irrespective of their own wishes.

If they were consulted declared Mr. MacDonald, the vast majority of them would wish to remain subjects of a Crown Colony. This was not meant to be any criticism of the Mandate system but it was due to our having practised the principles laid down by the League of Nations.

The luncheon was in honour of Sir Bernard Bourdillion, Governor of Nigeria.—United Press.

RE-ORGANISE RURAL INDUSTRIES

Sardar Patel's Advice To Prantij Taluka Town

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 24.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel spent a busy day yesterday at the Prantij taluka town in Ahmedabad district. He opened a Hindu hostel for students, visited the Harijan colony of the town and received address from the Municipality and the Taluka Local Boards.

Replying to the address of the Municipality, Sardar Patel advised the members not to expect a pie from the Government for the betterment of the town but stand on their own legs. He asked the people of the town to co-operate with the city Fathers in whatever they do for the good of the town.

Concluding Sardar Patel asked them to open a branch of the Congress Committee to enrol Congress members, to re-organise village industries and do away with untouchability. Co-operation and service ought to be the motto of every Municipal Body, said Sardar Patel.—United Press.

Sir H. Strakosch's India Council Term Extended

NEW DELHI, October 24.

A Government of India communique states:—

The Secretary of State for India in exercise of the powers conferred on him by the Government of India Act has reappointed Sir Henry Strakosch, member of the India Council on completion of his five years of tenure of this office on 22nd October, 1935.—A.P.

Revenue Remissions In Assam

SHILLONG, Oct. 24.

A press communique states that the Assam Government have given a partial remission of land revenue (tea lands excepted) for 1935-36 amounting to about Rs. 15,00,000.—United Press.

MURDERED FOR SAKE OF JEWELLERY

Brahmin Widow Suffers Terrible Fate In Cocanada

COCANADA, Oct. 21.

The police made a gruesome discovery this morning when they broke upon the door of a woman's house in Ramarowpeta, says "The Hindu." The only inmate of the house, an aged Brahmin widow, was found dead in a pool of blood. The jewels she had been wearing, stated to be worth Rs. 3,000, were missing.

The police discovered a big hole beneath a window in the backyard of the house.

The house is a big one and the widow, Uppuluri Papamma, was living in it alone.

For the last four or five days, the town has been having heavy rains followed by strong winds. Taking advantage of the stormy weather and the loneliness of the woman, it is stated that some persons entered Papamma's house on Friday night, making a big hole beneath a window at the back of the house. The woman was murdered and her jewels removed.

On Saturday and Sunday she was not seen by anybody. The doors of her house remained closed, but the neighbours had no suspicion of anything untoward.

Rumours of her murder spread this morning, and some persons went to the house to find out what had happened to the woman. The front door was found locked inside. When they went to the backyard, they saw a big hole dug out beneath a window and noticed a foul smell issuing from the back room. The police Circle Inspector and Sub-Inspector soon arrived with a number of constables at about 9-30 a.m. and had the front door opened. The woman's body was found lying in a pool of blood in the back room. There were some injuries on her head. Not a single jewel was found on her body. It is surmised that the murder must have taken place on Friday night.

The woman was about 54 years of age. Her son, Mr. Viswanadham, is in charge of the rural dispensary at Kota Nandur near Tuni.

Police investigation is proceeding.

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